

#### University of Pennsylvania **ScholarlyCommons**

TTCSP Global Go To Think Tank Index Reports

Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP)

1-31-2018

#### 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index Report

James G. McGann University of Pennsylvania, jmcgann@sas.upenn.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://repository.upenn.edu/think\_tanks



Part of the International and Area Studies Commons

McGann, James G., "2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index Report" (2018). TTCSP Global Go To Think Tank Index Reports. 13. https://repository.upenn.edu/think tanks/13

2018 Copyright: All rights reserved. No part of this report may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by information storage or retrieval system, without written permission from the University of Pennsylvania, Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program.

All requests, questions and comments should be sent to:

James G. McGann, Ph.D.

Senior Lecturer, International Studies

Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program The Lauder Institute University of Pennsylvania Telephone: (215) 746-2928

Email: jmcgann@wharton.upenn.edu

#### 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index Report

#### **Abstract**

#### **Background on the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program**

The Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) of the Lauder Institute at the University of Pennsylvania conducts research on the role policy institutes play in governments and civil societies around the world. Often referred to as the "think tanks' think tank," TTCSP examines the evolving role and character of public policy research organizations. Over the last 26 years, the TTCSP has developed and led a series of global initiatives that have helped bridge the gap between knowledge and policy in critical policy areas such as international peace and security, globalization and governance, international economics, environmental issues, information and society, poverty alleviation, and healthcare and global health. These international collaborative efforts are designed to establish regional and international networks of policy institutes and communities that improve policy making while strengthening democratic institutions and civil societies around the world.

The TTCSP works with leading scholars and practitioners from think tanks and universities in a variety of collaborative efforts and programs, and produces the annual Global Go To Think Tank Index that ranks the world's leading think tanks in a variety of categories. This is achieved with the help of a panel of over 1,900 peer institutions and experts from the print and electronic media, academia, public and private donor institutions, and governments around the world. We have strong relationships with leading think tanks around the world, and our annual Think Tank Index is used by academics, journalists, donors and the public to locate and connect with the leading centers of public policy research around the world. Our goal is to increase the profile and performance of think tanks and raise the public awareness of the important role think tanks play in governments and civil societies around the globe.

Since its inception in 1989, the TTCSP has focused on collecting data and conducting research on think tank trends and the role think tanks play as civil society actors in the policymaking process. In 2007, the TTCSP developed and launched the global index of think tanks, which is designed to identify and recognize centers of excellence in all the major areas of public policy research and in every region of the world. To date TTCSP has provided technical assistance and capacity building programs in 81 countries. We are now working to create regional and global networks of think tanks in an effort to facilitate collaboration and the production of a modest yet achievable set of global public goods. Our goal is to create lasting institutional and state-level partnerships by engaging and mobilizing think tanks that have demonstrated their ability to produce high quality policy research and shape popular and elite opinion and actions for public good.

#### Disciplines

International and Area Studies | Social and Behavioral Sciences

#### **Comments**

2018 Copyright: All rights reserved. No part of this report may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by information storage or retrieval system, without written permission from the University of Pennsylvania, Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program.

All requests, questions and comments should be sent to:

James G. McGann, Ph.D.
Senior Lecturer, International Studies
Director
Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program
The Lauder Institute University of Pennsylvania
Telephone: (215) 746-2928

Email: jmcgann@wharton.upenn.edu

### COPY OF RECORD WILL BE P0POSTED MARCH 1ST, 2018

This copy reflects corrections and edits as of 1.31.2018

### Think Tanks & Civil Societies Program The Lauder Institute

The University of Pennsylvania



# 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index Report



## Think Tanks & Civil Societies Program

# The Lauder Institute The University of Pennsylvania

"Helping to bridge the gap between knowledge and policy"

Researching the trends and challenges facing think tanks, policy makers, and policy-oriented civil society groups...

Sustaining, strengthening, and building capacity for think tanks around the world...

Maintaining the largest, most comprehensive database of over 6,500 think tanks...

All requests, questions, and comments should be directed to:

James G. McGann, Ph.D.

Senior Lecturer, International Studies
Director
Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program

The Lauder Institute University of Pennsylvania
Telephone: (215) 746-2928

Email: jmcgann@wharton.upenn.edu

2018 Copyright: All rights reserved. No part of this report may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by information storage or retrieval system, without written permission from the University of Pennsylvania, Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program.

#### **Acknowledgements**

The 2017 edition of the Global Go To Think Tank Index Report marks the 11th edition of the report and I want to thank all the interns, peers and experts who have helped make the report a valuable resource for policy makers, policy-oriented civil society organizations and the public. The Go To Index is now used to identify and recognize centers of excellence in policy research, forge knowledge and policy partnerships and create a global think tank village.

I want to express my deep appreciation to the 3750 plus university faculty and administrators, journalists, policy makers, think tank scholars and executives, and donors from every region of the world that participated in the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index (GGTTI). I would like to thank the over 900 functional area and regional specialists who served as expert panelists and provided valuable insights and assistance as I compiled the report.

Thank you also to my research interns for their help in compiling and analyzing the data for the 2017 Index. They, in conjunction with the regional research intern team, put in long hours to help improve the quality and appearance of the Index. A special thanks to the director and staff of the Lauder Institute for their help and support.

I would also like to express my appreciation to the Wilson Center and the Atlantic Council in Washington, DC and the Asia Society Policy Institute in New York for hosting panel discussions on "Why Think Tanks Matter in Era of Digital and Political Disruptions" on January 30, 2018 in conjunction with the launch of the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index. Finally, I want to thank the more than 170 host and partner institutions around the world that have agreed to host think tank events in approximately 75 countries and 100 cities.

Once again thank you for helping the TTCSP highlight the important role think tanks play in civil societies and governments around the world.

James G. McGann
Senior Lecturer, International Studies
Director Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program
Lauder Institute
University of Pennsylvania



#### **Table of Contents**

Introduction	6
2017 Trends and Transitions in Think Tanks and Policy Advice	13
Modifications and Enhancements to 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index	26
Methodology and Timeline	29
2017 Think Tank Statistics	36
2017 Ranking Categories	45
2017 Global Go To Ranking Results	56
Top Think Tanks by Region	67
Top Think Tanks by Area of Research	96
Top Think Tanks by Special Achievement	131
Appendices	190
Background on the Think Tank and Civil Societies Program	197
The Research Team	199



#### "Helping to bridge the gap between knowledge and policy"

The mission of the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) is to increase the profile, capacity and performance of think tanks at the national, regional and global levels so they can better serve policy makers and the public.

The TTCSP conducts research on the relationship between think tanks, politics and public policy, produces the annual Global Go To Think Tank Index, develops capacity-building resources and programs, manages and supports a global network of close to 7000 think tanks and trains future think tank scholars and executives. The TTCSP often is referred to as the "think tanks' think tank".

#### Introduction

The 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index (GGTTI) marks the eleventh year of continued efforts by the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) at the University of Pennsylvania to acknowledge the important contributions and emerging global trends of think tanks worldwide. Our initial effort to generate a ranking of the world's leading think tanks in 2006 was a response to a series of requests from donors, government officials, journalists, and scholars to produce regional and international rankings of the world's preeminent think tanks. Since its inception, our ongoing objective for the GGTTI report is to gain understanding of the role think tanks play in governments and civil societies. Using this knowledge, we hope to assist in improving the capacity and performance of think tanks around the world.

Since 2006, the ranking process has been refined and streamlined, and the number and scope of the institutions and individuals involved has steadily grown. The process, as in past years, relies on a shared definition of public policy research, analysis, and engagement organizations, a detailed set of selection criteria, and an increasingly open and transparent nominations and selection process. As part of the nominations process, all 7,815 think tanks catalogued in the TTCSP's Global Think Tank Database were contacted and encouraged to participate in the nomination and ranking process. In addition to over 62,000 journalists, policy makers, public and private donors, and functional and regional area specialists on the TTCSP listserv were invited to participate and over 4000 fully or partially completed the nomination and ranking surveys. Finally, a group of peers and experts was asked to help rank and review the list of public policy research centers of distinction for 2017.

To refine and validate the generated ranking lists, TTCSP assembled Expert Panels comprised of hundreds of members from a wide variety of backgrounds and disciplines. Additionally, new media – the website and social media presence – helped us communicate and disseminate information about criteria for this year's Index to a wider audience (please see "Methodology and Timeline" for the complete set of nomination and ranking criteria, and "Appendices" for a detailed explication of the ranking process). Given the rigor and scope of the nomination and selection processes, the rankings produced thus far have been described as the insider's guide to the global marketplace of ideas.

As a final note, we would like to remind you that the data collection, research, and analysis for this project, as in previous years, were conducted without the benefit of field research, a budget, or staff.

Despite these limitations we are confident of the quality and integrity of the findings given the number of peers and experts from around the world who have taken the time to participate in the process. We are confident that the peer nomination and selection process, as well as the work of the international Expert Panels, have enabled us to create the most authoritative list of high performance think tanks in the world. Still, efforts to streamline and perfect the process are ongoing. We are continually seeking ways to enhance the process and welcome your comments and suggestions. We further encourage you to provide the names and contact information for prospective expert panelists for functional and regional areas covered by the Index.

Thank you for your continued support of the TTCSP and of the annual Global Go To Think Tank Index. We hope our efforts to highlight the important contributions and emerging global trends of think tanks worldwide will foster insightful discussions and debates on the present and future roles of these vital institutions.

#### What is a Think Tank?

Think tanks are public-policy research analysis and engagement organizations that generate policy-oriented research, analysis, and advice on domestic and international issues, thereby enabling policy makers and the public to make informed decisions about public policy. Think tanks may be affiliated or independent institutions that are structured as permanent bodies, not ad hoc commissions. These institutions often act as a bridge between the academic and policymaking communities and between states and civil society, serving in the public interest as independent voices that translate applied and basic research into a language that is understandable, reliable, and accessible for policy makers and the public (Think Tanks and Policy Advice in the US, Routledge 2007 and in The Fifth Estate: Think Tanks, Public Policy, and Governance, Brookings Institution Press 2016)

In an effort to bridge these conceptual problems and create a typology that takes into consideration the comparative differences in political systems and civil societies, we have developed a number of categories for think tanks. Think tanks may perform many roles in their host societies – there is, in fact, wide variation among think tanks in the work they do and the extent to which they do it. Over the last 87 years, several distinct organizational forms of think tanks have emerged that differentiate themselves in terms of their operating styles, patterns of recruitment, and aspirations to academic standards of objectivity and completeness in research. It should be noted that alternate typologies of think tanks have been offered by other analysts. In the global context, most think tanks tend to fall into the broad categories outlined below.

Figure 1: Categories of Think Tank Affiliations

**CATEGORY** 

#### **DEFINITION**

AUTONOMOUS AND INDEPENDENT	Significant independence from any one interest group or donor and autonomous in its operation and funding from government.
QUASI INDEPENDENT	Autonomous from government but controlled by an interest group, donor, or contracting agency that provides a majority of the funding and has significant influence over operations of the think tank.
GOVERNMENT AFFILIATED	A part of the formal structure of government.
QUASI GOVERNMENTAL	Funded exclusively by government grants and contracts but not a part of the formal structure of government.
UNIVERSITY AFFILIATED <sup>1</sup>	A policy research center at a university.
POLITICAL PARTY AFFILIATED	Formally affiliated with a political party.
CORPORATE (FOR PROFIT)	A for-profit public policy research organization, affiliated with a corporation or merely operating on a for-profit basis

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Another typology distinguishes between three types of think tanks: "universities without students," contract researchers and advocacy tanks. Weaver (1989).

#### **North America and Europe**

- ◆ There are 1931 think tanks in North America (Mexico, Canada and US) of which 1835 are in the United States. There are 1770 think tanks in Europe.
- Close to 55 percent of all think tanks are in North America and Europe.
- 90.5 percent of think tanks were created since 1951.
- The number of think tanks in the US has more than doubled since 1980
- ♦ 31 percent of think tanks were created between 1981 to 1990
- The End of Post WWII consensus & Challenge to the Welfare State contributed to the growth of think tanks on the left and the right of the political spectrum
- Most of the think tanks that have come into existence in the United States since the 1970s are specialized for a particular regional or functional area
- About one quarter of U.S. think tanks (approximately 400 institutions) are located in Washington, DC
- More than half the think tanks are university affiliated
- The rate of establishment of think tanks has declined over the last 12 years in the United States and Europe.

#### Asia, Latin America, Africa, and the Middle East

- Asia, Latin America, Africa, the Middle East, and North Africa continue to see an expansion in the number and type of think tanks established
- Asia has experienced a dramatic growth in think tanks since the mid-2000's
- Many think tanks in these regions continue to be dependent on government funding along with gifts, grants, and contracts from international public and private donors
- University, government affiliated, or funded think tanks remain the dominate model for think tanks in these regions
- There is increasing diversity among think tanks in these regions with independent, political party affiliated, and corporate/business sector think tanks that are being created with greater frequency
- In an effort to diversify their funding base, think tanks have targeted businesses and wealthy individuals to support their core operations and programs.

#### Reasons for the Growth of Think Tanks in the Twentieth and Twenty-First Centuries

- Information and technological revolution
- ♦ End of national governments' monopoly on information
- Increasing complexity and technical nature of policy problems
- Increasing size of government
- Crisis of confidence in governments and elected officials
- Globalization and the growth of state and non-state actors
- Need for timely and concise information and analysis that is "in the right form, in the right hands, at the right time"<sup>2</sup>

#### Reasons for the Recent Decline in Number of Think Tanks Established Worldwide

- Political and regulatory environment growing hostile to think tanks and NGOs in many countries
- Decreasing funding for policy research by public and private donors
- Public and private donors tendency toward short-term, project-specific funding instead of investing in ideas and institutions
- Underdeveloped institutional capacity and the inability to adapt to change
- Increased competition from advocacy organizations, for-profit consulting firms, law firms, and 24/7 electronic media
- Institutions having served their purpose and discontinued their operations.

When I helped organize the first international meeting of think tanks, one of the major debates at the meeting was the contention that the term "think tank" doesn't travel well across borders and cultures. That is clearly no longer the case, as the term is now widely accepted around the globe to describe "public-policy research analysis and engagement organizations that generate policy- oriented research, analysis, and advice on domestic and international issues, which enable policy makers and the public to make informed decisions about public policy issues."<sup>3</sup>

And increasingly, think tanks are a global phenomenon because they play a critical role for governments and civil societies around the world by acting as bridges between knowledge (academia) and power (politicians and policy makers).

Governments and individual policy makers, throughout the developed and developing world, face the common problem of bringing expert knowledge to bear in government decision-making. policy makers need understandable, reliable, accessible, and useful

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> McGann, James G., ed. Think tanks and policy advice in the US: Academics, advisors and advocates. Routledge, 2007.

information about the societies they govern. They also need to know how current policies are working, as well as to set out possible alternatives and their likely costs and consequences. This expanding need has fostered the growth of independent public policy research organization: the think tank community, as we know it.

Think tanks have increased in number, but also the scope and impact of their work have expanded dramatically as well. Still, the potential of think tanks to support and sustain democratic governments and civil societies around the world is far from exhausted. The challenge for the new millennium is to harness the vast reservoir of knowledge, information, and associational energy that exist in public policy research organizations so that it supports selfsustaining economic, social, and political progress in every region of the world for public good.

Part of the goal of this report is to raise some of the critical threats and opportunities that face the think tank community globally. These threats are best expressed by what I call the "four mores"<sup>3</sup>:

- More Issues
- More Actors
- More Competition
- More Conflict

These threats create a set of challenges that confront all think tanks:

- Competitive challenges
- Resource challenges
- ♦ Technological challenges
- Policy Challenges

To effectively respond to the threats and opportunities posed by this new and challenging environment, think tanks need to focus on the "four M's":

- Mission
- Market
- ♦ Manpower
- Money

Finally, in a global marketplace of ideas, think tanks need to develop national, regional, and global partnerships while creating new and innovative platforms to deliver their products and services to an ever-expanding audience of citizens, policy makers, and businesses around the world.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> McGann, 2007

### 2017 Trends and Transitions in Think Tanks and Policy Advice

# Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program Lauder Institute University of Pennsylvania

James G. McGann

The Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program is dedicated to understanding the key trends and challenges facing think thanks around the world. All of our research, publications and regional and global think tank summits are focused on the organizational challenges confronting the think tank community and the policy challenges facing think tanks, policymakers and the public. It is our estimate that the continent that will be most affected by severe food and water shortages will also be the region that is currently in the midst of a think tank crisis - Africa. In light of such research, for our 2017 Global Go To Index Report, we have decided to highlight two issues which we have evaluated to be most notably pressing: the looming, global food and water crisis and the Africa think tank sustainability crisis.

#### Why Think Tanks Matter: First Responders to the Growing Food and Water Crisis

The Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program is sounding the bell that nations should begin to prepare for the daunting challenges that they will face because of food and water insecurity this century. Climate change, urbanization, overpopulation, poor planning and misuse of land and water are creating a new and troubling reality that is having a direct impact on food and water supplies around the world. We believe these changes are likely to lead to severe food and water shortages and conflict unless countries begin to both understand these two issues and fashion a national, regional and global response. Within ten years, it is estimated that 1.8 billion people will suffer from water scarcity.4 And as Dr. Gulrez Shah Azhar at the Rand Graduate School estimates, by the middle of this century, there will likely be 150 to 300 million climate change refugees, many who left their homelands in search of water and food sustainability. Just as Europe was unready for the millions of migrants that poured across the Mediterranean Sea in recent years, other nations, from other continents, will be pushed to their limits to deal with the influx of migrants over the next fifty years. It will be even more drastic, accompanied by political and social strife, and leaving more displaced than those affected by World War II (sixty million people).<sup>5</sup> It is because of these realities, as well as the studies conducted by scientists, sociologists, and think tanks, that we have concluded that these migratory patterns are simply a precursor to larger, global shocks that we will see world-wide because of food and water insecurity in the 21st century.<sup>6</sup>

Due to the crucial challenges that humanity faces and the interconnectedness between all nations, especially between food and water, think tanks must play a vital role in solving this dilemma, particularly in helping governments manage a finite amount of food and water, as well as helping them maintain their natural resources. Think tanks are already paving the way as they address global food and water security concerns, but it is crucial that more is done as more resources must be allocated to food and water security. The best way to head off this catastrophic, humanitarian crisis is to develop an international effort to stabilize food and water security in atrisk regions of the world.<sup>6</sup>

One way think tanks hope to address this issue is by asking farmers to champion sustainability over profits. For example, the World Water Council and the Food and

<sup>-</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The United Nations, World Water Development Report 4. World Water Assessment Programme (WWAP), March 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Gulrez Shah Azhar, "Climate change will displace millions in coming decades. Nations should prepare now to help them," The Conversation, December 18, 2017, https://theconversation.com/climate-change-will-displace-millionsin-coming-decades-nations-should-prepare-now-to-help-them-89274 <sup>6</sup> Amanda Saint, "2 Billion Refugees Within 83 Years," Eniday.com, https://www.eniday.com/en/human\_en/climate-change-refugees/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Aryn Baker, "How Climate Change is Behind the Surge of Migrants to Europe." Time, September 7, 2015, http://time.com/4024210/climate-change-migrants/

Agricultural Organization, two international think tanks, are asking for government policies and investment that will prioritize the sustainability of farmers growing crops over profits. Furthermore, they are asking that government policies are enacted to protect water resources because the more people that live on this earth, the more likely it is that we will experience water pollution. Maria Helena Semedo, FAO Deputy Director – General Resources, has acknowledged the importance of water management by stating, "Water, as an irreplaceable element of achieving this end, is already under pressure from increasing demands from other uses, exacerbated by weak governance, inadequate capacities, and under- investment." Because of over-consumption and climate change, numerous regions in the world and millions of people will still suffer from a lack of food and water security.<sup>7</sup>

In light of this, for the last 14 months, the TTCSP has been studying these issues and identifying the leading think tanks in every region of the world that are working on Food Security and Water Security. A summary of our work to-date is provided below along with a list of the leading think tanks that we have identified to date. We welcome your comments and suggestions. The think tanks listed here will be included in the 2018 Global Think Tank ranking process.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Magdalena Mis, "Over-consumption, climate change threaten food security, water supply: FAO," Time, April 14, 2015, https://www.reuters.com/article/us-global-food-water/over-consumption-climate-changethreaten-food-security-water-supply-fao-idUSKBN0N522Y20150414

#### Africa's Think Tank Sustainability Crisis: A Call To Action

At the first Africa Think Tank Summit in 2014 in South Africa, Dr. Frannie Leautier, the then Executive Secretary of ACBF, reported that 30 percent of Africa's think tanks may close or be in serious crisis. Dr. James McGann has suggested, based on his research and evaluation of Africa's think tanks, that an additional 25-30 percent are fragile or failing. As such, with ongoing major shifts in private and public-sector support, as well as with major organizational challenges, an urgent effort is needed to raise awareness of the think tank sustainability crisis in Africa. Africa's think tanks face small staffs and budgets due to insufficient and irregular funding, high staff turnover due to low salaries, and financial instability. Taken together, they create widespread institutional fragility and an acute sustainability crisis in the region. An effort is required to assist think tanks in the region with resources and capacity building that will enable them to meet these critical challenges. Understanding the gravity of the situation, The Brookings Institution, The Wilson Center, Fundação Getulio Vargas, Getúlio Vargas Foundation- FGV (Brazil), the Carnegie Corporation of New York, and the Think Tank and Civil Societies Program, University of Pennsylvania convened a group of the leading think tanks in Africa, along with public and private donors and policymakers, to identity strategies and programs to address the think tank sustainability crisis in Africa. The Fit for Purpose: Enhancing the Capacity, Quality and Sustainability of Africa's Think Tanks Forum took place in Washington, DC on November 3 and 4, 2017. The Forum explored how to strengthen the capacity and sustainability of think tanks so that they can continue to support Africa's development.

The conference produced numerous concrete goals, the foremost of which being the recommendation for the creation of a strategic plan by each African think tank. The strategic plan, as discussed, would address long-term goals and the means for achievement by each African think tank, as well as how each think tank positions itself to fulfil its self-positioned role. It was heavily stressed that these strategic plans take much care, focus, and time. Details, namely updating websites to include current information, such as a contact page with more than a general "info" email address, as well as larger, overarching actions, such as working to bring in a pipeline of the next generation of think tank researchers, are both crucial. In addition, the forum recommended that think tanks focus heavily on evidence and data, with the suggestion of translating work into both French and English to help increase collaboration, readership and influence. There was also lengthy discussion on looking for partnerships (both with donors and other think tanks) that are mutually beneficial, in that they advance both party's goals. Complete recommendations for long-term and short-term planning in relation to overarching goals can be found in the Forum Report.

African think tanks have a large potential to be much-needed local expertise, providing both quality and a deep Africa perspective. By focusing on the exemplary examples of

African think tanks that are succeeding, African think tanks can come together to collaborate, to create a unified African voice, to show donors how crucial they are to the success of their respective countries (as well as the success of their donors), and to increase the quality and demand for the fragile African think tank ecosystem.

Both the think tank and world ecosystems are at currently at risk. As a think tank community, we must work to ensure that these think tanks have the tools to thrive, prosper, and grow. Food and water security will be a worldwide problem; the closure of African think tanks will have global policy ramifications. In this vein, we are unveiling our first comprehensive list of the leading Food and Water Think Tanks in the world, which can be found below. Our mission, and our goal, is urgent. We welcome your feedback on these issues, as well as, the preliminary list of think tanks we have identified that are working on Food Security and Water Security.

#### List of food security think tanks

List of food security tillink talks	
Institution Name - English	Country
Australian Center for Plant Functional Genomics Pvt. Ltd (ACPFG)	Australia
Australian Plant Phenomics Facility	Australia
Queensland Alliance for Agriculture and Food Innovation	Australia
The University of Western Australia Institute of Agriculture	Australia
Bangladesh Rice Research Institute	Bangladesh
Center for Policy Dialogue	Bangladesh
The European Food Information Council (EUFIC)	Belgium
African Centre for Banana and Plantain Research	Cameroon
Arrell Food Institute	Canada
Global Institute for Food Security	Canada
McGill Institute for Global Food Security	Canada
Saskatoon Research and Development Centre	Canada
Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences (CAAS)	China
Institute of Agricultural Resources and Regional Planning of CAAS	China
International Center for Tropical Agriculture	Colombia
Centro Agronomico Tropical de Investigacion y Ensenanza (CATIE)	Costa Rica
Africa Rice	Cote d'Ivoire
INPROFOOD	Denmark
Desert Development Center	Egypt
Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council (BBSRC)	England
Center for Agriculture and Bioscience International (CABI)	England
Global Open Data for Agriculture and Nutrition (GODAN)	England
John Innes Centre	England
Quadram Institute	England
Rothamsted Research	England
Sustainable Food Trust	England
The Waste and Resources Action Program (WRAP)	England
Ethiopian Economic Association	Ethiopia
Institute of Biodiversity Conservation	Ethiopia
Pastoralist Forum Ethiopia	Ethiopia
Agricultural Research for Development	France
Agropolis International	France
The agronomic, veterinarian and forestry institute of France	France
Wheat Initiative	France
Crop Trust	Germany
Food Research Institute	Ghana
Center for Budget and Governance Accountability	India
Central Food Technological Research Institute, CSIR	India
International Crops Research Institute for Semi-Arid Tropics	India
National Academy of Agricultural Sciences	India

Center for International Forestry Research	Indonesia
Agricultural Biotechnology Research Institute of Iran	Iran
Agricultural Research, Education and Extension Organization (AREEO)	Iran
National Nutrition & Food Technology Research Institute	Iran
The Institute for Global Food Security	Ireland
Faculty of Biotechnology and Food Engineering	Israel
The Center for Agricultural Economic Research (CAECR)	Israel
Bioversity International	Italy
Food and Agriculture Administration of the United Nations	Italy
Global Alliance for Climate-Smart Agriculture	Italy
International Fund for Agricultural Development	Italy
World Food Programme	Italy
African Insect Science for Food and Health	Kenya
Enhancing Agriculture, Agroforestry and Natural Resources Education in	
Africa (ANAFE)	Kenya
International Centre for Research and Agroforestry	Kenya
International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI)	Kenya
International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA)	Lebanon
Centre for International Cooperation in Agronomic Research for Development	Madagascar
Crops for the Future	Malaysia
Sahel Institute	Mali
National Research Center for Agrobusiness	Mauritania
Food Security and Nutrition Observatory	Mexico
International Maize and Wheat Improvement Center (CIMMYT)	Mexico
International Livestock Research Institute, Southern Africa	Mozambique
Nepal Agricultural Research Council	Nepal
Ecology and Biodiversity, Utrecht University	Netherlands
Technical Centre for Agricultural and Rural Cooperation (CTA)	Netherlands
Top Institute Food and Nutrition (TIFN)	Netherlands
International Institute of Tropical Agriculture	Nigeria
International Livestock Research Institute	Nigeria
Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team	Nigeria
Sustainable Development Policy Institute	Pakistan
Health, Development, Information and Policy Institute	Palestine
Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute	Panama
Institute of Food and Nutritional Safety	Perú
International Potato Center	Perú
International Rice Research Institute	Philippines
World Fish	Philippines
Desert Agriculture Initiative	Saudi Arabia
The Roslin Institute, The University of Edinburgh	Scotland
Agricultural and Rural Foresight Initiative	Senegal
Consortium for economic and social research	Senegal

West and Central African Council for Agricultural Research	
(CORAF/WECARD)	Senegal
Centre of Excellence in Food Security	South Africa
Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network	South Africa
Institute for Food, Nutrition and Well-being	South Africa
Action Against Hunger	Spain
Institute of Agrochemistry and Food Technology	Spain
Institute of Policy Studies Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka
International Water Management Institute	Sri Lanka
Agricultural Research Corporation	Sudan
Agroscope	Switzerland
World Economic Forum	Switzerland
World Vegetable Center	Taiwan
Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation	USA
Center for Food Safety	USA
Center for Food Security and the Environment	USA
Consultative Group on International Agriculture Research (CGIAR) - Research	
Program on Agriculture for Nutrition and Health (A4NH)	USA
Cornell International Institute for Food, Agriculture, and Development	USA
Crop Science Society of America	USA
EcoAgriculture Partners	USA
Food First	USA
Food Industry Center	USA
Food Institute	USA
Food Research Institute	USA
Food Tank	USA
Institute for Food Safety and Health	USA
Institute of Human Nutrition	USA
International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI)	USA
International Society for Plant Pathology	USA
International Wheat Yield Partnership (IWYP)	USA
Johns Hopkins Global Food Ethics and Policy Program	USA
National Institute of Food and Agriculture	USA
Noble Research Institute	USA
Nutrient Stewardship	USA
Realizing Increased Photosynthetic Efficiency (RIPE)	USA
Research Triangle Institute International (RTI International)	USA
SCS Global Services	USA
Sustainable Food Lab	USA
Tetra Tech	USA
The Agricultural Model Intercomparison and Improvement Project (AgMIP)	USA
The Plant Genome Mapping Laboratory	USA
World Resources Institute	USA

Caribbean Agricultural Research and Development Institute Trokya Agricultural Research Institute Directorate Agency for Integrated Rural Development Association for Strengthening Agricultural Research in Eastern and Central Africa (ASARECA) Regional Universities Forum for Capacity Building in Agriculture (RUFORUM) Uganda Regional Universities Forum for Capacity Building in Agriculture (RUFORUM) Uganda United Arab International Center for Biosaline Agriculture Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Water Center Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Canada Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Canada Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Institute of Water (Water Aid) Coverseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England Ashoka Trust for Research in Ecology and the Environment (ATREE)	Research Laboratory on Resolving Poverty and Durable Security Togolese Institute of Agricultural Research	Togo Togo Trinidad &
Agency for Integrated Rural Development Association for Strengthening Agricultural Research in Eastern and Central Africa (ASARECA) Regional Universities Forum for Capacity Building in Agriculture (RUFORUM) Uganda United Arab Emirates International Center for Biosaline Agriculture Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Wales Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) China Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England Water Research Centre	Caribbean Agricultural Research and Development Institute	Tobago
Association for Strengthening Agricultural Research in Eastern and Central Africa (ASARECA) Regional Universities Forum for Capacity Building in Agriculture (RUFORUM) Uganda United Arab Emirates Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Wales Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Research Institute, University of British Columbia Water Genter Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) China Institute of Water Reseuric Neurolical Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England Water Research Centre	Trakya Agricultural Research Institute Directorate	Turkey
Africa (ASARECA) Regional Universities Forum for Capacity Building in Agriculture (RUFORUM) Uganda United Arab Enriates Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Wales Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Country Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Comperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Water Research Centre, University of Spiritish Columbia Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China China China China China China China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Institute of Water Science Institute England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England Overseas Development Institute (ODI)	Agency for Integrated Rural Development	Uganda
International Center for Biosaline Agriculture Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Coperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Australia Sustainable Water Water Center Bolivia Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) China Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England Overseas Development Institute (ODI)	Africa (ASARECA)	Uganda
International Center for Biosaline Agriculture Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Country Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia International Water Institute, University of New South Wales Mater Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Center Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) China Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cranfield Water Science Institute England Institute of Water Resources Bristol's Water Initiative England Institute of Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England Water Research Centre		Haranda
International Center for Biosaline Agriculture Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Country Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales Mater Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) China Research Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Institute of Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI)	(RUFURUM)	•
Institute of Biological, Environmental and Rural Sciences (IBERS), Aberystwyth University Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks List of water security think tanks List of water security think tanks Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristitute England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water Aland Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre	International Center for Biosaline Agriculture	_
Aberystwyth University Indaba Agricultural Policy Research Institute Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Centre for Water Policy and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia International Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) China Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre	· ·	Emilatos
Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies List of water security think tanks  List of water security think tanks  Institution name  Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University  Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University  Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University  Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO)  Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC)  Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane  Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water  Water Center  World Water Council  Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia  Water Institute, University of Waterloo  Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University  China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute of Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University  China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative  England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Institute of Water (Water Aid)  Overseas Development Institute (ODI)  Water Research Centre England Water Research Centre		Wales
List of water security think tanks Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Australia Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Bolivia World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England Water Research Centre		Zambia
Institution name Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Australia Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Australia Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales Australia International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Bolivia Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) China Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre	Sam Moyo African Institute of Agrarian Studies	
Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Australia Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre Australia Australia Australia Australia Australia CSIRO Australia Australia Australia CSIRO Australia Australia CSIRO Australia Australia CSIRO Australia Australia CSIRO Austr	List of water security think tanks	Zimbabwe
Center for Water Economics, Environment and Policy, Crawford School, Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Australia Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre  Australia Au	Institution name	Country
Australian National University Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Center Bolivia World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre	Australian Rivers Institute, Griffith University	Australia
Centre for Water Policy and Management, LaTrobe University Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) Australia Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC) Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO)  Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC)  Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane  Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales  Sustainable Water  Water Center  World Water Council  Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia  Water Institute, University of Waterloo  Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University  China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR)  Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University  China  Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative  England  Cranfield Water Science Institute  England  Environmental Change Institute, Oxford  Institute of Water (Water Aid)  Overseas Development Institute (ODI)  Water Research Centre	·	
Cooperative Research Center for Water Sensitive Cities (CRCWSC)  Australia Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane  Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales  Sustainable Water  Water Center  World Water Council  Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia  Water Institute, University of Waterloo  Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University  China  China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR)  Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University  China  Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative  England  Cranfield Water Science Institute  England  Environmental Change Institute, Oxford  Institute of Water (Water Aid)  Overseas Development Institute (ODI)  Water Research Centre	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Global Water Institute, University of New South Wales International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Bolivia Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre	• , ,	
International Water Centre, Brisbane Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Bolivia Water Center World Water Council Brazil Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Canada Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre		
Water Research Centre, University of New South Wales Sustainable Water Bolivia Water Center Bolivia World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Canada Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre	•	
Sustainable Water Water Center Bolivia World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Canada Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) England Water Research Centre		
Water Center World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Canada Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre  Bolivia Brazil B	·	
World Water Council Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia Canada Water Institute, University of Waterloo Canada Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre  England		
Program on Water Governance, University of British Columbia  Water Institute, University of Waterloo  Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University  China China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR)  Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University  Latin America Conservation Council  Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative  England  Cranfield Water Science Institute  Environmental Change Institute, Oxford  Institute of Water (Water Aid)  Overseas Development Institute (ODI)  Water Research Centre  England		
Water Institute, University of Waterloo Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre  Canada China		
Asian International Rivers Centre, Yunnan University China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre  China Cabot Institute (ODI) England Cranfield Water Science Institute (ODI) England Cranfield Water Research Centre England	·	
China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research (IWHR) Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University China Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre England England	·	
Research Institute for Water Security (RIWS), Wuhan University  Latin America Conservation Council  Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative  England  Cranfield Water Science Institute  Environmental Change Institute, Oxford  Institute of Water (Water Aid)  Overseas Development Institute (ODI)  Water Research Centre  China  Colombia  Cabot Institute  England  England  England  England  England	•	
Latin America Conservation Council Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative England Cranfield Water Science Institute England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford England Institute of Water (Water Aid) England Overseas Development Institute (ODI) England Water Research Centre England	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	China
Cranfield Water Science Institute England Environmental Change Institute, Oxford England Institute of Water (Water Aid) England Overseas Development Institute (ODI) England Water Research Centre England		Colombia
Environmental Change Institute, Oxford Institute of Water (Water Aid) Overseas Development Institute (ODI) Water Research Centre  England England England	Cabot Institute, University of Bristol, houses Bristol's Water Initiative	England
Institute of Water (Water Aid)  Overseas Development Institute (ODI)  Water Research Centre  England  England	Cranfield Water Science Institute	England
Overseas Development Institute (ODI) England Water Research Centre England	Environmental Change Institute, Oxford	England
Water Research Centre England	Institute of Water (Water Aid)	England
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. ,	-
Ashoka Trust for Research in Ecology and the Environment (ATREE)  India		-
	Ashoka Trust for Research in Ecology and the Environment (ATREE)	India

Indian Institute of Water Management, Indian Council for Agricultural Research India The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Institute (WASH Institute) India Natural Resources and Environment Center, University of Malawi Institute of Sahel Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Institute for Water Management Mexico Desert Research Foundation of Namibia Deltares Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Scotland Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission South Africa Water Research Commission South Africa Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research South Africa South Africa South Africa Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Swizerland Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA John Hopkins Water Institute VSA John Hopkins Water Institute USA John Hopkins Water Institute USA John Hopkins Water Institute USA	Centre for Science and Environment (CSE)	India
The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI)  Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Institute (WASH Institute)  Natural Resources and Environment Center, University of Malawi Institute of Sahel  Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network  Mauritius Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water  Third World Centre for Water Management Desert Research Foundation of Namibia  Destrates  Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat  Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE)  Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Scotland Environment and Development in the Third World Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research Unit African Centre for Water Research South Africa African Centre for Water Research South Africa African Centre for Water Research South Africa Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Lolorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute USA	Indian Institute of Water Management, Indian Council for Agricultural Research	India
Natural Resources and Environment Center, University of Malawi Institute of Sahel Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Minimum Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Minimum Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Minimum Mexican Institute Of Water Management Mexican Desert Research Foundation of Namibia Deltares Rijkswaterstaat Netherlands Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission South Africa Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public H		India
Institute of Sahel Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Desert Research Foundation of Namibia Deltares Netherlands Netherlands Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia Cafrican Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Lolorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute USA	Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Institute (WASH Institute)	India
Institute of Sahel Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Mexican Desert Research Foundation of Namibia Deltares Netherlands Netherlands Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia Cafrican Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Lolorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute USA	,	Malawi
Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Third World Centre for Water Management Desert Research Foundation of Namibia Deltares Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research Unit Water Research Commission South Africa African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Geneva Water Hub Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Lolorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute	Institute of Sahel	Mali
Mexican Institute of the Technology of Water Third World Centre for Water Management Desert Research Foundation of Namibia Deltares Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Institute for Water Education (IHE) Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research Unit Water Research Commission South Africa African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Geneva Water Hub Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Lolorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network	Mauritius
Third World Centre for Water Management Desert Research Foundation of Namibia Namibia Netherlands Rijkswaterstaat Netherlands Netherlands Netherlands Netherlands Netherlands Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Netherlands Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit South Africa Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research South Africa South Africa Water Besearch Unit Africa Water Issues Research South Africa Water Research Gentre for Water Research South Africa Water For Gological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Sri Lanka Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis USA Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Lorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA John Hopkins Water Institute		Mexico
Desert Research Foundation of Namibia  Deltares  Rijkswaterstaat Institute for Water Education (IHE)  Watercycle Research Institute (KWR)  Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Research Centre for Ecological Research Africa Horestry Applications (CREAF) International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute	••	Mexico
Rijkswaterstaat Institute for Water Education (IHE) Netherlands Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission South Africa African Centre for Water Research African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute USA	•	Namibia
Institute for Water Education (IHE) Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission South Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute	Deltares	Netherlands
Institute for Water Education (IHE) Watercycle Research Institute (KWR) Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria Water Research Commission South Africa Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Geneva Water Hub Switzerland Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute	Rijkswaterstaat	Netherlands
Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Scotland Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission South Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research Unit Centre for Water Research Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Blue Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University Colorado State University Water Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute	Institute for Water Education (IHE)	Netherlands
Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee Environment and Development in the Third World Senegal Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University Somalia African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission South Africa Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research Unit South Africa Africa Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute	Watercycle Research Institute (KWR)	Netherlands
Environment and Development in the Third World  Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University  African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria  African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU)  South Africa  Water Institute, University of Pretoria  Water Research Commission  Africa Water Issues Research Unit  Africa Centre for Water Research  Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF)  International Water Management Institute  Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI)  Sweden  Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2)  Geneva Water Hub  East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  John Hopkins Water Institute	Nigerian Environmental Study/Action Team	Nigeria
Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria South Africa African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) Spain International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute	Centre for Water Law, Policy and Science, University of Dundee	Scotland
African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU) South Africa Water Institute, University of Pretoria South Africa Water Research Commission Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Water Issues Research Unit Africa Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) International Water Management Institute South Africa Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis USA Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA John Hopkins Water Institute	Environment and Development in the Third World	Senegal
African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU)  Water Institute, University of Pretoria  Water Research Commission  Africa Water Issues Research Unit  Africa Water Issues Research Unit  African Centre for Water Research  Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF)  International Water Management Institute  Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI)  Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2)  Geneva Water Hub  East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory  University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of  Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  USA	Somali Centre for Water and Environment, Mogadishu University	Somalia
Water Institute, University of Pretoria  Water Research Commission  Africa Water Issues Research Unit  African Centre for Water Research  Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF)  International Water Management Institute  Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI)  Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2)  Geneva Water Hub  East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  USA	African Water Issues Research Unit, University of Pretoria	South Africa
Water Research Commission  Africa Water Issues Research Unit  African Centre for Water Research  Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF)  International Water Management Institute  Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI)  Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2)  Geneva Water Hub  East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA	African Water Issues Research Unit (AWIRU)	South Africa
Africa Water Issues Research Unit African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Geneva Water Hub East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA USA USA	Water Institute, University of Pretoria	South Africa
African Centre for Water Research Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF) International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health USA Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA USA	Water Research Commission	South Africa
Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF)  International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Sweden Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Switzerland Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health USA Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis Uisa Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA USA	Africa Water Issues Research Unit	South Africa
International Water Management Institute Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI) Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2) Geneva Water Hub Switzerland East Africa Living Lakes Network Uganda Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis USA Circle of Blue Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University USA USA	African Centre for Water Research	South Africa
Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI)  Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2)  Geneva Water Hub  East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  USA  USA	Centre for Ecological Research and Forestry Applications (CREAF)	Spain
Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2)  Geneva Water Hub  East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  USA	International Water Management Institute	Sri Lanka
Geneva Water Hub  East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  USA  USA	Stockholm International Water Institute (SIWI)	Sweden
East Africa Living Lakes Network  Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health  Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  USA  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University  USA  USA	Fondation Prince Albert II de Monaco (FPA2)	Switzerland
Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory University's Rollins School of Public Health USA Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis USA Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute USA	Geneva Water Hub	Switzerland
University's Rollins School of Public Health Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis USA Circle of Blue USA Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University USA Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute USA	East Africa Living Lakes Network	Uganda
Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis  Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  USA  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute  USA	Center for Global Safe Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (CGSW), Emory	
Circle of Blue  Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  USA  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute  USA	University's Rollins School of Public Health	
Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University  Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute  USA	Center for Water-Energy Efficiency, UC Davis	USA
Colorado Water and Energy Research Center (CWERC), University of Colorado-Boulder  USA  Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute  USA	Circle of Blue	
Colorado-Boulder USA Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute USA	Colorado State University Water Center, Colorado State University	USA
Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University John Hopkins Water Institute USA		
John Hopkins Water Institute USA	Colorado-Boulder	USA
John Hopkins Water Institute USA	Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions, Nicholas Institute, Duke University	USA
•	·	
	•	

Program in Water Conflict Management and Transformation, Oregon State	
University	USA
Pacific Institute	USA
Stroud Water Research Center	USA
Texas Water Resources Institute	USA
The Global Water Institute	USA
Tufts Institute of the Environment	USA
Water Institute, University of Florida at Gainesville	USA
Water Resources Research Center, UMass-Amherst	USA
US Corps of Engineers	USA
Water for Food Institute, University of Nebraska	USA
Water Research Center, Dallas, PA	USA
Water Resources Research Center, University of Arizona	USA
Water Resources Research Institute	USA
West Virginia Water Research Institute	USA
World Resources Institute	USA

#### List of Food and Water Security think tanks

Institution Name	Country
Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation	Australia
(CSIRO)	
Institute of Agriculture, University of Western Australia	Australia
Latin America Conservation Council	Colombia
Desert Development Center	Egypt
Environmental Change Institute, Oxford	England
Overseas Development Institute (ODI)	England
Ashoka Trust for Research in Ecology and the Environment (ATREE)	India
Center for Budget and Governance Accountability	India
Centre for Science and Environment	India
Energy and Resources Institute (TERI)	India
Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network	Mauritius
Ecology and Biodiversity, Utrecht University	Netherlands
Institute for Water Education (IHE, UNESCO)	Netherlands
Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI)	Pakistan
International Water Management Institute	Sri Lanka
World Economic Forum	Switzerland
East Africa Living Lakes Network	Uganda
	United Arab
International Center for Biosaline Agriculture	Emirates
Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation	USA
Circle of Blue	USA
Pacific Institute	USA
Water for Food Institute, University of Nebraska	USA
World Resources Institute	USA

#### **Bibliography**

Gulrez Shah Azhar, "Climate change will displace millions in coming decades. Nations should prepare now to help them," The Conversation, December 18, 2017,

https://theconversation.com/climate-change-will-displace-millions-in-coming-decades-nationsshould-prepare-now-to-help-them-89274

Aryn Baker, "How Climate Change is Behind the Surge of Migrants to Europe." Time, September 7, 2015, <a href="http://time.com/4024210/climate-change-migrants/">http://time.com/4024210/climate-change-migrants/</a>

James G. McGann, The Fit for Purpose: Enhancing the Capacity, Quality and Sustainability of African Think Tanks Forum, The Brookings Institution - Washington DC, November 3 and 4, 2017 (Philadelphia, PA: Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program, 2017).

Magdalena Mis, "Over-consumption, climate change threaten food security, water supply: FAO," Time, April 14, 2015, <a href="https://www.reuters.com/article/us-global-food-water/overconsumption-climate-change-threaten-food-security-water-supply-faoidUSKBN0N522Y20150414">https://www.reuters.com/article/us-global-food-water/overconsumption-climate-change-threaten-food-security-water-supply-faoidUSKBN0N522Y20150414</a>

Amanda Saint, "2 Billion Refugees Within 83 Years," Eniday.com, <a href="https://www.eniday.com/en/human\_en/climate-change-refugees/">https://www.eniday.com/en/human\_en/climate-change-refugees/</a>

The United Nations, World Water Development Report 4. World Water Assessment Programme (WWAP), March 2012.

John Wendle, "The Ominous Story of Syria's Climate Refugees," Scientific American, July 2016, <a href="https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/ominous-story-of-syria-climate-refugees/">https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/ominous-story-of-syria-climate-refugees/</a>

### Overview of Modifications and Enhancements to the Global Go To Think Tanks Index

Each year we attempt to respond systematically to comments and suggestions to improve the nomination and ranking process for the Global Go To Think Tank Index (GGTTI). Since the inaugural report in 2006, the nomination and selection processes have changed significantly. While the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) continually seeks to improve the nomination and selection process, several things should be kept in mind. First, although we do our best to catch and eliminate as many mistakes as possible, we do not claim that the annual rankings are error-free. As with many ranking systems, the GGTTI has its fair share of limitations, which we continually seek to overcome. Second, critiques highlighting the rankings' comprehensiveness fail to understand our commitment to studying the contributions and impact of think tanks worldwide. The Index's aim is to produce an inclusive and far-reaching report of international think tanks. Moreover, we hope to extend the Index to include even more think tanks around the world.

#### Recent Years' Modifications

TTCSP is committed to increasing the quality and representativeness of the Index every year we conduct the survey. Since 2010, hundreds of expert panelists have participated in an evaluation of the ranking criteria and nominations and indexing processes. As a result, the Index has undergone a number of major changes designed to limit bias, expand the rankings' representativeness, and improve the overall quality and integrity of the nomination process. The following modifications have been made to the Index over the last several years:

#### 2010

- In 2010, a ranking list for think tanks with an annual budget of less than five million U.S. dollars was created. This category helps to recognize the work of smaller think tanks that produce influential research, but might otherwise be edged out in the rankings by think tanks with larger budgets and greater manpower.
- American think tanks were removed from the global ranking in an effort to improve the visibility of global organizations, and recognize the inherent advantages of American think tanks.
- The methodology was revamped to encompass an open nominations process in which all 6,480 think tanks identified by the TTCSP at that time were invited to submit nominations. This replaced a system where the Expert Panels developed the initial slate of institutions. The change dramatically increased the levels of participation and greatly improved the quality and representativeness of nominated institutions.

• An outreach effort was launched in Africa, Asia, Latin America, and the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) to improve the Index's inclusivity.

#### <u>2011</u>

• The Latin America category was restructured into two categories: "Top Think Tanks in Mexico, Canada, and the Caribbean" and "Top Think Tanks in Central and South America."

#### <u>2012</u>

- The Latin America categories were further refined into: "Top Think Tanks in Mexico and Canada" and "Top Think Tanks in Central and South America."
- The Asia category underwent revisions in order to prevent the group's domination by China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea. The Asia section was divided into two categories: "Top Think Tanks in China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea" and "Top Think Tanks in Asia (excluding China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea)."
- Five new special achievement categories were created: "Best Advocacy Campaign," "Best Policy Produced by a Think Tank 2011-2012," "Best For-Profit Think Tanks," "Top Energy and Resource Policy Think Tank," and "Top Education Policy Think Tanks." These categories recognize both special achievements and excellence in particular areas of study. This expansion aimed to better recognize the diverse range of issues think tanks address and the new organizational types that have emerged over the past five years.
- The "Best New Think Tanks" category examined organizations founded over the past 24 months instead of the past 18.

#### 2013

- To increase inclusivity, the Asia categories were further subdivided into three categories: "Top Think Tanks in Asia and the Pacific (Excluding China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea," "Top Think Tanks in China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea," and "Top Think Tanks in Central Asia."
- The "Top Security and International Affairs Think Tanks" category was divided into "Top Defense and National Security Think Tanks" and "Top Foreign Policy and International Affairs Think Tanks."
- Eight new special achievement categories were added: "Think Tank to Watch," "Best Use of Social Networks," "Best Institutional Collaboration Involving Two or More Think Tanks," "Best Think Tank Network," "Best Think Tank Conference," "Best Managed Think

Tank," "Best New Idea or Paradigm Developed by a Think Tank," and "Best Transdisciplinary Research Program at a Think Tank."

#### 2014

- In order to amend anomalies that are present in the 2013 Global Go To Index, some of the regional categories were reorganized according to countries geographic location. The Central Asia category underwent revisions and will consist only of think tanks from Afghanistan, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan. Turkish think tanks will remain in the Middle East and North Africa category, as will Cypriot ones despite Cyprus' status as an EU member state. Think tanks from Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal, and Pakistan will be ranked in the Asia and the Pacific category. The Central and Eastern Europe category will include Russian think tanks and also think tanks from those countries that lie between Turkey and Russia in the east and Sweden, Germany, Austria, and Italy in the west.
- The "Top Health Policy Think Tanks" category was subdivided into the "Top Global Health Policy Think Tanks" and "Top Domestic Health Policy Think Tanks" categories so as to better reflect the fact that there are two distinct areas of focus in the field of health policy.

#### <u>2015</u>

• Three new categories were added to the 2015 Global Go To Index: "Best Regional Studies Policy Research Think Tank (University Affiliated)", "Best Regional Studies Policy Research Center (Free Standing, Not University Affiliated)", "Think Tank with the Best Practices (Policies and Procedures) to Assure the Quality, Independence and Integrity of its Policy Research"

#### <u>2016</u>

• In an effort to simplify and streamline the nominations and rankings process we did not require those institutions that were not ranked in the 2015 Global Go To Index to be renominated in 2016 nominations phase of the Global Go To Indexing process.

#### <u>2017</u>

• Two new categories were added to the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index: "Water Security and Food Security".

#### 2017 Process and Methodology

Each year, our best efforts have gone into generating a rigorous, inclusive, and objective process. However, we recognize the impossibility of entirely ridding the Index from bias. Inevitably, personal, ideological, disciplinary, and regional biases of those consulted throughout the process may have influenced the rankings. While some have suggested that we move to a small group or panel of experts and journalists to make the selections, we are unwavering in our commitment to an open and democratic process. Given the safeguards in place— the transparent process, the provisions set by the detailed nomination and selection criteria, and the annually increasing participation of think tanks and experts from every region of the world— we are confident in the quality and integrity of the Index. Additionally, with the growing involvement of the expert panelists, the nomination and ranking process has also been dramatically improved. Together, we believe these measures insulate the nomination and selection process from any significant charges of bias and misrepresentation.

We would like to underscore that the GGTTI is but one measure of a think tank's performance and impact, and has been designed for use in conjunction with other metrics to help identify and evaluate public policy research organizations around the world. An organization's inclusion within the Index does not indicate a seal of approval or endorsement for the institution, its publications, or its programs by the TTCSP. Conversely, an organization's exclusion from the rankings does not necessarily indicate poor quality, effectiveness, or performance. There are 6,846 think tanks around the world completing exceptional work to help bridge the gap between knowledge and policy. This report is no more than one effort to highlight some of the world's leading think tanks.

#### **Methodology and Timeline**

Before beginning the 2017 nomination and selection process, the team conducted extensive research in order to update and verify the Think Tank and Civil Societies Program's (TTCSP) Global Think Tank Database. Through this process many additional think tanks were identified for possible inclusion in this year's study. A month in advance of the 2017 nomination and selection process launch, a letter announcing the commencement of the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index (GGTTI) was sent to the more than 50,000 individuals and organizations in our database. Think tanks were asked to make recommendations for improving the nomination and selection process, in addition to potential Expert Panel nominees. A letter requesting evaluations of the efficacy and validity of the 2016 Rankings criteria, and nomination and selection process, was also sent to expert panelists from previous years.

#### **Timeline of the Nomination and Ranking Process**

#### **Call for Expert Panel Members and Update of TTCSP Think Tank Database:**

April 30, 2017-July 1, 2017

In preparation for the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Indexing process, a call for nominations was issued for qualified individuals to serve on the Regional, Functional, and Special Areas of Distinction Panels. In addition, we asked for comments, suggestions and recommendations for how we might improve the Index. In addition, 60 Summer Research Interns help update the

TTCSP Think Tank Database to make sure all known think tanks are included in the Survey.

Round I: Nominations –August 30, 2017-October 30, 2017

A call for Nominations was sent to over 6,500 think tanks and approximately 7,500 journalists, public and private donors, and policy makers from around the world. These nominations were tabulated and institutes with 10 or more nominations were included in the next step of the 2017 Think Tank Indexing process. All of the top ranked think tanks from 2016 were automatically included in the 2017 ranking ballot.

Round II: Peer/Expert Rankings – November 30, 2017-December 22, 2017

Think tanks with 10 or more nominations were placed in an electronic ranking survey. A letter announcing the second round was emailed to all the think tanks, journalists, public and private donors, and policy maker groups who agreed to participate in the process. The rankings were tabulated and the list of finalists was generated for the Expert Panel to review and make final selections. This year, Regional and Functional Expert Panels were created for every category. These specialists were consulted to help assure the quality and accuracy of the nominations before they were placed on the final rankings survey.

**Round III:** Expert Panel Selects 2017 Go To Think Tanks – December 1, 2017-January 10, 2018

The members of the Expert Panel received information packets by email in order to facilitate the final selection process. Individuals who served on last year's Expert Panel as well as those who were nominated this year were invited to serve on the 2017 Expert Panel. Experts from every region and functional area were represented on the Expert

Panel. Panelists submitted their rankings and recommendations during the moth December 2017.

**2017** Global Go To Think Tank Report Launch: The 2017 Global Go-To Think Tank Rankings will be released in New York, Washington D.C. and over 100 cities around the world on January 30, 2018.

#### 2017 Global Go-To Think Tank Index Nomination and Ranking Criteria

The peers and experts who participated in the indexing process were encouraged to employ the following criteria when considering nominations and rankings. The 2017 GGTTI Nomination and Ranking Criteria include, but are not limited to, the following criteria:

- The quality and commitment of the think tank's leadership (chief executive and governing body). This involves effectively managing the mission and programs of the think tank, mobilizing the financial and human resources necessary to fulfill the mission and monitoring the quality, independence and impact of the think tank;
- The quality and reputation of the think tank's staff. Ability to assemble a critical mass of highly skilled, experienced and productive scholars and analysts who are recognized as either emerging or established experts in their respective area of research;
- The quality and reputation of the research and analysis produced. The ability to produce high quality, rigorous, policy-oriented research that is accessible to policy makers, media and the public;
- Ability to recruit and retain elite scholars and analysts;
- Academic performance and reputation. This involves the academic rigor associated with the research conducted. This includes formal accreditation of a think tank's scholars and analysts, the number and type of scholarly publications produced such as: books, journals and conference papers and the number of presentations delivered at scholarly and other professional meeting and the number and type of citations of the think tanks scholars' research in scholarly publications produced by other scholars;
- The quality, number, and reach of its publications;
- The impact of a think-tank's research and programs on policy makers and other policy actors. Policy recommendations considered or actually adopted by policy makers, civil society or policy actors;

- Reputation with policymakers (name recognition associated with specific issues or programs, number of briefings and official appointments, number of policy briefs and white papers produced, legislative testimony delivered);
- A demonstrated commitment to producing independent research and analysis. This
  involves standards and policies for producing rigorous evidence based research and
  analysis that are posted and monitored by the organization, research teams and individual
  researchers. This includes disclosure of conflict of interest (financial, institutional or
  personal) and a commitment to nonpartisanship and established professional standards
  for research in the social sciences;
- Access to key institutions. The ability to reach and connect with key audiences and personnel such as government officials (elected and appointed), civil society, traditional and new media, and academia;
- Ability to convene key policy actors and to develop effective networks and partnerships with other think tanks and policy actors;
- Overall output of the organization (policy proposals, web visits, briefings, publications, interviews, conferences, staff nominated to official posts);
- Utilization of research, policy proposal and other products. The effective transmission
  and utilization of policy briefs, reports, policy recommendations and other products by
  policy makers and the policy community, number of current and former staff serving in
  advisory roles to policy makers, advisory commissions, etc., awards given to scholars for
  scholarly achievement or public service;
- Usefulness of organization's information in public engagement, advocacy work, preparing legislation or testimony, preparing academic papers or presentations, conducting research or teaching;
- Ability to use electronic, print and the new media to communicate research and reach key audiences;
- Media reputation (number of media appearances, interviews and citations);
- Ability to use the Internet including social media tools, to engage with policy makers, journalists and the public;
- Website and Digital presence. The quality, accessibility, effective maintenance of the organization's web presence, as well as, the quality and level of digital traffic and engagement (quality, accessibility and navigability of web site, number of website visitors, page views, time spent on pages, "likes" or followers);

- Level, diversity and stability of funding. The ability of an organization to mobilize the necessary financial resources to support and sustain the think tank over time (endowment, membership fees, annual donations, government and private contracts, earned income);
- Effective management and allocation of financial and human resources. The ability of a think tank to effectively manage its money and people so that they produce high quality outputs that achieve maximum impact;
- Ability of the organization to effectively fulfill the terms of the gifts, grants and contracts from government(s), individuals, corporations and foundations who have provided the financial support to the think tank (financial stewardship);
- The organization's ability to produce new knowledge, innovative policy proposals or alternative ideas on policy;
- Ability to bridge the gap between the academic and policymaking communities;
- Ability to bridge the gap between policy makers and the public;
- Ability to include new voices in the policymaking process;
- Ability of organization to be inscribed within issue and policy networks;
- Success in challenging the traditional wisdom of policymakers and in generating innovative policy ideas and programs; and,
- The impact on society. Direct relationship between the organization's efforts in a particular area to a positive change in societal values such as significant changes in the quality of life within respective country (amounts of goods and services available to citizens, state of physical and mental health, quality of environment, quality of political rights, access to institutions).

#### **Think Tank Impact Assessment Tool**

Clearly, assessing the impact of think tanks is not an easy endeavor to undertake given the various and conflicting actors, events, and politics involved in the policy making process. Despite the significant challenges in establishing a causal relationship between knowledge and policy, it is necessary for think tanks to understand and effectively respond to the growing chorus of questions being raised by donors, journalists, and the public about the role and influence of think tanks in civil societies and governments around the world.

Think tanks can employ a variety of metrics to assess their impact, including such measures as an increase in research and analysis they produce as well as to account for their contributions to the policymaking environment and civil society. McGann's recent (2008) research has focused on developing a comprehensive assessment tool for evaluating a think tank's impact. The impetus for this research, in part, was the apparent confusion that exists about the differences between outputs and impacts. In various studies and surveys that McGann has conducted over the years, researchers and think tanks responded curiously when asked about impact on public policy and how they measure it. The overwhelming response was to provide a list of research outputs (number of books published, conference held, web hits, media appearances, etc.). Outputs, however, are not the only way to measure impact.

The metric provided below is designed to serve as a catalyst for a discussion on how to effectively measure the impact of think tanks. It is provided here as background for the think tank ranking process in the hopes that it will help clarify the distinction between outputs and impacts. We ask that you consider the following indicators when contemplating the impact of think tanks:

- **Resource indicators:** Ability to recruit and retain leading scholars and analysts; the level, quality, and stability of financial support; proximity and access to decision-makers and other policy elites; a staff with the ability to conduct rigorous research and produce timely and incisive analysis; institutional currency; quality and reliability of networks; and key contacts in the policy academic communities, and the media.
- **Utilization indicators:** Reputation as a "go-to" organization by media and policy elites in the country; quantity and quality of media appearances and citations, web hits, testimony before legislative and executive bodies; briefings, official appointments, consultation by officials or departments/agencies; books sold; reports distributed; references made to research and analysis in scholarly and popular publications and attendees at conferences and seminars organized.
- Output indicators: Number and quality of: policy proposals and ideas generated; publications produced (books, journal articles, policy briefs, etc.); news interviews conducted; briefings, conferences, and seminars organized; and staff who are nominated to advisory and government posts.
- Impact indicators: Recommendations considered or adopted by policy makers and civil society organizations; issue network centrality; advisory role to political parties, candidates, transition teams; awards granted; publication in or citation of publications in academic journals, public testimony and the media that influences the policy debate and decision-making; listserv and website dominance; and success in challenging the conventional wisdom and standard operating procedures of bureaucrats and elected officials in the country.

Beyond this qualitative assessment, an effective evaluation of impact should also involve NGOs, as well as members of the government and policy makers, to ascertain the degree to which they have utilized the grantee's research output. This participation can be obtained through interviews, surveys, questionnaires, and focus group meetings, utilizing the Outcome Mapping which "moves away from assessing the products of an activity or a program to focus on changes in behaviors and relationships (outcomes) which can lead to changes." Impact can be viewed as positive if it "changes the behavior, relationships, activities, or actions of the people, groups, and organizations with whom a program works directly."

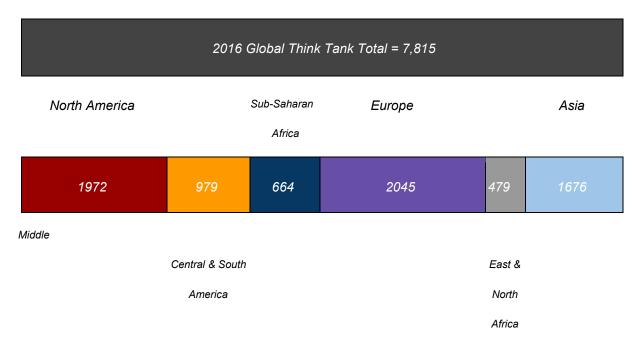
Although this qualitative assessment is essential because it recognizes that policy impact can be successfully achieved even if policy prescriptions are not directly translated into actual policy, we recommend that this assessment should be translated into numerical rankings, thereby allowing comparisons with baseline data for effective monitoring and evaluation in the future.

### **2017 Think Tank Statistics**

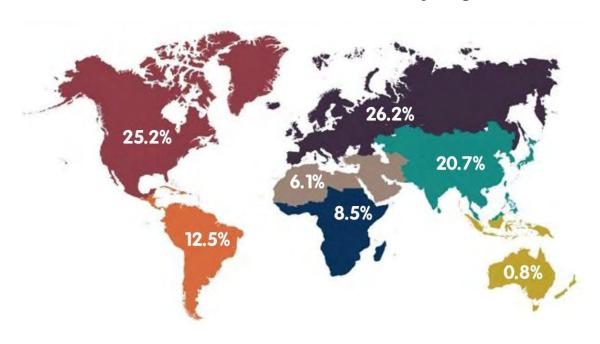
### Number of Think Tanks in the World in 2017

This chart reflects the number of think tanks in 2017 based on data collected as of December, 2017.

Number of Think Tanks in the World in 2017



## Global Distribution of Think Tanks by Region



# **Countries with the Largest Number of Think Tanks**

Rank	Country	Number of Think Tanks
1	United States	1872
2	China	512
3	United Kingdom	444
4	India	293
5	Germany	225
6	France	197
7	Argentina	146
8	Japan	116
9	Russia	103
10	Canada	100
11	Brazil	93
12	South Africa	92

13	Sweden	89
T-14	Netherlands	76
T-14	Switzerland	76
16	Mexico	74
17	Austria	68
18	Israel	67
19	Bolivia	66
20	Iran	64
T-21	Spain	63
T-21	Chile	63
23	Belgium	61
24	Poland	60
25	Taiwan	58

# Global Distribution of Think Tanks by Country

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA		ASIA		CENTRAL AND EASTI EUROPE	ERN	WESTERN EUROP	E
Angola	4	Afghanistan	22	Albania	15	Andorra	
Benin	18	Armenia	17	Belarus	21	Austria	- 1
Botswana	13	Azerbaijan	15	Bosnia and Herzegovina	13	Belgium	
Burkina Faso	21	Bangladesh	38	Bulgaria	41	Denmark	
Burundi	4	Bhutan	3	Croatia	11	Finland	
Cameroon	22	Brunei	7	Czech Republic	27	France	1
Cape Verde	3	Cambodia	14	Estonia	20	Germany	2
Central African Republic	2	China	512	Finland	17	Greece	
Chad	3	Georgia	26	Hungary	43	Iceland	
Congo	3	Hong Kong	36	Kosovo	4	Ireland	
Cote d'Ivoire	19	India	444	Latvia	11	Italy	1
Democratic Republic of Congo	8	Indonesia	26	Lithuania	19	Liechtenstein	
Eritrea	5	Japan	116	Macedonia	18	Luxembourg	
Ethiopia	26	Kazahkhstan	28	Moldova	9	Malta	
Gabon	2	Kyrgyzstan	27	Montenegro	4	Monaco	
Gambia	6	Laos	4	Poland	60	Netherlands	
Ghana	40	Malaysia	19	Romania	.54	Norway	
Guinea	2	Maldives	6	Russia	103	Portugal	- 9
Guinea-Bissau	1	Mongolia	7	Serbia	14	Spain	
Kenya	57	Nepal	13	Slovakia	27	Sweden	
Lesotho	4	North Korea	2	Slovenia	6	Switzerland	3
Liberia	4	Pakistan	25	Ukraine	39	United Kingdom	3
Madagascar	5	Philippines	21			Vatican City	
Malawi	15	Singapore	12			runcui City	
Mali	14	South Korea	53				
Mauritania	8	Sri Lanka	32				
Mauritius	10	Taiwan	58				
Mozambique	5	Tajikistan	7				
Namibia	16	Thailand	11				
Niger	19	Uzbekistan	12				
Nigeria	52	Vietnam	10				
Rwanda	8	v temani	10				
Senegal	22						
Sevehelles	4						
Sierra Leone	4						
Somalia	6						
South Africa	92						
Sudan	8						
	5						
	1.00						
Swaziland	10						
Tanzania	18						
Tanzania Togo	9						
Tanzania							

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA		MIDDLE EAST AND NO AFRICA	RTH	NORTH AMERIC	CA	OCEANIA	
Antigua & Barbuda	6	Algeria	8	Canada	100	Australia	3
Argentina	225	Bahrain	12	United States	1872	Fiji	
Bahamas	3	Cyprus	6			New Zealand	
Barbados	10	Egypt	39			Papua New Guinea	
Belize	5	Iran	64			Samoa	
Bermuda	3	Iraq	30			Vanuatu	
Bolivia	66	Israel	67				
Brazil	93	Jordan	26				
Chile	63	Kuwait	15				
Colombia	55	Lebanon	27				
Costa Rica	41	Libya	2				
Cuba	24	Morocco	14				
Dominica	3	Oman	3				
Dominican Republic	36	Palestine	34				
Ecuador	29	Qatar	14				
El Salvador	14	Saudi Arabia	8				
Grenada	1	Syria	10				
Guadeloupe	5	Tunisia	20				
Guatemala	20	Turkey	46				
Guyana	4	United Arab Emirates	9				
Haiti	2	Yemen	26				
Honduras	12						
Jamaica	7						
Martinique	2						
Mexico	74						
Montserrat	1						
Nicaragua	14						
Panama	13						
Paraguay	33						
Peru	42						
Puerto Rico	6						
St. Kitts-Nevis	1						
St. Lucia	3						
St. Vincent and the Gredines	2						
Suriname	3						
Trinidad and Tobago	13						
Uruguay	24						
Venezuela	21						

# U.S. Think Tanks by State

State	Number of Think Tanks
D.C.	397
Massachusetts	177
California	169
New York	144
Virginia	105
Illinois	62
California	169
Texas	47
Connecticut	44
Pennsylvania	42
New Jersey	36
Colorado	31
Florida	31

Michigan	31
Georgia	29
Ohio	25
Minnesota	23
North Carolina	23
Washington	23
Arizona	21
Indiana	21
Maine	21
Rhode Island	20
Tennessee	19
Missouri	18
Kansas	17
Alabama	16
Oregon	16

13
12
11
11
10
10
10
8
8
7
7
7
6
6
5

Vermont	5
Idaho	4
North Dakota	4
Alaska	3
Delaware	3
Total	1927

### **2017 Ranking Categories**

#### Top Think Tanks in the World

- Think Tank of the Year 2017 Top Think Tank in the World
- Top Think Tanks Worldwide (Non-U.S.)
- Top Think Tanks Worldwide (U.S. and non-U.S.)

#### Top Think Tanks by Region

- Top Think Tanks in Sub-Saharan Africa
- Top Think Tanks in Canada and Mexico
- Top Think Tanks in Central and South America
- Top Think Tanks in the United States
- Top Think Tanks in Central Asia
- Top Think Tanks in China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea
- Top Think Tanks in Southeast Asia and the Pacific
- Top Think Tanks in Central and Eastern Europe
- Top Think Tanks in Western Europe
- Top Think Tanks in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA)

#### Top Think Tanks by Area of Research

- Top Defense and National Security Think Tanks
- Top Domestic Economic Policy Think Tanks
- Top Education Policy Think Tanks
- Top Energy and Resource Policy Think Tanks
- Top Environment Think Tanks

- Top Foreign Policy and International Affairs Think Tanks
- Top Domestic Health Policy Think Tanks
- Top Global Health Policy Think Tanks
- Top International Development Think Tanks
- Top International Economic Policy Think Tanks
- Top Science and Technology Think Tanks
- Top Social Policy Think Tanks
- Top Transparency and Good Governance Think Tanks
- Top Food and Water Security Think Tanks

#### **Top Think Tanks by Special Achievement**

- Best Advocacy Campaign
- Best For-Profit Think Tanks
- Best Government Affiliated Think Tanks
- Best Institutional Collaboration Involving Two or More Think Tanks
- Best Managed Think Tank
- Best New Idea or Paradigm Developed by a Think Tank
- Best New Think Tanks (Unranked)
- Best Independent Think Tank
- Best Policy Study/Report Produced by a Think Tank
- Best Think Tank Conference
- Best Think Tank Network
- Best Think Tanks with Political Party Affiliation
- Best Transdisciplinary Research Program at a Think Tank

- Best University Affiliated Think Tanks
- Best Use of Social Networks
- Think Tank to Watch
- Think Tanks with the Best External Relations/Public Engagement Programs
- Think Tanks with the Best Use of the Internet
- Think Tanks with the Best Use of the Media (Print or Electronic)
- Think Tanks with the Most Innovative Policy Ideas/Proposals
- Think Tanks with the Most Significant Impact on Public Policy
- Think Tanks with Outstanding Policy-Oriented Public Programs
- Top Think Tanks with Annual Operating Budgets of Less Than \$5 Million USD
- Think Tank with the Best Practices (Policies and Procedures) to Assure the Quality, Independence, and Integrity of its Policy Research

## **2017 Categorical Definitions**

### By Region

Top Think Tanks in Sub-Saharan Africa: This category is dedicated to the leading institutions in the region south of the Sahara desert. The term is used to contrast the countries that are included in the MENA (Middle East and North Africa) category. Sudan, although geographically located south of the Sahara desert, it is not considered a Sub-Saharan country. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

Top Think Tanks in Central and South America: This category is dedicated to the leading institutions in the Central and South part of the American continent, including the Caribbean states. The definition excludes the three North American countries of Canada, Mexico and the United States. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Think Tanks in the United States:** This category is dedicated to the leading institutions in the United States of America. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in the United States.

**Top Think Tanks in Asia:** This category is dedicated to the leading institutions in Central Asia and the Caucasus region, namely Afghanistan, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan. Russia, although possessing territory in Central Asia, is not considered part of the region for this definition. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Think Tanks in China, India, Japan and the Republic of Korea:** The Asia category underwent revisions in order to prevent the group's total domination by China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea. As such, we divided a single category for "Top Think Tanks in China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea".

**Top Think Tanks in Southeast Asia and the Pacific:** This category includes think tanks in Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Macao, Malaysia, Maldives,

Mongolia, Nepal, North Korea, Pakistan, Philippines, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Top Think Tanks in Central and Eastern Europe: Russia presents perhaps the thorniest case of all, since geographically it could conceivably belong to the Central and Eastern Europe, Central Asia, and Asia and the Pacific categories. In order to avoid confusion and to respect the fact that the majority of Russian think tanks lie in the extreme west of the country, Russia will remain in the Central and Eastern Europe category. The Central and Eastern Europe category will include Russian think tanks and also think tanks from those countries that lie between Turkey and Russia in the east and Sweden, Germany, Austria, and Italy in the west. Thus, this category will include think tank in Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, Kosovo, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Montenegro, Poland, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, and Ukraine.

**Top Think Tanks in Western Europe:** This category included think tanks in Andorra, Austria,

Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Malta, Monaco, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, San Marino, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, and Vatican City.

#### By Area of Research

**Top Transparency and Good Governance Think Tanks:** Transparency is a feature that marks the independency of think tanks. There are phantom NGOs and think tanks that actually serve the interest of government or specific individuals and corporations that establish them. A special relationship does exist between funders and thinks tanks that derails the independency and neutral value we believe think tanks should have.

Top Defense and National Security Think Tanks: This category is dedicated to the leading defense and national security institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses of national security, military, and defense policies. These institutions not only strive in developing comprehensive policy initiatives for commercial and government clients, but also offer informative publications readily available to the public. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

Top Domestic Economic Policy Think Tanks: This category is dedicated to the leading domestic economic policy think tanks of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior, innovative research and strategic analyses of domestic economic policy, which covers a wide range of topics such as: the money supply and interest rates, macro and microeconomics, trade and investments, and various other economic areas the government influences. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Education Policy Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading education policy institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses regarding educational issues to policy makers and the public. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

Top Energy and Resource Policy Think Tanks: This category is dedicated to the leading energy and resource policy institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on a wide set of issues such as: energy development, production, distribution, and various resource and energy issues significant to the global community. These think tanks excel in research, analysis and, public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Environment Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading environmental policy institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on various environmental issues that are of significance on a global level. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Foreign Policy and International Affairs Think Tanks**: This category is dedicated to the leading foreign policy and international affairs institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses pertaining to world affairs, security, political, and economic policy on a domestic and international level. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating

cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

Top Domestic Health Policy Think Tanks: This category is dedicated to the leading domestic health policy institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on topics related to domestic health services and goals within the specific country. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Global Health Policy Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading global health policy institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on topics related to the health issues and challenges the global community faces. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

Top Water and Food Security Think Tanks: This category is dedicated to the leading global food and water security policy institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category explicitly state goals or objective of mitigating the effects of insecurity in both areas with the purpose of promoting greater security. These entities are committed toward combating food security and promoting water security by identifying past and present causes of insecurities in these domains through research and analysis in order to develop targeted and effective solutions with the help of programs and services, outreach, and policy implementation at the local, national or global scale.

**Top International Development Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading international development institutions within the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on developmental challenges and issues facing the international community, such as: agricultural, growth, poverty, inequality, humanitarian, and various other topics related to development. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top International Economic Policy Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading international economic policy institutions within the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses

on topics pertaining international economic policy, such as: globalization, international finance, trade, investment, development, and various other topics relevant to global economics. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Science and Technology Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading science and technology institutions within the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on topics ranging from innovation and telecommunications to energy, climate, and life sciences. These think tanks excel in research, analysis, and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Social Policy Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading social policy institutions of the global community. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on topics pertaining to an wide array of social issues and challenges such as: health care, human services, criminal justice, inequality, education, and labor crime and justice, immigration, poverty and various other topics relevant to social policy. These think tanks excel in research, analysis and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

Top Water Security Think Tanks: This category is dedicated to the leading water security think tanks. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses on topics public policy in the areas of Water security which has been defined as "the reliable availability of an acceptable quantity and quality of water for health, livelihoods and production, coupled with an acceptable level of water-related risks". In addition, it is the capacity to assure access to adequate quantities and quality water to sustain livelihoods, proper health and socio-economic development of people around the world. These think tanks excel in research, analysis and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

**Top Food Security Think Tanks:** This category is dedicated to the leading food security think tanks. The top think tanks in this category provide superior innovative research and strategic analyses the issue of food security. This includes issues such as the access to sufficient, safe, nutritious food to maintain a healthy and life and the social and economic development communities.

Food security generally focuses on the disruption or unavailability of critical food supplies due to various risk factors such as: droughts, shipping disruptions, fuel shortages, economic instability, and national and sub-national conflicts. These think tanks excel in research, analysis and public engagement on a wide range of policy issues with the aim of advancing debate, facilitating cooperation between relevant actors, maintaining public support and funding, and improving the overall quality of life in one of the relevant countries.

#### By Special Achievement

**Best Advocacy Campaign:** Advocacy campaigns are groups of activities or actions that convey the ideas and beliefs of the organizations to the public. That being said, advocacy types of think tanks tend to take strong positions on particular policy issues, which may potentially derail the institute's objectivity and consistent value. As a continuum of structure and functions, advocacy think tanks at times mirror to public lobbies and interest groups.

**Best For-Profit Think Tanks:** Also known as corporate think tanks, for-profit think tanks are research organizations that operate as for profit businesses. In most cases, they are affiliated with a corporation that operates on a for-profit basis. As most think tanks may show structural similarities with organizational siblings, for-profit think tanks are mostly close to government research organizations.

**Best Government Affiliated Think Tanks:** Government affiliated think tanks are those that situate in the government and are considered a part of the government body. Think tanks honored in this category are recognized for outstanding policy research.

**Best Institutional Collaboration Involving Two or More Think Tanks:** Institution that is able to network, mobilize, and collaborate with two or more think tanks to produce a modest yet achievable set of global public goods.

**Best Managed Think Tank:** A well-managed think tank should have institutional-level decisions being widely spread among key staff such as organization head, directors and senior fellows to make sure the information is transparent and shared. Also, upward communication from staff to directors during regular meetings is also important, which ensures mutual understanding and common value are identified within the think tank. Nonetheless, the ability to attract senior analysts in completing organization mission and to provide training plans and workshops that keep the continuum of human capital development are key criteria to reflect organizational control over human resource.

**Best New Idea or Paradigm Developed by a Think Tank:** The main issue for organizational paradigm is its ability to define the structural design that is appropriate to the fulfillment of functional needs. New idea and paradigm think tanks are ones with solid

framework, ways of thinking and methodologies that are specifically developed to meet institutions goals and concerns.

**Best New Think Tanks:** These are think tanks that have been established in the last 24 months and are centers of excellence.

Best Policy Study/Report Produced by a Think Tank 2017-2018: Quality study/ reports that are able to meet the need of rigorous, policy-oriented research and are accessible to policy makers, media and the public.

**Best Think Tank Conference:** A quality conference should be able to bring all together the academics, practitioners, and policy makers to evaluate and examine global challenges such as financial risks, sustainability, or inequality in the future as a whole.

**Best Think Tank Network:** Working through network is a critical factor for a think tank to reach their goals. The ability to expand, mobilize and nurture network efficiently in an environment where organizations are closely entwined with each other helps to generate momentum for think tanks. Though some think tanks may need more secrecy within networks while others don't based on their goal and focus, networking has made the total greater than the sum of all individuals in a comprehensive environment.

**Best Think Tanks with Political Party Affiliation:** Think tanks that are formally affiliated with a political party and ideology. In the US, they are mostly categorized into Democrats, Republicans, and Independents. As aggregate data from 2014 shows, 39% identify as Independents, 32% as Democrats, and 23% as Republicans.

Best Trans-disciplinary Research Program at a Think Tank: Transdisciplinary research is a research method in which wide ranges of scholars work jointly with stakeholders. It aims at overcoming the production and demand of knowledge to contribute to solutions of social problems. In other words, it combines scholars of various disciplines together to form new conceptual, theoretical, methodological, and translational innovations that move beyond discipline-specific approaches to address a common problem.

**Think Tank to Watch:** Think tanks in this category are honored for their excellent research and innovative advances within the past 24 months.

Think Tanks with the Most Significant Impact on Public Policy: Public Policy is the means by which a government maintains order or addresses the needs of its citizens through actions defined by its constitution. Public policy is a term used to describe a collection of laws, mandates, or regulations established through a political process. Think tanks honored in this category produce research that is impactful and evident in Public Policy.

**Top Think Tanks with Annual Operating Budget of Less Than \$5 Million USD:** Think tanks in this category are honored for outstanding research practices and significant research output while operating on a budgets of less than \$5 Million USD.

Best Think Tank with the Best Practices (Policies and Procedures) to assure the Quality, Independence and Integrity of its Policy Research: Think tanks honored in this category adhere and uphold moral and ethical righteousness in their research practices.

Best Regional Studies Policy Research Think Tank (University Affiliated): A university- affiliated think tank is a research center dedicated to public policy analysis with the support of a major university, though the degree of this support fluctuates. These think tanks are often part of a specialized school of a university. Alumni networks often function as sources for key contacts in the policymaking community. The degree of affiliation between think tanks and their respective universities can be measured by analyzing the overlap of certain factors. Most are comprised of professors, researchers, and fellows hailing from their respective universities, but may also include visiting scholars and visiting fellows. They involve student research through research fellowships and internships as well as undergraduate and graduate programs. While some of these think tanks rely on facilities and staff of their respective universities to conduct research, the majority of them determine the research to be conducted independently. Most of these think tanks raise funds specific to their research through grants from individuals, foundations, organizations, and governments, while they may also receive financial support from their respective university. Buildings housing these think tanks tend to be located on their respective universities' campuses. They also have access to other university facilities, such as libraries and research labs, and many of the organizations also have facilities in additional locations.

**Best Regional Studies Policy Research Center (Free-Standing, Not University Affiliated):** Think Tanks honored in this category are independent of government or university affiliation, and are self-governing institutions. These institutions are autonomous and produce quality research that is objective and unbiased.

## 2017 Global Go To Ranking Results

In advance of presenting this year's results, I would like to stress that the inclusion of an institution in the universe of leading think tanks does not indicate a seal of approval or endorsement of the institution, its publications, or its programs on the part of the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program. Likewise, a failure to be nominated does not necessarily indicate a lack of quality and effectiveness or poor performance. There are 6,486 think tanks that are doing exceptional work to help bridge the gap between knowledge and policy. This report is no more than an effort to highlight some of the leading think tanks worldwide.

With that, it gives me great satisfaction and pleasure to present the results of the 2017 rankings process below.



# Think Tank of the Year 2017 - Top Think Tank in the World Table 1

1. The Brookings Institution

# Top Think Tanks Worldwide (Non-US) Table 2

	Table 2
1.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
2.	Bruegel (Belgium)
3.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
4.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
<b>5</b> .	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
6.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
7.	Fundação Getúlio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
8.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
9.	China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations (CICIR) (China)
10.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
11.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
12.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
13.	Carnegie Middle East Center (Lebanon)
14.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
15.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
16.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
17.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
18.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
19.	Clingendael, Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)
20.	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
21.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
22.	Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR) (United Kingdom)
23.	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) (China)
24.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
25.	Barcelona Centre for International Affairs (CIDOB) (Spain)
26.	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD) (South Africa)
27.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
28.	Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
29.	Razumkov Centre (Ukraine)
30.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
31.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
32.	Institute of Development Studies (IDS) (United Kingdom)
33.	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
34.	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
<b>35</b> .	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
36.	Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
37.	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
38.	Elcano Royal Institute (Spain)
39.	Turkish Economic and Social Studies Foundation (TESEV) (Turkey)

40.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
41.	Kiel Institute for the World Economy (IfW) (Germany)
42.	Botswana Institute for Development Policy Analysis (BIDP) (Botswana)
43.	Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) (United Kingdom)
44.	Centro de Implementación de Políticas Públicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
45.	Centro Brasileiro de Relações Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
46.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
47.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
48.	IDEAS (United Kingdom)
49.	Institute for National Security Studies (INSS) (Israel)
50.	Indian Council for Research on International Economic Research (ICRIER) (India)
51.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
52.	Institute of Foreign Affairs and National Security (IFANS) (Republic of Korea)
<b>53</b> .	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
54.	Australian Institute of International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
<b>55</b> .	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
56.	Centre for European Reform (CER) (United Kingdom)
<b>57</b> .	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
58.	Fedesarrollo (Colombia)
<b>59</b> .	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
60.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
61.	Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
62.	Civitas: Institute for the Study of Civil Society (United Kingdom)
<b>63</b> .	Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
64.	Centre for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (Indonesia)
<b>65</b> .	African Economic Research Consortium (AERC) (Kenya)
66.	Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS) (Singapore)
67.	Centre on Asia and Globalization (LKY) (Singapore)
68.	Centre for Civil Society (CCS) (India)
69.	Centro de Investigación para el Desarrollo A.C. (CIDAC) (Mexico)
70.	Asia Competitiveness Institute (ACI) (Singapore)
71.	Al-Ahram Center for Political and Strategic Studies (ACPSS) (Egypt)
72.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
73.	Association for Liberal Thinking (ALT) (Turkey)
74.	Ethos Public Policy Lab (Mexico)
<b>75.</b>	Center for the Study of State and Society (CEDES) (Argentina)
<b>76.</b>	Centre for Democracy and Development (CDD) (Ghana)
77.	Cambodia Development Resource Institute (CDRI) (Cambodia)
78.	Centro de Divulgación del Conocimiento Económico para la Libertad (CEDICE) (Venezuela)
<b>79</b> .	Ethiopian Development Research Institute (Ethiopia)

80.	Bonn International Center for Conversion (BICC) (Germany)
81.	Centre for Conflict Resolution (CCR) (South Africa)
82.	Center Liberal Studies (CLS) (Bulgaria)
83.	Center for Policy Studies (CPS) (Hungary)
84.	European Union Institute for Security Studies (EUISS) (France)
85.	Center for Free Enterprise (CFE) (Republic of Korea)
86.	Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) (India)
87.	RAND Europe (United Kingdom)
88.	Centro Euro-Mediterraneo sui Cambiamenti Climatici (CMCC) (Italy)
89.	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
90.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
91.	Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (SIIS) (China)
92.	Institute of Defence and Strategic Studies (IDSS) (Singapore)
93.	Heinrich Boll Foundation (HBS) (Germany)
94.	Fundación para el Análisis y los Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)
95.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FACSO) (Costa Rica)
96.	
	European Policy Centre (EPC) (Belgium)
97.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
98.	Center for China and Globalization (CCG) (China)
99.	Consejo Mexicano de Asuntos Internacionales (COMEXI) (México)
100.	EGMONT – The Royal Institute for International Relations (Belgium)
101.	European Centre for International Political Economy (ECIPE) (Belgium)
102. 103.	Timbro (Sweden)
103.	Prague Security Studies Institute (PSSI) (Czech Republic)
104.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina) Fundación Alternativas (Spain)
106. 107.	
107.	Centro de Estudios Públicos (CEP) (Chile)
100.	Istituto Bruno Leoni (IBL) (Italy)
	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
110. 111.	Carnegie Europe (Belgium)
	Brookings Doha Center (Qatar)  Pangladoch Institute of Davidonment Studies (PIDS) (Pangladoch)
112.	Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) (Bangladesh)
113.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
114.	Fundación Libertad (Argentina)
115.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
116.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
117.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
118.	Austrian Economics Center (AEC) (Austria)
119.	Brookings India (India)
120.	African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS) (Kenya)
121.	EUROPEUM Institute for European Policy (Czech Republic)

122.	F.A. Hayek Foundation (Slovakia)
123.	Makerere Institute of Social Research (MISR) (Uganda)
124.	Caucasus Institute for Peace, Democracy and Development (CIPDD) (Georgia)
125.	Fundar, Centro de Análisis e Investigación (Mexico)
126.	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
127.	Hungarian Institute of International Affairs (HIIA) (Hungary)
128.	Center for Strategic Studies (CSS) (Jordan)
129.	Asociación de Investigación y Estudios Sociales (ASIES) (Guatemala)
130.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
131.	Ravand Institute for Economic and International Studies (Iran)
132.	United Service Institution of India (USI) (India)
133.	Vivekananda International Foundation (VIF) (India)
134.	United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (UNECA) (Ethiopia)
135.	Policy Exchange (United Kingdom)
136.	Chung-Hua Institution for Economic Research (CIER) (Taiwan, China)
137.	Center for Democracy and Human Rights (CEDEM) (Montenegro)
138.	International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED) (United Kingdom)
139.	Begin-Sadat Center for Strategic Studies (BESA Center) (Israel)
140.	Kazakhstan Institute for Strategic Studies (KazISS) (Kazakhstan)
141.	Al Jazeera Centre for Studies (AJCS) (Qatar)
142.	Centre for Land Warfare Studies (CLAWS) (India)

# Top Think Tanks Worldwide (U.S. and non-U.S.) Table 3

	Table 3
1.	Brookings Institution (United States)
2.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
3.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)
4.	Bruegel (Belgium)
5.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (United States)
6.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
7.	Fundação Getúlio Vargas (FGV)
8.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
9.	RAND Corporation (United States)
10.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
11.	Woodrow Wilson Center for International Scholars (United States)
12.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
13.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
14.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
15.	Cato Institute (United States)
16.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
17.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
18.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
19.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
20.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
21.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
22.	Carnegie Middle East Center (Lebanon)
23.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
24.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
25.	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
26.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
27.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
28.	Institute for World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
29.	Human Rights Watch (United States)
30.	China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations (CICIR) (China)
31.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
32.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
33.	Clingendael, Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)
34.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
35.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
36.	Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR) (United Kingdom)
37.	Barcelona Centre for International Affairs (CIDOB) (Spain)

38.	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD) (South Africa)
39.	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) (China)
40.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
41.	Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
42.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
43.	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
44.	Razumkov Centre (Ukraine)
45.	IDEAS (United Kingdom)
46.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
47.	Elcano Royal Institute (Spain)
48.	Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
49.	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
50.	China Institute of International Studies (CIIS) (China)
51.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
52.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
53.	Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) (United Kingdom)
54.	Australian Institute for International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
55.	Urban Institute (United States)
56.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
57.	Al-Ahram Center for Political and Strategic Studies (ACPSS) (Egypt)
58.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
59.	Kiel Institute for the World Economy (IfW) (Germany)
60.	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
61.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
62.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
63.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
64.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (United Kingdom)
<b>65.</b>	Fedesarrollo (Colombia)
66.	Bonn International Center for Conversion (BICC) (Germany)
<b>67.</b>	African Economic Research Consortium (AERC) (Kenya)
68.	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
69.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
70.	Atlantic Council (United States)
71.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
72.	Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs (United States)
73.	Institute of Foreign Affairs and National Security (IFANS) (Republic of Korea)
74.	Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies (WMCES), FKA Centre for European Studies (Belgium)
<i>75.</i>	Centre for European Reform (CER) (United Kingdom)

76.	European Union Institute for Security Studies (EUISS) (France)
77.	Turkish Economic and Social Studies Foundation (TESEV) (Turkey)
78.	Centre for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (Indonesia)
70.	Institute of International and Strategic Studies (IISS), FKA Center for
79.	International and Strategic Studies (China)
80.	World Economic Forum (WEF) (Switzerland)
81.	Centre for Civil Society (CCS) (India)
82.	Institute of Development Studies (IDS) (United Kingdom)
83.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
84.	Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM) (Poland)
85.	Centre for Conflict Resolution (CCR) (South Africa)
86.	Fundación para el Análisis y los Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)
87.	Heinrich Boll Foundation (HBS) (Germany)
88.	Association for Liberal Thinking (ALT) (Turkey)
89.	Demos (United Kingdom)
90.	European Centre for International Political Economy (ECIPE) (Belgium)
91.	Timbro (Sweden)
92.	Center for China and Globalization (CCG) (China)
93.	Centro de Estudios Públicos (CEP) (Chile)
94.	Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (SIIS) (China)
95.	Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS) (Singapore)
96.	Civitas: Institute for the Study of Civil Society (United Kingdom)
97.	Centro de Divulgación del Conocimiento Económico para la Libertad (CEDICE) (Venezuela)
98.	Institute of Defence and Strategic Studies (IDSS) (Singapore)
99.	Centre for Policy Studies (CPS) (United Kingdom)
100.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
101.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
102.	Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) (Bangladesh)
103.	Unirule Institute for Economics (China)
104.	Centre for Independent Studies (CIS) (Australia)
105.	Hudson Institute (United States)
106.	Center for Free Enterprise (CFE) (Republic of Korea)
107.	Institute for National Security Studies (INSS) (Israel)
108.	Indian Council for Research on International Economic Relations (ICRIER) (India)
109.	Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) (India)
110.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
111.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
112.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
113.	Center for Policy Studies (CPS) (Hungary)

114.	Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
115.	Institute for International Policy Studies (IIPS) (Japan)
116.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
117.	Asia Society Policy Institute (ASPI) (United States)
118.	EGMONT – The Royal Institute for International Relations (Belgium)
119.	European Policy Centre (EPC) (Belgium)
120.	Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK) (Germany)
121.	Fundação Armando Alvares Penteado (FAAP) (Brazil)
122.	Free Market Foundation (FMF) (South Africa)
123.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
124.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
125.	Center for Strategic Studies (SAM) (Azerbaijan)
126.	Instituto Ecuatoriano de Economía Política (IEEP) (Ecuador)
127.	EUROPEUM Institute for European Policy (Czech Republic)
128.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
129.	Gulf Research Center (GRC) (Saudi Arabia)
130.	Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Sri Lanka)
131.	Istituto Bruno Leoni (IBL) (Italy)
132.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
133.	Mercatus Center (United States)
134.	Centro de Estudio de la Realidad Económica y Social (CERES) (Uruguay)
135.	Lithuanian Free Market Institute (LFMI) (Lithuania)
136.	Fundación Alternativas (Spain)
137.	National Institute for Defense Studies (NIDS) (Japan)
138.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
139.	Economic Policy Research Centre (EPRC) (Uganda)
140.	Centre for Liberal Strategies (CLS) (Bulgaria)
141.	Delhi Policy Group (India)
142.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
143.	Ifo Institute – Leibniz Institute for Economic Research (Germany)
144.	Finnish Institute of International Affairs (FIIA) (Finland)
145.	Consejo Mexicano de Asuntos Internacionales (COMEXI) (Mexico)
146.	Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) (Greece)
147.	Fondazione Eni Enrico Mattei (FEEM) (Italy)
148.	Hoover Institution (United States)
149.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
150.	Institución Futuro (Spain)
151.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
152.	German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States)

153.	Acton Institute for the Study of Religion and Liberty (United States)
154.	Initiative for Development and Global Governance (IDGM) (France)
155.	Centro Euro-Mediterraneo sui Cambiamenti Climatici (CMCC) (Italy)
156.	Friedrich Naumann Foundation for Freedom (FNF) (Germany)
157.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
158.	Centro de Análisis e Investigación (Mexico)
159.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
160.	Centro de Investigaciones Económicas Nacionales (CIEN) (Guatemala)
161.	Cambodia Development Resource Institute (CDRI) (Cambodia)
162.	Copenhagen Consensus Center (Denmark)
163.	Israel-Palestine: Creative Regional Initiatives (IPCRI)
164.	Centro Studi Internazionali (Ce.S.I.) (Italy)
165.	Ethiopian Development Research Institute (EDRI) (Ethiopia)
166.	Institute of Statistical, Social and Economic Research (ISSER) (Ghana)
167.	Caucasus Institute for Peace, Democracy and Development (CIPDD) (Georgia)
168.	Centre for Land Warfare Studies (CLAWS) (India)
169.	Centre for Geopolitical Studies (GEOPOLITIKA) (Lithuania)
170.	Centre for Policy Research (CPR) (India)
171.	Fundación Libertad (Argentina)
172.	Fundación Alternativas (Spain)
173.	Our Hong Kong Foundation (China)

# Top Think Tanks by Region

# Top Think Tanks in Sub-Saharan Africa Table 4

1.	Botswana Institute for Development Policy Analysis (BIDPA) (Botswana)
2.	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD) (South Africa)
3.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
4.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
5.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
6.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
7.	Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
8.	African Economic Research Consortium (AERC) (Kenya)
9.	African Center for Economic Transformation (ACET) (Ghana)
10.	Ethiopian Development Research Institute (EDRI) (Ethiopia)
11.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
12.	REPOA, FKA Research on Poverty Alleviation (Tanzania)
13.	Centre for Development and Enterprise (CDE) (South Africa)
14.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
15.	Centre Ivoirien de Recherches Economiques et Sociales (CIRES) (Cote d'Ivoire)
16.	Ethiopian Economics Association (EEA) (Ethiopia)
17.	Centre for Conflict Resolution (CCR) (South Africa)
18.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (Ghana)
19.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
20.	Free Market Foundation (FMF) (South Africa)
21.	Nigerian Institute of International Affairs (NIIA) (Nigeria)
22.	Advocates Coalition for Development and Environment (ACODE) (Uganda)
23.	Africa Institute of South Africa (AISA) (South Africa)
24.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (Kenya)
25.	South African Institute of Race Relations (IRR) (South Africa)
26.	Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC) (Uganda)
27.	Institute for Global Dialogue (IGD) (South Africa)
28.	Initiative for Public Policy Analysis (IPPA) (Nigeria)
29.	Centre for Research and Technology Development (RESTECH) (Kenya)
30.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
31.	Centre for Population and Environmental Development (CPED) (Nigeria)
32.	Mo Ibrahim Foundation (United Kingdom)
33.	Institute for Development Studies (Ghana)

34.	Institute of Statistical, Social and Economic Research (ISSER) (Ghana)
35.	Institute for Public Policy Research (IPPR) (Namibia)
36.	Makerere Institute of Social Research (MISR) (Uganda)
37.	Group for Research and Applied Analyssi for Development (GRAAD) (Burkina Faso)
38.	Rift Valley Institute (RVI) (Kenya)
39.	Institute for Empirical Research in Political Economy (IERPE) (Benin)
40.	Centre for the Study of the Economies of Africa (CSEA) (Nigeria)
41.	Centre d'Etudes, de Documentation et de Recherche Economiques et Sociales (CEDRES) (Burkina Faso)
42.	Economic and Social Research Foundation (ESRF) (Tanzania)
43.	Groupe de Recherche en Economie Appliquee et Theorique (GREAT) (Mali)
44.	Inter-Region Economic Network (IREN) (Kenya)
<b>45</b> .	Centre d'Etudes de Politiques pour le Developpement (CEPOD) (Senegal)
46.	Institute for Peace and Security Studies (IPSS) (Ethiopia)
47.	Programme de Troisieme Cycle Inter-universitaire en Economie (PTCI) (Burkina Faso)
48.	Africa Heritage Institution (Afri-Heritage) (Nigeria)
49.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Tanzania)
50.	Mapungubwe Institute for Strategic Reflection (MISTRA) (South Africa)
51.	Development Research and Projects Centre (dRPC) (Nigeria)
52.	Institute of Policy Analysis and Research (IPAR) (Kenya)
53.	Centre Autonome d'Etudes et de Renforcement des Capacites pour le Developpement au Togo (CADERDT) (Togo)
54.	Nigerian Institute for Social and Economic Research (NISER) (Nigeria)
55.	Science, Technology and Innovation Policy Research Organization (STIPRO) (Tanzania)
56.	Macroeconomic and Financial Management Institute of Eastern and Southern Africa (MEFMI) (Zimbabwe)
<b>57.</b>	Mandela Institute for Development Studies (MINDS) (South Africa)
58.	UONGOZI Institute (Tanzania)
59.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (Angola)
60.	Research Center for Social Action (CEPAS) (Democratic Republic Congo)
61.	Economic Policy Research Centre (Uganda)
62.	Swaziland Economic Policy Analysis and Research Centre (SEPARC) (Swaziland)
63.	Institute for Policy Analysis and Research (IPAR) (Rwanda)
64.	Development Policy Research Unit (DPRU) (South Africa)
<b>65</b> .	Africa Freedom of Information Centre (Uganda)
66.	United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (Ethiopia)
67.	Initiative prospective agricole et rurale (IPAR) (Senegal)
68.	Afro-Middle East Centre (South Africa)
<b>69</b> .	Institute for Democratic Governance- IDEG (Ghana)

70.	Cellule d'Analyse de Politiques Economiques du Cires (CAPEC) (Côte d'Ivoire)
71.	Centre d'Analyse de Politiques Economiques et Sociales (CAPES) (BurkinaFaso)
72.	Centre d'Etudes et de Renforcement des Capacités d'Analyse et de Plaidoyer (CERCAP) (Mali)
73.	Centre for Democracy and Development (CDD) (Nigeria)
74.	Centre de Recherche et d'Action pour La Paix (Côte d'Ivoire)
<b>75</b> .	Consortium for Social and Economic Research (Senegal)
76.	Consortium pour la Recherche Economique en Afrique (Kenya)
77.	Institut Audace-Afrique, Abidjan (Ivory Coast)
78.	Environmental Economics Policy Forum for Ethiopia (EEPFE) (Ethiopia)
79.	Heritage Institute for Policy Studies (Somalia)
80.	African Development Associates (ADEAS) (Liberia)
81.	Institute of Security Studies (Ethiopia)
82.	Africa Centre for Cities (South Africa)
83.	Sudd Institute (South Sudan)
84.	Okavango Research Institute (Botswana)
85.	Centre for Economic Transformation (CET) (Ghana)
86.	Centre for the Study of Governance Innovation (South Africa)
87.	Tanzania Natural Resources Forum (Tanzania)
88.	Center for Environment and Development (Cameroon)
89.	Centro Terra Viva (Mozambique)
90.	Horn of Africa Economic and Social Policy Institute, Addis Ababa (Ethiopia)

### Top Think Tanks in Mexico and Canada Table 5

	Table 5
1.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
2.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
3.	Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP) (Canada)
4.	Mexico Evalua Centro de Analisis de Politicas Publicas (Mexico)
<b>5</b> .	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
6.	Consejo Mexicano de Asuntos Internacionales (COMEXI) (Mexico)
7.	Canadian Global Affairs Institute (CGAI) (Canada)
8.	Centro de Investigacion y Docencia Economicas (CIDE) (Mexico)
9.	Ethos Public Policy Lab (Mexico)
10.	Macdonald-Laurier Institute (MLI) (Canada)
11.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
12.	Instituto Mexicano para la Competitividad (IMCO) (Mexico)
13.	C.D. Howe Institute (Canada)
14.	Centro de Investigacion Economica y Presupuestaria (CIEP) (Mexico)
15.	Conference Board of Canada (CBoC) (Canada)
16.	International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD) (Canada)
17.	Gestion Social y Cooperacion (GESOC) (Mexico)
18.	Montreal Economic Institute (MEI) (Canada)
19.	Mexicanos Conra la Corrupcion y la Impuidad (Mexico)
20.	Atlantic Institute for Market Studies (AIMS) (Canada)
21.	Canadian International Council (CIC) (Canada)
22.	Centro de Estudios Espinosa Yglesias (CEEY) (Mexico)
23.	Colegio de la Frontera Norte (Colef) (Mexico)
24.	Center for International Policy Studies (Canada)
25.	Centro de Investigaciones Sobre la Libre Empresa (CISLE) (Mexico)
26.	Eco-Fiscal Commission (Canada)
27.	Colegio de Mexico (CM) (Mexico)
28.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Mexico)
29.	Colectivo de Analisis de la Seguridad con Democracia (CASEDE) (Mexico)
30.	Frontier Centre for Public Policy (FCPP) (Canada)
31.	Instituto para la Seguridad y la Democracia (INSYDE) (Mexico)
32.	Mowat Center (Canada)
33.	Instituto de Pensamiento Estrategico Agora (IPEA) (Mexico)
34.	Centre for International and Defence Policy (CIDP), FKA Queen's Centre for International Relations (Canada)
35.	Public Policy Forum (PPF) (Canada)
36.	Canada 2020 (Canada)
37.	Caledon Institute of Social Policy (Canada)
38.	Caminos de la Libertad (Mexico)
39.	Canadian Taxpayers Federation (Canada)

40.	Mackenzie Institute (Canada)
41.	Mexicanos Primero (Mexico)
42.	CIVITAS (Canada)
43.	Asia Pacific Foundation (Canada)
44.	Pembina Institute (Canada)
45.	Fundacion Idea (Mexico)

	Top Think Tanks in Central and South America  Table 6
1.	Fundação Getúlio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
2.	Fedesarrollo (Colombia)
3.	Centro Brasileiro de Relações Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
4.	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
5.	Centro de Implementación de Políticas Públicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
6.	Centro de Estudios Públicos (CEP) (Chile)
7.	Centro de Estudio de la Realidad Económica y Social (CERES) (Uruguay)
8.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)
9.	Centro de Divulgación del Conocimiento Económico para la Libertad (CEDICE) (Venezuela)
10.	Institute for Applied Economic Research (IPEA) (Brazil)
11.	Corporación de Estudios para Latinoamérica (CIEPLAN) (Chile)
12.	Fundação Fernando Henrique Cardoso (FHC) (Brazil)
13.	Centro de Análisis y Difusión de la Economía Paraguaya (CADEP) (Paraguay)
14.	Centro Latinoamericano de Economía Humana (CLAEH) (Uruguay)
15.	Fundación de Investigaciones Económicas Latinoamericanas (FIEL) (Argentina)
16.	Fundación Salvadoreña para el Desarrollo Económico y Social (FUSADES) (El Salvador)
17.	Grupo de Análisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú)
18.	Centro Brasileiro de Análise e Planejamento (CEBRAP) (Brazil)
19.	Consejo Uruguayo para las Relaciones Internacionales (CURI) (Uruguay)
20.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
21.	Fundación para el Avance de las Reformas y las Oportunidades (Grupo FARO) (Ecuador)
22.	Fundación Ideas para la Paz (FIP) (Colombia)
23.	Fundación Chile 21 (Chile)
24.	Centro de Estudios de Estado y Sociedad (CEDES) (Argentina)
25.	Instituto Libertad y Democracia (ILD) (Perú)
26.	Fundación Pensar (Argentina)
27.	Instituto de Estudios Perúanos (IEP) (Perú)
28.	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
29.	Fundación Jaime Guzman (FJG) (Chile)
30.	Asociación de Investigación y Estudios Sociales (ASIES) (Guatemala)

Núcleo de Estudos da Violência (NEV USP) (Brazil)

Instituto Ecuatoriano de Economía Política (IEEP) (Ecuador)

Foro Social de la Deuda Externa y Desarrollo de Honduras (FOSDEH)

31.

32.

33.

(Honduras)

24	Institute Millenium (Provil)
34. 35.	Instituto Millenium (Brazil)
36.	Fundación Dr. Guillermo Manuel Ungo (FUNDAUNGO) (El Salvador)
37.	Fundación Libertad (Argentina)  Centro de Estudios Distributivos, Laborales y Sociales (CEDLAS) (Argentina)
	Fundación Global Democracia y Desarrollo (FUNGLODE) (Dominican
38.	Republic)
39.	Instituto de Estudios Avanzados en Desarrollo (INESAD) (Bolivia)
40.	Instituto Desarrollo (Paraguay)
41.	Centro de Investigaciones Económicas Nacionales (CIEN) (Guatemala)
42.	Fundación Centro de Pensamiento Primero Colombia (FCPPC) (Colombia)
43.	Centro Ecuatoriano de Derecho Ambiental (CEDA) (Guatemala)
44.	Fundación Milenio (Bolivia)
<b>45</b> .	Grupo Propuesta Ciudadana (GPC) (Perú)
46.	Fundación ARU (Bolivia)
47.	Fundación Nicaragüense para el Desarrollo Económico y Social (FUNIDES) (Nicaragua)
48.	Nassau Institute (Bahamas)
49.	Center for a New Economy (CNE) (Puerto Rico)
<b>50</b> .	Centro de Investigación y Promoción del Campesinado (CIPCA) (Perú)
51.	Centro de Investigaciones Económicas (CINVE) (Guatemala)
<b>52</b> .	Faculdade de Direito do Sul de Minas (Brazil)
<b>53</b> .	Centro de Investigaciones para la Transformación (CENIT) (Argentina)
54.	Centro para la Apertura y el Desarrollo de América Latina (CADAL) (Argentina)
<b>55</b> .	Colombian Caribbean Observatory (Colombia)
56.	Consejo Venezolano de Relaciones Internacionales (COVRI) (Venezuela)
57.	Dejusticia (Colombia)
58.	Centro de Análisis de las Decisiones Públicas (CADEP) (Guatemala)
<b>59</b> .	Instituto Perúano de Economía (IPE) (Perú)
60.	Centro de Estudios Económicos y Sociales (CEES) (Guatemala)
61.	Centro de Investigaciones Socio Jurídicas (CEES) (Colombia)
62.	Comisión Económica para América Latina y el Caribe (ECLAC/CEPAL) (Chile)
63.	El Centro de Estudios sobre Desarrollo Económico (CEDE) (Colombia)
64.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
<b>65</b> .	Fórum Brasileiro de Segurança Pública (FBSP) (Brazil)
66.	SENACYT (Republic of Panama)
67.	Fundación Bases (Argentina)
68.	Fundación Democracia y Libertad (Perú)
69.	Instituto Liberdade (IL-RS) (Brazil)
70.	Instituto Político para la Libertad (IPL) (Perú)
71.	Fundación para el Progreso (FPP) (Chile)
72.	Fundación para la Paz y la Democracia (FUNPADEM) (Costa Rica)
73.	Igarapé Institute (Brazil)

74.	Instituto De Ciencia Política Hernán Echavarría Olózaga (ICP) (Colombia)
75.	Federação de Órgãos para Assistência Social e Educacional (FASE) (Brazil)
76.	Instituto de Desarrollo Empresarial y Acción Social (IDEAS) (Costa Rica)
77.	Instituto de Investigaciones Económicas y Sociales (IIES) (Guatemala)
78.	Latin American Security and Defence Network (RESDAL) (Argentina)
79.	Libertad y Progreso (Argentina)
80.	MODRICENIR (Haití)

#### Top Think Tanks in United States Table 7

	Table 7
1.	Brookings Institution (United States)
2.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
3.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)
4.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
5.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
6.	RAND Corporation (United States
7.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
8.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
9.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
10.	Cato Institute (United States)
11.	Urban Institute (United States)
12.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
13.	Atlantic Council (United States)
14.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
15.	Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
16.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
17.	James A. Baker III Institute for Public Policy (United States)
18.	Hudson Institute (United States)
19.	Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs (United States)
20.	Stimson Center (United States)
21.	Hoover Institution (United States)
22.	Resources for the Future (RFF) (United States)
23.	Pew Research Center (United States)
24.	Freedom House (United States)
25.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United States)
26.	United States Institute of Peace (USIP) (United States)
27.	Acton Institute for the Study of Religion and Liberty (United States)
28.	Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (CBPP) (United States)
29.	Manhattan Institute for Policy Research (MI) (United States)
30.	Center for International Development (CID) (United States)
31.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
32.	Carnegie Council for Ethics in International Affairs (United States)
33.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
34.	German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States)
35.	Inter-American Dialogue (United States)
<b>36</b> .	Economic Policy Institute (EPI) (United States)
37.	Foreign Policy Research Institute (FPRI) (United States)
38.	Worldwatch Institute (United States)
39.	Mercatus Center (United States)

40	Migratian Delian Institute (MDI) (United States)
40. 41.	Migration Policy Institute (MPI) (United States)
41. 42.	Reason Foundation (United States)
	Center for Climate and Energy Solutions (C2ES) (United States)
43.	New America Foundation (United States)
44.	Earth Institute (United States)
<b>45</b> .	Center for the National Interest (CFTNI), FKA Nixon Center (United States)
<b>46</b> .	Aspen Institute (United States)
47.	Pacific Research Institute (PRI) (United States)
48.	Information Technology and Innovation Foundation (ITIF) (United States)
49.	Asia Society Policy Institute (ASPI) (United States)
50.	Bipartisan Policy Center (BPC) (United States)
51.	Center for Transatlantic Relations (CTR) (United States)
<b>52</b> .	Atlas Network (United States)
53.	Foundation for Economic Education (FEE) (United States)
<b>54</b> .	EastWest Institute (EWI) (United States)
55.	Independent Institute (United States)
<b>56</b> .	Institute for Policy Studies (IPS) (United States)
57.	Competitive Enterprise Institute (CEI) (United States)
58.	International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) (United States)
59.	Center for Economic and Policy Research (CEPR) (United States)
60.	Third Way (United States)
61.	Committee for Economic Development (CED) (United States)
62.	Center for European Policy Analysis (CEPA) (United States)
63.	Middle East Institute (MEI) (United States)
64.	Center for Strategic and Budgetary Assessments (CSBA) (United States)
65.	National Bureau of Asian Research (NBR) (United States)
66.	Demos (United States)
67.	Hispanic American Center for Economic Research (HACER) (United States)
68.	Open Society Foundations (OSF), FKA Open Society Institute (United States)
<b>69</b> .	Berggruen Institute (United States)
70.	Institute for Women's Policy Research (IWPR) (United States)
71.	Arctic Institute (United States)
72.	Tax Foundation (United States)
<b>73</b> .	Center for International Security and Arms Control (CISAC) (United States)
74.	Lugar Center (United States)
<b>75</b> .	Institute for New Economic Thinking (United States
76.	Goldwater Institute (United States)
<b>77</b> .	McCain Institute for International Leadership (United States)
78.	Congressional Research Service (CRS) (United States)
79.	Africa Center for Strategic Studies (United States)
80.	Project for the Study of the 21st Century (PS21) (United States)
81.	Institute for Religion and Democracy (IRD) (United States)

82.	Institute for Science and International Security (ISIS) (United States)
83.	Mackinac Center (United States)
84.	Center for International Policy (CIP) (United States)
85.	Washington Center for Equitable Growth (United States)
86.	Center for Naval Analysis (CNA) (United States)
87.	Public Policy Institute of California (PPIC) (United States)
88.	Institute for Defense Analysis (United States)
89.	Levy Institute (United States)
90.	Roosevelt Institute (United States)

#### Top Think Tanks in Central Asia Table 8

	Table 8
1.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
2.	Kazakhstan Institute for Strategic Studies (KazISS) (Kazakhstan)
3.	Caucasus Institute for Peace, Democracy and Development (CIPDD) (Georgia)
4.	Caucasus Research Resource Center (CRRC) (Azerbaijan)
5.	Afghanistan Research and Evaluation Unit (AREU) (Afghanistan)
6.	Armenian International Policy Research Group (AIPRG) (Armenia)
7.	Institute for Policy Studies (IPS) (Georgia)
8.	Economic Research Institute (Kazakhstan)
9.	Aga Khan Foundation (AKF) (Afghanistan)
10.	Armenian Center for National and International Studies (ACNIS) (Armenia)
11.	Asia Foundation - Afghanistan (Afghanistan)
12.	Center for Economic Research (CER) (Uzbekistan)
13.	Analytical Centre on Globalization and Regional Cooperation (ACGRC) (Armenia)
14.	Advanced Social Technologies (AST) (Armenia)
15.	New Economic School (NESG) (Georgia)
16.	Center for Social and Economic Research in Kyrgyzstan (CASE) (Kyrgyzstan)
17.	Strategic Research Center (SRC) (Georgia)
18.	Center for Strategic and Military Research (Kazakhstan)
19.	Free Minds Association (FMA) (Azerbaijan)
20.	Caucasus Research Resource Center (CRRC) (Georgia)
21.	National Institute for Strategic Studies (Kyrgyzstan)
22.	South-Caucasus Institute of Regional Security (SCIRS) (Georgia)
23.	Turpanjian Center for Policy Analysis (TCPA) (Armenia)
24.	Centre for Political Studies (CPS) (Uzbekistan)
25.	Armenia 2020 (Armenia)
26.	Georgian Research and Educational Networking Association (GRENA) (Georgia)
27.	Civil Society Institute (CSI) (Armenia)
28.	Public Policy Research Center (PPRC) (Kazakhstan)
29.	Institute of Strategic and Inter-Regional Research (Uzbekistan)
30.	Public Policy Institute (Armenia)
31.	Economic Research Center (ERC) (Azerbaijan)
32.	Afghan Institute for Strategic Studies (Afghanistan)
33.	Entrepreneurship Development Foundation (EDF) (Azerbaijan)
34.	Institute for Regional Studies (IFRS) (Kyrgyzstan)
35.	Caucasus Research Resource Center (CRRC) (Armenia)
36.	Tahlil Centre for Social Research (Uzbekistan)
37.	Liberty Institute (Georgia)

38.	Economic Policy and Competitiveness Research Center (Mongolia)
39.	Public-Private Partnership Center (Kazakhstan)
40.	Strategic Research Center under the President of Tajikistan (Tajikistan)
41.	Bureau on Human Rights and Rule of Law (Kyrgyzstan)
42.	International Council on Security and Development (ICOS), FKA The Senlis Council (Afghanistan)
43.	Partnership for Social Initiatives (PSI) (Georgia)
44.	National Analytical Center (Kazakhstan)
45.	Afghanistan Institute for Rural Development (AIRD) (Afghanistan)
47.	R.B. Suleimenov Institute of Oriental Studies (Kazakhstan)
48.	Economic Policy Institute - Bishkek Consensus (EPI) (Kyrgyzstan)
49.	KIMEP University, FKA Kazakhstan Institute of Management, Economics and Strategic Research (Kazakhstan)
<b>50</b> .	Peace Research Center of Kyrgyzstan (Kyrgyzstan)
51.	Institute of World Economics and Politics (IWEP) (Kazakhstan)
<b>52</b> .	Institute for Public Policy (IPP) (Kyrgyzstan)
53.	Center for Strategic Studies (SAM) (Azerbaijan)
54.	Center for Political Analysis Strategic Studies (Kazakhstan)
55.	Georgian Foundation for Strategic and International Studies (GFSIS) (Georgia)
56.	Afghanistan Economic and Legal Studies Organization (AELSO) (Afghanistan)
57.	ISET Policy Institute (Georgia)
<b>58</b> .	Information-Analytic Center (Kazakhstan)
59.	Institute for Scientific Research on Economic Reforms (Azerbaijan)
60.	National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISS) (Kyrgyz Republic)
61.	Eurasia Research Institute (Kazakhstan)
62.	Tajikistan Free Market Centre (Tajikistan)
63.	Research and Development Center (Kazakhstan)
64.	Armat Center for Democracy and Civil Society (Armenia)
65.	AMBERD Research Center of Armenian State University of Economics (Armenia)

# Top Think Tanks in China, India, Japan, and the Republic of Korea Table 9

	Table 9
1.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
2.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
3.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
4.	China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations (CICIR) (China)
5.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
6.	Institute of Developing Economies, Japan External Trade Organization (IDE- JETRO) (Japan)
7.	Institute for Defense Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
8.	China Institute of International Studies (CIIS) (China)
9.	National Institute for Defense Studies (NIDS) (Japan)
10.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
11.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
12.	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) (China)
13.	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
14.	Centre for Civil Society (CCS) (India)
15.	Asan Institute for Policy Studies (AIPS) (Republic of Korea)
16.	Delhi Policy Group (DPG) (India)
17.	Institute of Foreign Affairs and National Security(IFANS) (Republic of Korea)
18.	Centre for Policy Research (CPR) (India)
19.	Carnegie Center (China)
20.	Brooking Center (China)
21.	Indian Council for Research in International Economic Relations (ICRIER) (India)
22.	Center for China and Globalization (CCG) (China)
23.	Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (SIIS) (China)
24.	Japan Center for International Exchange (JCIE) (Japan)
25.	Institute of International and Strategic Studies (IISS) (China)
26.	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
27.	Institute for International Policy Studies (IIPS) (Japan)
28.	Unirule Institute for Economics (China)
29.	Center for Study of Science, Technology and Policy (CSTEP) (India)
30.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
31.	Korea Institute for Defense Analyses (KIDA) (Republic of Korea)
32.	Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI) (Japan)
33.	Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) (India)
34.	Shanghai Academy of Social Sciences (SASS) (China)
35.	Centre for the Study of Developing Societies (CSDS) (India)
36.	Japan Institute for International Development (Japan)

37.	Centre for Land Warfare Studies (CLAWS) (India)
38.	National Institute for Research Advancement (NIRA) (Japan)
39.	Sejong Institute (Republic of Korea)
40.	Cathay Institute for Public Affairs (CIPA) (China)
41.	Vivekananda Foundation (India)
42.	Korea Energy Economics Institute (KEEI) (Republic of Korea)
43.	National Council of Applied Economic Research (NCAER) (India)
44.	China Center for International Economic Exchanges (CCIEE) (China)
45.	Tokyo Foundation (Japan)
46.	Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies (IPCS) (India)
47.	China Finance 40 Forum (CF40) (China)
48.	Institute of Economic Growth (IEG) (India)
49.	Research Institute for Peace and Security (RIPS) (Japan)
50.	Indian Council of World Affairs (ICWA) (India)
51.	Korea Institute for Industrial Economics and Trade (KIET) (Republic of Korea)
52.	Nomura Research Institute (NRI) (Japan
<b>53</b> .	Our Hong Kong Foundation (China
54.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
<b>55</b> .	United Service Institution of India (USI) (India)
56.	Center for Free Enterprise (CFE) (Republic of Korea)
<b>57</b> .	Pangoal Institute (China)
58.	Hindu Centre for Politics and Public Policy (India)
<b>59</b> .	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS)(Japan)
60.	Lion Rock Institute (China)
61.	Alibaba Research Institute (China)
62.	Council on Energy, Environment and Water (CEEW) (India)
<b>63</b> .	Institute for Global Environmental Strategies (IGES) (Japan)
64.	Japan Center for Economic Research (JCER) (Japan)
<b>65</b> .	JICA Research Institute (Japan)
66.	Center for Science and Environment (CSE) (India)
67.	Brookings India (India)
68.	Outlook Institute, Xinhua News Agency (China)
<b>69</b> .	China Institute for Reform and Development (CIRD) (China)
70.	Chennai Centre for China Studies (C3S) (India)
71.	Civic Exchange (China)
72.	Carnegie India (India)
73.	Charhar Institute (China)
74.	Centre for Air Power Studies (CAPS) (India)
<b>75</b> .	Integrated Research and Action for Development (IRADe) (India)
76.	Japan Policy Research Institute (PRI) (Japan)
77.	Hong Kong Policy Research Institute (PRI) (China)

78.	Korean Institute of Science and Technology Evaluation and Planning (KISTEP) (Republic of Korea)
79.	National Institute of Science and Technology Policy (Japan)
80.	China International Institute for Strategic Studies (China)
81.	Centre for Internet and Society (CIS) (India)
<b>82</b> .	Institute of Energy Economics, Japan (IEEJ) (Japan)
83.	India Foundation (India)
84.	Hong Kong Centre for Economic Research (China)
85.	Science and Technology Policy Institute (Republic of Korea)
86.	Korea Foundation (Republic of Korea)
87.	Guangdong Institute for International Strategies (China)
88.	National Institute for Educational Policy Research (Japan)
89.	Global Governance Research Center (China)
90.	Field of View (India)

	Top Think Tanks in Southeast Asia and the Pacific  Table 10
1.	Institute of Defence and Strategic Studies (IDSS) (Singapore)
2.	Australian Institute for International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
3.	Centre for Strategic Studies (CSS) (New Zealand)
4.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
<b>5</b> .	Centre for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (Indonesia)
6.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
<b>7.</b>	Taiwan Foundation for Democracy (TFD) (Taiwan)
8.	Strategic and Defense Studies Centre (SDSC) (Australia)
9.	Institute of Strategic and International Studies (ISIS) (Malaysia)
10.	Centre for Independent Studies (CIS) (Australia)
11.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
12.	East Asian Institute (EAI) (Singapore)
13.	Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS) (Singapore)
14.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
15.	Thailand Development Research Institute (TDRI) (Thailand)
16.	Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) (Bangladesh)
17.	Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA) (Indonesia)
18.	Pakistan Institute of International Affairs (PIIA) (Pakistan)
19.	Taiwan Institute of Economic Research (TIER) (Taiwan)
20.	Bangladesh Institute of International and Strategic Studies (BIISS) (Bangladesh)
21.	Centre for Economic Development and Administration (CEDA) (Nepal)
22.	Chung-Hua Institution for Economic Research (CIER) (Taiwan)
23.	Alternate Solutions Institute (Pakistan)
24.	Asia Competitiveness Institute (ACI) (Singapore)
25.	Institute for International Relations (Taiwan)
26.	Institute for Social and Environmental Transition (ISET-N) (Nepal)
27.	Institute of Policy Studies (Singapore)
28.	Institute of Policy Studies (IPS) (Bangladesh)
29.	Institute for Strategic and Development Studies (ISDS) (Philippines)
30.	Institute of World Economics and Politics (IWEP) (Vietnam)
31.	Cambodian Institute for Cooperation and Peace (CICP) (Cambodia)
32.	Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Sri Lanka)
33.	Institute of Policy Studies of Sri Lanka (IPS) (Sri Lanka)
34.	Institute of Security and International Studies (ISIS) (Thailand)
35.	Myanmar Institute of Strategic and International Studies (MISIS) (Myanmar)
36.	Institute of Policy Studies (IPS) (Pakistan)
37.	Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) (Philippines)

38.	Social Policy and Development Centre (SPDC) (Pakistan)
39.	Brunei Darussalam Institute of Policy and Strategic Studies (BDIPSS) (Brunei)
40.	Diplomatic Academy of Vietnam (DAV) (Vietnam)
41.	Center for Research on Economic and Social Transformation (CREST) (Pakistan)
42.	Vietnam Institute of Economics (VIE) (Vietnam)
43.	Centre for Poverty Analysis (CEPA) (Sri Lanka)
44.	Institute of Water Policy (Singapore)
45.	Centre on Asia and Globalisation (CAG) (Singapore)
46.	Economic Institute of Cambodia (EIC) (Cambodia)
47.	Alternative Development Initiative (ADI) (Bangladesh)
48.	Cambodia Development Resource Institute (CDRI) (Cambodia)
49.	Centre for Strategic and Policy Studies (CSPS) (Brunei)
50.	Political Risks Assessment Group (Singapore)
51.	Institute of National Capacity Studies (INCS) (Indonesia)
52.	Centre for Policy Dialogue (CPD) (Bangladesh)
<b>53</b> .	Bangladesh Enterprise Institute (BEI) (Bangladesh)
54.	Institute for Governance Studies (IGS) (Bangladesh)
55.	Associates for Community and Population Research (ACPR) (Bangladesh)
<b>56</b> .	Vietnam Institute for Economic and Policy Research (VEPR) (Vietnam)
<b>57</b> .	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh)
<b>57</b> . <b>58</b> .	
	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh)
<b>5</b> 8.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan)
58. 59.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan)
58. 59. 60.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR)
58. 59. 60.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal)
58. 59. 60. 61.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal) Institute for Social and Environmental Transitions (ISET) (Taiwan) Center for International Relations and Strategic Studies (CIRSS) (Philippines)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal) Institute for Social and Environmental Transitions (ISET) (Taiwan) Center for International Relations and Strategic Studies (CIRSS) (Philippines) Center for People and Forests (RECOFTCO) (Thailand)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal) Institute for Social and Environmental Transitions (ISET) (Taiwan) Center for International Relations and Strategic Studies (CIRSS) (Philippines) Center for People and Forests (RECOFTCO) (Thailand) Australia China Relations Institute (ACRI) (Australia)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal) Institute for Social and Environmental Transitions (ISET) (Taiwan) Center for International Relations and Strategic Studies (CIRSS) (Philippines) Center for People and Forests (RECOFTCO) (Thailand) Australia China Relations Institute (ACRI) (Australia)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal) Institute for Social and Environmental Transitions (ISET) (Taiwan) Center for International Relations and Strategic Studies (CIRSS) (Philippines) Center for People and Forests (RECOFTCO) (Thailand) Australian China Relations Institute (ACRI) (Australia) Center for Indonesian Policy Studies (Indonesia)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal) Institute for Social and Environmental Transitions (ISET) (Taiwan) Center for International Relations and Strategic Studies (CIRSS) (Philippines) Center for People and Forests (RECOFTCO) (Thailand) Australia China Relations Institute (ACRI) (Australia) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Center for Indonesian Policy Studies (Indonesia) Ecologic Foundation (New Zealand)
58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh) Applied Economics Research Centre (AERC) (Pakistan) Area Study Centre for Far East and Southeast Asia (FESEA) (Pakistan) Centre for Bhutan Studies and GNH Research (Bhutan) Bangladesh Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (BCSIR) (Bangladesh) Institute of Social Welfare and Research (ISWR) (Bangladesh) Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies (CNAS) (Nepal) Chula Global Network (Thailand) Asian Institute of Management Policy Center (APC) (Philippines) Nepal South Asia Centre (NESAC) (Nepal) Institute for Social and Environmental Transitions (ISET) (Taiwan) Center for International Relations and Strategic Studies (CIRSS) (Philippines) Center for People and Forests (RECOFTCO) (Thailand) Australian China Relations Institute (ACRI) (Australia) Center for Indonesian Policy Studies (Indonesia)

<b>76</b> .	Centre for Policy Development (CPD) (Australia)
77.	Institute of Water Policy (Singapore)
78.	Institute for Policy Analysis of Conflict (Australia)
79.	Institute of Public Policy Studies (Thailand)
80.	Institute for Economics and Peace (IEP) (Australia)
81.	Malaysian Institute Of Economic Research (Malaysia)
82.	National Policy Foundation (NPF) (Taiwan)
83.	Nepal Economic Forum (NEF) (Nepal)
84.	Centre on Integrated Rural Development for Asia and the Pacific (CIRDAP) (Bangladesh)
85.	Council for Security Cooperation in the Asia Pacific (CSCAP) (Malaysia)
86.	Initiatives for International Dialogue (IID) (Philippines)
87.	Institut Rakyat (Malaysia)
88.	Institute for Democracy and Economic Affairs (IDEAS) (Malaysia)
89.	Institute for Regional Security (Australia)
90.	New Zealand Institute of International Affairs (NZIIA) (New Zealand)
91.	Policy Research Institute of Bangladesh (PRI) (Bangladesh)
92.	Sajha Foundation (Nepal)
93.	Tagaung Institute of Political Studies (Myanmar)
94.	Prospect Foundation (Taiwan, China)
95.	Sultan Haji Hassanal Bolkiah Institute of Defense and Strategic Studies (Brunei)
96.	Samriddhi, The Prosperity Foundation (Nepal)
97.	Vietnam Institute for American Studies (Vietnam)
98.	Policy Research Institute of Market Economy (Pakistan)
99.	Future Innovative Thailand Institute (Thailand)
100.	Institute for National Security Studies (Sri Lanka)

### **Top Think Tanks in Central and Eastern Europe Table 11**

1.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
2.	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
3.	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
4.	Razumkov Centre (Ukraine)
<b>5</b> .	EUROPEUM Institute for European Policy (Czech Republic)
6.	Center for Security and Defense Studies Foundation (CSDS) (Hungary)
7.	Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM) (Poland)
8.	Centre for Liberal Strategies (CLS) (Bulgaria)
9.	Center for Democracy and Human Rights (CEDEM) (Montenegro)
10.	Centre for Economic and Financial Research (CEFIR) (Russia)
11.	Lithuanian Free Market Institute (LFMI) (Lithuania)
12.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
13.	Slovak Foreign Policy Association (SFPA) (Slovakia)
14.	Belgrade Centre for Security Policy (BCSP) (Serbia)
15.	Centre for Eastern Studies (OSW) (Poland)
16.	WISE Europa (Poland)
17.	Institute for Foreign Affairs and Trade (IFAT) (Hungary)
18.	PRAXIS Center for Policy Studies (Estonia)
19.	Centre for Public Policy (PROVIDUS) (Latvia)
20.	Center for Policy Studies (CPS) (Hungary)
21.	Institute of International Relations (IIR) (Czech Republic)
22.	Albanian Institute for International Studies (AIIS) (Albania)
23.	Independent Institute for Social Policy (IISP) (Russia)
24.	F.A. Hayek Foundation (Slovakia)
25.	Institute for the U.S. and Canadian Studies (ISKRAN) (Russia)
26.	Institute for Economic Research (IER) (Slovenia)
27.	European Policy Centre (CEP) (Serbia)
28.	Centre for Geopolitical Studies (Lithuania)
29.	Liberalni Institut (Czech Republic)
30.	Institute of World Economics of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences (IWE) (Hungary)
31.	Ludwig von Mises Institute (Romania)
32.	Gaidar Institute for Economic Policy (IEP), FKA Institute for the Economy in Transition (Russia)
33.	International Center for Defense and Security (ICDS) (Estonia)
34.	International Centre for Policy Studies (ICPS) (Ukraine)
<b>35</b> .	Open Society Foundations (OSF), FKA Open Society Institute (Hungary)
36.	Kyiv National Economic University (KNEU) (Ukraine)

37.	European Institute (Bulgaria)
38.	TARKI Social Research Institute (Hungary)
39.	St. Petersburg Center for Humanities and Political Studies (Russia)
40.	Peace Institute - Institute for Contemporary Social and Political Studies (Slovenia)
41.	Economic Expert Group (EEG) (Russia)
42.	Kosovar Civil Society Foundation (KCSF) (Kosovo)
43.	Center for Research and Policy Making (CRPM) (Macedonia)
44.	Institute for Market Economics (IME) (Bulgaria)
45.	Institute for Urban Economics (IUE) (Russia)
46.	Institute of Public Affairs (Bulgaria)
47.	International Centre for Defense Studies (ICDS) (Estonia)
48.	Democratic Initiatives Foundation (DIF) (Ukraine)
49.	Dniprovsky Center for Social Research (DCSR) (Ukraine)
<b>50</b> .	Center for Security Studies BiH (CSS) (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
51.	Analytical Center for the Government of the Russian Federation (Russia)
<b>52</b> .	Economics Institute (Serbia)
<b>53</b> .	Center for Energy Studies (CENERS) (Czech Republic)
54.	Populari (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
<b>55</b> .	Institute for Public Affairs (IVO) (Slovakia)
<b>56</b> .	Institute of Economics (EIZ) (Croatia)
<b>57.</b>	Institute for Public Policy (IPP) (Romania)
58.	Institute for Security and International Studies (ISIS) (Bulgaria)
<b>59</b> .	Center for International Relations (CIR) (Poland)
60.	Institute of Baltic Studies (IBS) (Estonia)
61.	Latvian Institute of International Affairs (LIIA) (Latvia)
62.	Institute of Public Finance (IJF) (Croatia)
63.	Institute of World Policy (IWP) (Ukraine)
64.	Russian International Affairs Council (RIAC) (Russia)
<b>65</b> .	Association for International Affairs (AMO) (Czech Republic)
66.	Center for Economic Analysis (CenEA) (Poland)
67.	Analitika - Center for Social Research (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
68.	Institute for Public Policy (IPP) (Moldova)
<b>69</b> .	Casimir Pulaski Foundation (CPF) (Poland)
70.	Centre for Advanced Study (CAS) (Bulgaria)
71.	Centre for Euro-Atlantic Integration and Democracy (CEID) (Hungary)
<b>72</b> .	Centre for Euro-Atlantic Integration and Democracy (Hungary)
<b>73.</b>	Centre for European Affairs (CEA) (Slovakia)
74.	Eastern Europe Studies Center (EESC) (Lithuania)
<b>75</b> .	ISET Policy Institute (ISET-PI) (Georgia)
76.	Center for Economics and Politics (CEP) (Czech Republic)
77.	Fundacja Forum Obywatelskiego Rozwoju (FOR) (Poland)
78.	Center for Research and Studies (GEA) (Bosnia and Herzegovina)

79.	Georgian Foundation for Strategic and International Studies (GFSIS) (Georgia)
80.	Center for Policy and Governance (CPU) (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
81.	Center for Institutional Development and Analysis (CADI) (Romania)
82.	GLOBSEC Policy Institute (GPI), FKA Central European Policy Institute (Slovakia)
83.	Institut for Democracy and Economic Analysis (IDEA) (Czech Republic)
84.	Institute for Applied Economic Studies (Russia)
85.	Institute for Development and Scientific Research (Montenegro)
86.	Institute for Economic Research and Policy Consulting (Ukraine)
87.	Institute for Public Affairs (Poland)
88.	Foreign Policy Initiative (FPI) (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
89.	Institute for Public Policy and Good Governance (IPPM) (Albania)
90.	Danube Institute (Hungary)
91.	Institute for Democracy and Mediation (IDM) (Albania)
92.	Institute of International Relations (Poland)
93.	International Center for Policy Studies (Ukraine)
94.	European Policy Institute (Macedonia)
95.	International Center for Policy Studies (ICPS) (Ukraine)
96.	Jagiellonian Club's Centre of Analysis (Poland)
97.	Institut Alernativa (IA) (Montenegro)
100.	Center for International and Regional Policy (CIRP) (Russia)

## Top Think Tanks in Western Europe Table 12

	Table 12
1.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
2.	Bruegel (Belgium)
3.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
4.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
5.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
6.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
7.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
8.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
9.	Elcano Royal Institute (Spain)
10.	Clingendael, Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)
11.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
12.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
13.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
14.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
15.	Barcelona Centre for International Affairs (CIDOB) (Spain)
16.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
17.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy))
18.	Ecologic Institute (Germany)
19.	Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy
20.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
21.	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
22.	IDEAS (United Kingdom)
23.	Institut des Relations Internationales et Strategiques (IRIS) (France)
24.	Carnegie Europe (Belgium)
25.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
26.	Institute for Fiscal Studies (IFS) (United Kingdom)
27.	Notre Europe (France)
28.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
29.	Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR) (United Kingdom)
30.	EGMONT - The Royal Institute for International Relations (Belgium)
31.	Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) (United Kingdom)
32.	Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
33.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
34.	Institute for Public Policy Research (IPPR) (United Kingdom)
<b>35</b> .	Kiel Institute for the World Economy (IfW) (Germany
36.	Hanns Seidel Foundation (HSS) (Germany)
37.	Institute of International and European Affairs (IIEA) (Ireland)
38.	Centre d'Etudes et de Recherches Internationales (CERI) (France)
39.	Fundacion Alternativas (Spain)
40.	Finnish Institute of International Affairs (Finland)

41.	Centre for European Reform (CER) (United Kingdom)
<b>42</b> .	Heinrich Boll Foundation (HBS) (Germany)
43.	Demos (United Kingdom)
44.	Timbro (Sweden)
45.	European Union Institute for Security Studies (EUISS) (France)
<b>46</b> .	Friedrich Naumann Foundation for Freedom (FNF) (Germany)
47.	Centre d'Etudes Prospectives et d'Informations Internationales (CEPII) (France)
<b>48</b> .	World Economic Forum (WEF) (Switzerland
49.	Center for Political Studies (CEPOS) (Denmark)
50.	Fondation pour l'Innovation Politique (Fondapol) (France)
51.	Centro Studi Internazionali (Ce.S.I.) (Italy)
<b>52</b> .	Bertelsmann Foundation (Germany)
<b>53</b> .	Friends of Europe (Belgium)
54.	Foreign Policy Center (FPC) (Belgium)
<b>55</b> .	European Policy Center (EPC) (Belgium)
56.	German Institute for Economic Research (DIW) (Germany)
57.	Policy Network (United Kingdom)
58.	Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) (Greece)
<b>59</b> .	Fundacion para el Analisis y los Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)
60.	Lisbon Council for Economic Competitiveness and Social Renewal (Belgium)
61.	European Centre for International Political Economy (ECIPE) (Belgium)
62.	Fabian Society (United Kingdom)
63.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (United Kingdom)
64.	Institute for Government (IfG) (United Kingdom)
65.	European Centre for Development Policy Management (ECDPM) (Netherlands)
66.	Centre for Policy Studies (CPS) (United Kingdom)
67.	Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies (WMCES), FKA Centre for European Studies (Belgium)
68.	International Centre for Black Sea Studies (ICBSS) (Greece)
69.	Institute for Development Studies (United Kingdom)
70.	Institucion Futuro (Spain)
71.	Northern Research Forum (Iceland)
72.	Istituto Bruno Leoni (IBL) (Italy)
73.	Oxford Council on Good Governance (OCGG) (United Kingdom)
74.	Policy Exchange (United Kingdom)
<b>75</b> .	German Marshall Fund (Belgium)
76.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
77.	ResPublica (United Kingdom)
78.	Fondation pour la Recherche Strategique (FRS) (France)
<b>79</b> .	Koerber Foundation (Germany)

80.	Institute of Development Studies (United Kingdom)
81.	Security and Defence Agenda (SDA) (Belgium)
82.	Jacques Delors Institut (Germany)
83.	Legatum Institute (United Kingdom
84.	Centre for Global Cooperation Research (Germany)
85.	Centre for Irish and European Security Limited (Ireland)
86.	CHR. Michelsen Institute (Norway)
87.	Copenhagen Consensus Center (Denmark)
88.	Stockholm Environment Institute (Sweden)
89.	Deutsches Institut für Wirtschaftsforschung (DIW) (Germany)
90.	Duesseldorf Center for Competition Economics (DICE) (Germany)
91.	Austrian Institute of Economic Research (Austria)
92.	Economic and Social Research Institute (Ireland)
93.	European Organisation for Security (Belgium)
94.	Action Institute (Italy)
95.	Finnish Business and Policy Forum EVA (Finland)
96.	Avenir Suisse (Switzerland)
97.	Institut Europeu de la Mediterrania (IEmed) (Spain)
98.	Fondation Robert Schuman (France)
99.	Development Initiatives (United Kingdom)
100.	Fundación de Estudios de Economía Aplicada (FEDEA) (Spain)
101.	Institute of International Strategic Studies in Lisbon (Portugal)
102.	Institute of Military Studies (Denmark)
103.	Institute for Advanced Sustainability Studies (Germany)
104.	Geneva Centre for Security Policy (Switzerland)
105.	GenerationLibre (France)
106.	Hague Institute for Global Justice (Netherlands)
107.	Vienna Institute for International Economic Studies (WIIW) (Austria)
108.	Fondazione Eni Enrico Mattei (FEEM) (Italy)
109.	Institute of Social Studies (Netherlands)
110.	Instituto Juan de Mariana (Spain)
111.	Hayek Institute (Austria)
112.	ifo Institut (Germany)
113.	World Institute for Development Economics Research (Finland)
114.	Institut Choiseul for International Politics and Geoeconomics (France)
115.	Institut de Recherche Strategique de l'Ecole Militaire (France)
116.	Institut Molinari (France)
117.	Institute European Environmental Policy (IEEP) (United Kingdom)
118.	Institute for Security and Development Policy (Sweden)
119.	Institute for Sustainable Development and International Relations (France)
120.	Institute of Labor Economics (IZA) (Germany)
121.	International Center for Climate Governance (ICCG) (Italy)

- **122.** International Centre for Counter-Terrorism (Netherlands)
- **123.** Mercator Institute for the Global Commons (Germany)
- **124.** Ratio (Sweden)

#### Top Think Tanks in the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) Table 13

- 1. Center for Strategic Studies (CSS) (Jordan)
- 2. Institute for National Security Studies (INSS) (Israel)
- 3. Carnegie Middle East Center (Lebanon)
- 4. Al-Ahram Center for Political and Strategic Studies (ACPSS) (Egypt)
- 5. Al Jazeera Centre for Studies (AJCS) (Qatar)
- **6.** Brookings Doha Center (Qatar)
- 7. Begin-Sadat Center for Strategic Studies (Israel)
- 8. Turkish Economic and Social Studies Foundation (TESEV) (Turkey)
- **9.** OCP Policy Center (Morocco)
- 10. Arabian Gulf Center for Iranian Studies (Saudi Arabia)
- 11. Emirates Policy Center (United Arab Emirates)
- 12. Egyptian Center for Economic Studies (ECES) (Egypt)
- 13. Centre d'Etudes et de Recherches en Sciences Sociales (CERSS) (Morocco)
- 14. Israel Democracy Institute (IDI) (Israel)
- **15.** Association for Liberal Thinking (ALT) (Turkey)
- 16. Dubai Economic Council (United Arab Emirates)
- 17. Dubai Public Policy Research Center (United Arab Emirates)
- 18. Center for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (EDAM) (Turkey)
- 19. Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR)
- 20. Harry S. Truman Research Institute for the Advancement of Peace (Israel)
- 21. Information and Decision Support Center (IDSC) (Egypt)
- 22. European Stability Initiative (ESI) (Turkey)
- 23. Center of Arab Women for Training and Research (CAWTAR) (Egypt)
- **24.** Royal Institute for Strategic Studies (IRES) (Morocco)
- 25. Moshe Dayan Center for Middle Eastern and African Studies (Israel)
- **26.** Economic Research Forum (ERF) (Egypt)
- 27. Reut Institute (Israel)
- 28. Egyptian Council for Foreign Affairs (ECFA) (Egypt)
- 29. Tunisian Institute for Strategic Studies (ITES) (Tunisia)
- **30.** Arab Center for Research and Policy Studies (Qatar)
- 31. CARE (Algeria)
- **32.** Center for Arab Unity Studies (CAUS) (Lebanon)
- 33. King Faisal Center for Research and Islamic Studies (Saudi Arabia)
- 34. Contemporary Center for Studies and Policy Analysis (Medad) (Palestine)
- 35. Al-Quds Center for Political Studies (Jordan)
- **36.** Sadeq Institute (Libya)
- 37. Gulf Research Center (GRC) (Saudi Arabia)
- **38.** Arab Thought Forum (ATF) (Jordan)

- **39.** Mitvim The Israeli Institute for Regional Foreign Policies (Israel)
- **40.** International Institute for Counter-Terrorism (ICT) (Israel)
- 41. Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
- **42.** International Strategic Research Organization (USAK) (Turkey)
- **43.** Arab Planning Institute (API) (Kuwait)
- **44.** Economic Policy and Research Center (EPRC) (United Arab Emirates)
- **45.** Moroccan Institute for International Relations (Morocco)
- **46.** Amadeus Institute (Morocco)
- **47.** Taub Center for Social Policy Studies(Israel)
- 48. King Abdullah Petroleum Studies and Research Centre (Saudi Arabia)
- **49.** Arab Reform Initiative (France)
- **50.** Ibn Khaldun Center for Development Studies (ICDS) (Egypt)
- **51.** Arava Institute (Israel)
- **52.** Center of Strategic and Futuristic Studies (CSFS) (Kuwait)
- 53. Lebanese Center for Policy Studies (LCPS) (Lebanon)
- **54.** Van Leer Jerusalem Institute (VLJI) (Israel)
- **55.** Maurice Falk Institute for Economic Research (Israel)
- **56.** Centre de Recherche en economie Appliquee pour le Development (Algeria)
- **57.** Middle East Research Institute (Iraq)
- 58. Kuwait Institute for Scientific Research (KISR) (Kuwait)
- **59.** Jerusalem Center for Public Affairs (JCPA) (Israel)
- **60.** Egyptian Center for Public Policy Studies (Egypt)
- **61.** Al-Zaytouna Centre for Studies and Consultations (Lebanon)
- **62.** Sheikh Saud bin Saqr Al Qasimi Foundation for Policy Research (United Arab Emirates)
- **63.** Institut Français de Recherche en Iran (IFRI) (Iran)
- **64.** Sheba Center for Strategic Studies (SCSS) (Yemen)
- 65. Tunisian Observatory for a Democratic Transition (Tunisia)
- **66.** Libyan Organization of Policies and Strategies (Loops) (Libya)
- 67. Issam Fares Institute for Public Policy and International Affairs (IFI) (Lebanon)
- **68.** Tawasul (Oman)
- **69.** Arab Forum for Alternatives (AFA) (Egypt)
- **70.** Al Rai Center for Studies (Jordan)
- **71.** Arab Institute For Security Studies (Jordan)
- **72.** Palestinian Center for Peace and Democracy (Palestine)
- **73.** Jerusalem Institute for Policy Research (Israel)
- **74.** Center for Turkey's Economic and Strategic Studies (Turkey)
- **75.** Centre for Mediterranean and International Studies (Tunisia)
- **76.** Economic Policy Research Foundation of Turkey (Turkey)
- 77. Future Center for Advanced Researches and Studies (United Arab Emirates)
- **78.** Group of Studies and Research in the Mediterranean (Morocco)
- 79. Hammurabi Center for Research & Strategic Studies (Iraq)
- **80.** Royal Institute for Inter-Faith Studies (Jordan)

- 81. Avinoam Bar-JPPI (Israel)
- **82.** Institute for Political and International Studies (Iran)
- 83. Jerusalem Institute for Strategic Studies (Israel)
- 84. International Mediterranean Studies Centre (Tunisia)
- **85.** Istanbul Policy Center (Turkey)
- **86.** Jerusalem Institute for Market Studies (Israel)
- **87.** Kheireddine Institute (Tunisia)
- 88. Palestinian Centre for Policy and Survey Research (Palestine)
- **89.** PalThink for Strategic Studies (Palestine)
- **90.** Rafik Hariri Center for the Middle East (United States/Lebanon)

#### Top Think Tanks by Area of Research

#### Top Defense and National Security Table 14

- 1. Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
- 2. International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
- **3.** RAND Corporation (United States)
- **4.** Brookings Institution (United States)
- 5. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)
- **6.** German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
- 7. Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) (United Kingdom)
- **8.** Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
- **9.** Atlantic Council (United States)
- **10.** Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
- **11.** Australian Strategic Policy Institute (ASPI) (Australia)
- **12.** European Union Institute for Security Studies (EUISS) (France)
- **13.** Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
- **14.** Institut des Relations Internationales et Strategiques (IRIS) (France)
- **15.** Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs (United States) Chatham House (United Kingdom)
- **16.** Institute for National Security Studies (INSS) (Israel)
- **17.** French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
- **18.** Center for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (EDAM) (Turkey)
- **19.** Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
- 20. Center for Strategic and Budgetary Assessments (CSBA) (United States)
- 21. American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
- 22. Institute of Foreign Affairs and National Security (IFANS) (Republic of Korea)
- 23. Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
- **24.** Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
- **25.** Heritage Foundation (United States)
- **26.** Al-Ahram Center for Political and Strategic Studies (ACPSS) (Egypt)
- **27.** Stimson Center (United States)
- 28. Centre for Military Studies (CMS) (Denmark)
- **29.** Fondation pour la Recherche Strategique (FRS) (France)
- **30.** Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
- **31.** Institute for International Strategic Studies (IISS) (China)
- 32. Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
- **33.** Hudson Institute (United States)
- **34.** Institute for the U.S. and Canadian Studies (ISKRAN) (Russia)
- **35.** Geneva Centre for the Democratic Control of Armed Forces (DCAF) (Switzerland)
- **36.** Hoover Institution (United States)

- 37. Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
- 38. National Institute for Defense Studies (NIDS) (Japan
- **39.** Cato Institute (United States)
- **40.** Clingendael, Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)
- **41.** United States Institute of Peace (USIP) (United States)
- **42.** Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
- 43. German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States)
- 44. Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
- **45.** Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
- **46.** Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
- 47. China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations (CICIR) (China)
- 48. Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
- 49. Center for Strategic Studies (CSS) (Jordan)
- **50.** Carnegie Europe (Belgium)
- **51.** EGMONT The Royal Institute for International Relations (Belgium)
- **52.** Australian Institute for International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
- **53.** Belgrade Center for Security Policy (BCSP), FKA Center for Civil-Military Relations (Serbia)
- **54.** Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
- 55. Council on Foreign and Defence Policy (SVOP) (Russia)
- **56.** Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
- 57. Centre for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (Indonesia)
- **58.** Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
- **59.** Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
- **60.** Barcelona Centre for International Affairs (CIDOB) (Spain)
- **61.** Foreign Policy Research Institute (FPRI) (United States)
- **62.** Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
- **63.** West Africa Network for Peacebuilding (WANEP) (Ghana)
- **64.** Fraser Institute (Canada)
- **65.** Centre for Arab Unity Studies (CAUS) (Lebanon)
- **66.** Centre for Rising Powers (CRP) (United Kingdom)
- 67. Centre for Land Warfare Studies (CLAWS) (India)
- **68.** Institute for International Policy Studies (IIPS) (Japan)
- **69.** Razumkov Centre (Ukraine)
- **70.** Begin-Sadat Center for Strategic Studies (BESA) (Israel)
- 71. International Strategic Analysis and Research Center (USTAD) (Turkey)
- **72.** Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Sri Lanka)
- **73.** Hague Centre for Strategic Studies (HCSS) (Netherlands)
- 74. Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
- **75.** International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
- **76.** Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
- 77. Slovak Foreign Policy Association (SFPA) (Slovakia)

- **78.** Institute for Foreign Affairs and Trade (IFAT), FKA Hungarian Institute of International Affairs (Hungary)
- **79.** Albanian Institute for International Studies (AIIS) (Albania)
- 80. Arab Institute for Security Studies (ACSIS) (Jordan)
- **81.** Global Security Institute (GSI) (United States)
- **82.** Prague Security Studies Institute (PSSI) (Czech Republic)
- 83. Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
- 84. Center for Turkey's Economic and Strategic Studies (TESAM) (Turkey)
- **85.** Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM) (Poland)
- **86.** Centre for Strategic Studies (New Zealand)
- 87. European Council on Foreign Relations (United Kingdom)
- **88.** Casimir Pulaski Foundation (Poland)
- 89. George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies (Germany)
- **90.** Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia)
- 91. Kazakhstan Institute for Strategic Studies (KazlSS) (Kazakhstan)
- **92.** Institute for International Relations (IIR) (Czech Republic)
- **93.** Institute of Strategic Studies (ISSI) (Pakistan)
- 94. International Centre for Counter-Terrorism The Hague (ICCT) (Netherlands)
- **95.** International Peace Institute (IPI) (United States)
- **96.** International Strategic Research Organization (USAK) (Turkey)
- 97. Latin American Security and Defence Network (RESDAL) (Argentina)
- **98.** Institute For Regional Security (Australia)
- **99.** Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS) (Singapore)
- 100. Armenian Center for National and International Studies (ACNIS) (Armenia)
- **101.** Russian International Affairs Council (RIAC) (Russia)
- **102.** Swedish Defence Research Agency (FOI) (Sweden)
- **103.** EUROPEUM Institute for European Policy (Czech Republic)
- **104.** United Service Institution of India (India)

#### Top Domestic Economic Policy Think Tanks Table 15

	Table 15
1.	Brookings Institution (United States)
2.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
3.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
4.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
5.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
6.	Bruegel (Belgium)
7.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
8.	German Institute for Economic Research (DIW) (Germany)
9.	Cato Institute (United States)
10.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
11.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
12.	Urban Institute (United States)
13.	Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR) (United Kingdom)
14.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
15.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
16.	RAND Corporation (United States)
17.	Institute for Fiscal Studies (IFS) (United Kingdom)
18.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
19.	Kiel Institute for the World Economy (IfW) (Germany)
20.	Fedesarrollo (Colombia)
21.	Ifo Institute - Leibniz Institute for Economic Research (Germany)
22.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
23.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
24.	Hoover Institution (United States)
25.	Vienna Institute for International Economic Studies (WIIW) (Austria)
26.	Centro de Estudios Publicos (CEP) (Chile)
27.	Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (CBPP) (United States)
28.	Association for Liberal Thinking (ALT) (Turkey)
29.	Austrian Institute of Economic Research (WIFO) (Austria)
30.	Center for Economic and Policy Research (CEPR) (United States)
31.	Center for Economic and Financial Research (CEFIR) (Russia)
32.	Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (United States)
33.	C.D. Howe Institute (Canada)
34.	Fundacao Armando Alvares Penteado (FAAP) (Brazil)
35.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
36.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
37.	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
38.	Cathay Institute for Public Affairs (CIPA) (China)
39.	Centro de Estudio de la Realidad Economica y Social (CERES) (Uruguay)

40.	Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis (CPB) (Netherlands)
41.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
42.	Manhattan Institute for Policy Research (MI) (United States)
43.	Institute of World Economics and Politics (IWEP) (China)
44.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (United Kingdom)
45.	demosEUROPA - Centre for European Strategy (Poland)
46.	Fundacion para el Analisis y los Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)
47.	Center for European Economic Research (ZEW) (Germany)
48.	Centro de Investigacion y Docencia Economicas (CIDE) (Mexico)
49.	Egyptian Center for Economic Studies (ECES) (Egypt)
<b>50</b> .	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
51.	Economics Institute (Serbia)
<b>52</b> .	Center for Fiscal Policy (CFP) (Russia)
<b>53</b> .	Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) (Ireland)
54.	Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI) (Japan)
<b>55</b> .	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
56.	Economic Policy Institute (EPI) (United States)
<b>57</b> .	Grattan Institute (Australia)
58.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
<b>59</b> .	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
60.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
61.	Research Institute of the Finnish Economy (ETLA) (Finland)
<b>62</b> .	Sejong Institute (Republic of Korea)
<b>63</b> .	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
64.	Swedish Institute for Social Research (SOFI) (Sweden)
<b>65</b> .	National Center for Public Policy Research (NCPPR) (United States)
66.	Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC) (Uganda)
67.	Center for Liberal-Democratic Studies (CLDS) (Serbia)
68.	Indian Council for Research on International Economic Relations (ICRIER) (India)
<b>69</b> .	Central Institute for Economic Management (CIEM) (Vietnam)
70.	Timbro (Sweden)
71.	National Institute of Economic and Social Research (NIESR) (United Kingdom)
72.	Economics Institute (CERGE-EI) (Czech Republic)
73.	Fundacion de Estudios de Economia Aplicada (FEDEA) (Spain)
74.	TARKI Social Research Institute (Hungary)
<b>75</b> .	Levy Economics Institute (United States)
76.	Institute of Economics, Zagreb (EIZ) (Croatia)
<b>77</b> .	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
78.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
<b>79</b> .	Institute for Advanced Studies (HIS) (Austria)
80.	Institute for Economic Research (IER) (Slovenia)

81.	Centre d'Etudes Prospectives et d'Informations Internationales (CEPII) (France)
82.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
83.	Lithuanian Free Market Institute (LFMI) (Lithuania)
84.	African Economic Research Consortium (AERC) (Kenya)
85.	Asian Strategy & Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
86.	Botswana Institute for Development Policy Analysis (BIDPA) (Botswana)
87.	Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI) (Japan)
88.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
89.	Cambodian Development Research Institute (CDRI) (Cambodia)
90.	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) (China)
91.	Institute for Research on Public Policy (Canada)
92.	Center for Political Studies (CEPOS) (Denmark)
93.	Centre d'Etudes et de Recherche sur les Analyses et Politiques Economiques (Congo)
94.	Centre de Recherches, d'Etudes et d'Appui a l'Analyse Economique a Madagascar (CREAM) (Madagascar)
95.	Centre for Economic and Financial Research (CEFIR) (Russia)
96.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)
97.	Hudson Institute (United States)
98.	Economic Research Center (ERC) (Azerbaijan)
99.	Duesseldorf Center for Competition Economics (DICE) (Germany)
100.	Economic and Social Research Foundation (ESRF) (Tanzania)
101.	Centro de Investigación de Políticas Públicas (Grupo FARO) (Ecuador)
102.	Economic Research Institute (ERI) (Kazakhstan)
103.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
104.	Centre for Independent Development Research (CIDR) (Cameroon)
105.	Centro de Economía para América Latina (CEPAL) (Chile)
106.	Institute for Economic Growth (IEG) (India)
107.	Centro de Estudos de Integração e Desenvolvimento (CINDES) (Brazil)
108.	Gaidar Institute for Economic Policy (Russia)
109.	Committee for Economic Development (United States)
110.	Center for Economic Analyses (CEA) (Macedonia)
111.	Grupo de Análisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú)
112.	Indira Gandhi Institute of Development Research (IGIDR) (India)
113.	Institucion Futuro (Spain)
114.	Institute for New Economic Thinking (United States)
115.	Institute for Democracy and Economic Analysis (IDEA) (Czech Republic)
116.	Institute for Ecological Economy Research (IÖW) (Germany)
117.	Ukrainian Center for Economic and Political Studies (Ukraine)
118.	Institute for Economic Research and Policy Consulting (IER) (Ukraine)
119.	National Council of Applied Economic Research (NCAER) (India)
120.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)

121.	Institute for Market Economics (IME) (Bulgaria)
122.	Shanghai Academy of Social Sciences (SASS) (China)
123.	Tax payers Alliance (United Kingdom)
124.	Washington Center for Equitable Growth (United States)
125.	Institute for Public Policy and Good Governance (IPPM) (Albania)
126.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (Ghana)
127.	Institute of Economic and Social Studies (INESS) (Slovakia)
128.	Committee for Economic Development (United States)
129.	Institute of Economy of the Russian Academy of Sciences (EDIRC) (Russia)
130.	ISET Policy Institute (Georgia)
131.	Economic Policy Institute (United States)
132.	Israel Centher for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
133.	Our Hong Kong Foundation (China)
134.	Macroeconomic Policy Institute (IMK) (Germany)
135.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (Kenya)
136.	Action Institute (Italy)
137.	Makerere Institute of Social Research (MISR) (Uganda)
138.	Mercatus Center (United States)
139.	National Development and Reform Commission Academy of Macroeconomic Research (NDRC) (China)
140.	Samriddhi, The Prosperity Foundation (Nepal)

### Top Education Policy Think Tanks Table 16

	Table 16
1.	National Institute for Educational Policy Research (NIER) (Japan)
2.	Urban Institute (United States)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	RAND Corporation (United States)
<b>5</b> .	Center for Education Policy, SRI International (United States)
6.	Cato Institute (United States)
7.	Center for Education Policy Research (CEPR) (United States)
8.	Center for Social and Economic Strategies (CESES) (Czech Republic)
9.	Mathmatica Policy Research (MPR) (United States)
10.	Center for Education Policy Analysis (CEPA) (United States)
11.	Center for Educational Policy Analysis (CEPA) (Hungary)
12.	Center for Educational Policy Studies, Faculty of Educational Management (Russia)
13.	Education Policy and Data Center (EPDC) (United States)
14.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
15.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
16.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
17.	Center for Educational Policy (CEP) (Ukraine)
18.	Institute of Education (IOE) (United Kingdom)
19.	Thailand Development Research Institute (TDRI) (Thailand)
20.	Consortium for Policy Research in Education (CPRE) (United States)
21.	Fundacion para la Educacion Superior y el Desarrollo (Fedesarrollo) (Colombia)
22.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
23.	Committee for Economic Development (United States)
24.	Institute of Public Affairs, Education Policy Program (ISP) (Poland)
25.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
26.	Education Policy Center (EPC) (Lithuania)
27.	Centre for Education Policy (CEP) (Serbia)
28.	Center for Educational Policy Studies (CEPS) (Slovenia)
29.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
30.	Istanbul Policy Center (IPC) (Turkey)
31.	Adam Smith Institute (United Kingdom)
32.	PRAXIS Center for Policy Studies (Estonia)
33.	Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) (Philippines)
34.	Educational Reform Circles (Serbia)
35.	Slovak Governance Institute (SGI) (Slovakia)
36.	proMENTE Social Research (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
37.	Mongolian Education Alliance (MEA) (Mongolia)
38.	Educational Studies Center (Ukraine)
39.	Centre for Public Policy PROVIDUS (Latvia)

40.	Center for Democratic Education (CDE) (Albania)
41.	Socires (Netherlands)
42.	Centre for Educational Research and Development (CERD) (Croatia)
43.	Grattan Institute (Australia)
44.	Foundation for Education Initiatives Support (Kyrgyzstan)
<b>45</b> .	Macedonian Civic Education Center (MCEC) (Macedonia)
46.	International Institute for Education Policy, Planning and Management (EPPM) (Georgia)
47.	Education Reform Initiative (ERI) (Turkey)
48.	Center for Innovations in Education (CIE) (Azerbaijan)
49.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
50.	Forum za Slobodu Odgoja (FSO) (Croatia)
51.	Institute for Public Policy (IPP) (Moldova)
<b>52</b> .	International Centre for Policy Studies (ICPS) (Ukraine)
53.	Kosovo Education Center (KEC) (Kosovo)
54.	Center for International Higher Education (CIHE) (United States)
<b>55</b> .	Centre for the Study of Market Reform of Education (CMRE) (United Kingdom)
<b>56</b> .	Grupo de Análisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú)
<b>57.</b>	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
<b>58</b> .	Network of Education Policy Centers (NEPC) (Croatia)
<b>59</b> .	Observer Research Foundation (India)
60.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)
61.	Organisation for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)

### Top Energy and Resource Policy Think Tanks Table 17

	Table 17
1.	James A. Baker III Institute for Public Policy (United States)
2.	Institute of Energy Economics, Japan (IEEJ) (Japan)
3.	Oxford Institute for Energy Studies (OIES) (United Kingdom)
4.	Korea Energy Economics Institute (KEEI) (Republic of Korea)
5.	Center for Science of Environment, Resources and Energy (Japan)
6.	Resources for the Future (RFF) (United States)
7.	RAND Corporation (United States)
8.	Energy Policy Research Group (EPRG) (United Kingdom)
9.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
10.	Center for Energy and Environmental Policy Research, Massachusetts Institute of Technology (CEEPR) (United States)
11.	Center on Environment, Energy and Resource Policy (CEERP) (China)
12.	Centre for Energy Policy and Economics (CEPE) (Switzerland)
13.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
14.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
15.	Centre de Recherche en economie de l'Environnement, de l'Agroalimentaire, des Transports et de l'Energie (CREATE) (Canada)
16.	King Abdullah Petroleum Studies and Research Centre (Saudi Arabia)
17.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
18.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
19.	European Centre for Energy and Resource Security (EUCERS) (United Kingdom)
20.	Brookings Institution (United States))
21.	Centre for Energy Environment Resources Development (CEERD) (Thailand)
22.	Center for International Energy Security Studies (China)
23.	Global Energy Studies (United Kingdom)
24.	Center on Global Energy Policy (CGEP) (United States)
25.	Center for Development Research (ZEF) (Germany)
26.	Centre for Population and Environmental Development (CPED) (Nigeria)
27.	Atlantic Council (United States)
28.	Kazakhstan Institute for Strategic Studies (KazISS) (Kazakhstan)
29.	Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates)
30.	Ecologic Institute (Germany)
31.	Institute for Sustainable Energy Policies (ISEP) (Japan)
32.	Center for International Energy Security Studies (China)
33.	Energy Studies Institute (Singapore)
34.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
35.	Institute for the Analysis of Global Security (IAGS) (United States)
36.	Arab Institute for Security Studies (ACSIS)(Jordan)
37.	Center for Energy Economics (United States)

38.	Centre for Science and Environment (CSE) (India)
39.	Centro de Investigación para el Desarrollo, A.C. (CIDAC) (Mexico)
40.	Council on Energy, Environment and Water (CEEW) (India)
41.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
42.	Environmental Economics Unit (EEU) (Sweden)
43.	Frontier Centre for Public Policy (FCPP) (Canada)
44.	International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA) (Austria)
45.	International Institute for Energy Conservation (IIEC) (United States)
46.	International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD) (Canada)
47.	Hague Centre for Strategic Studies (HCSS) (Netherlands)
48.	OCP Policy Center (Morocco)
49.	Regional Centre for Energy Policy Research (REKK) (Hungary)
<b>50</b> .	Institute of Water Policy (Singapore)
51.	Institute for Ecological Economy Research (IÖW) (Germany)
<b>52</b> .	Development Alternatives (India)
53.	Pembina Institute (Canada)
54.	Institute for Energy Research (IER) (United States)
<b>55</b> .	International Center for Advanced Renewable Energy and Sustainability (ICARES) (United States)

#### Top Environment Policy Think Tanks Table 18

	Table 18
1.	Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK) (Germany)
2.	Stockholm Environment Institute (SEI) (Sweden)
3.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
4.	Center for Climate and Energy Solutions (C2ES) (United States)
5.	E3G - Third Generation Environmentalism (United Kingdom)
6.	Worldwatch Institute (United States)
7.	Ecologic Institute (Germany)
8.	Resources for the Future (RFF) (United States)
9.	Wuppertal Institute for Climate, Environment and Energy (Germany)
10.	Brookings Institution (United States)
11.	Copenhagen Consensus Center (CCC) (Denmark)
12.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
13.	International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD) (Canada)
14.	Center for Environmental Research (UFZ) (Germany)
15.	Centre for Economic and Ecological Studies (Cen2eco) (Switzerland)
16.	Centre for Science and Environment (CSE) (India)
17.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
18.	Centre for Development and the Environment (SUM) (Norway)
19.	United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) (Kenya)
20.	Centre for Science and Environment (CSE) (India)
21.	Institute du Developpement Durable et Relations Internationales (IDDRI) (France)
22.	Ashoka Trust for Research in Ecology and the Environment (ATREE) (India)
23.	Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) (India)
24.	Centro Mexicano de Derecho Ambiental (CEMDA) (Mexico)
25.	African Wildlife Foundation (AWF) (Kenya)
26.	International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED) (United
	Kingdom) CGIAR, FKA Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research
27.	(United States)
28.	Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR) (Indonesia)
29.	Forum for the Future (United Kingdom)
30.	Institute for European Environmental Policy (IEEP) (United Kingdom)
31.	Earth Institute (United States)
32.	RAND Corporation (United States)
33.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
34.	Australia Institute (TAI) (Australia)
35.	Fondazione Eni Enrico Mattei (FEEM) (Italy)
36.	Chinese Academy For Environmental Planning (CAEP) (China)
37.	Centre for Population and Environmental Development (CPED) (Nigeria)
38.	Chinese Research Academy of Environmental Sciences (CRAES) (China)

39.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
40.	Institute for Global Environmental Strategies (IGES) (Japan)
41.	Centre for Sustainable Development (CENESTA) (Iran)
42.	Property and Environment Research Center (PERC) (United States)
43.	Research Institute of Innovative Technology for the Earth (RITE) (Japan)
44.	New Zealand Climate Change Research Institute (CCRI) (New Zealand)
45.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
46.	Competitive Enterprise Institute (CEI) (United States)
47.	International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA) (Austria)
48.	Civic Exchange (China)
49.	African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS) (Kenya)
50.	Institute for Sustainable Development (ISD) (Poland)
51.	Oeko-Institut (Germany)
52.	Centre for Applied Research (CAR) (Botswana)
<b>53</b> .	Program on Energy and Sustainable Development (PESD) (United States)
54.	Departamento Ecologia y Territorio, Facultad de Estudios Ambientales y Rurales (FEAR) (Colombia)
<b>55</b> .	Arava Institute for Environmental Studies (AIES) (Israel)
<b>56</b> .	Environment for Development Initiative (EfD) (Sweden)
<b>57</b> .	Integrated Research and Action for Development (IRADe) (India)
58.	Heschel Center for Environmental Learning and Leadership (Israel)
<b>59</b> .	Thailand Environment Institute (TEI) (Thailand)
60.	Global Development Research Center (GDRC) (Japan)
61.	Pembina Institute (Canada)
62.	Natuur en Milieu (Netherlands)
63.	International Center for Climate Governance (ICCG) (Italy)
64.	Instituto de Estudios Avanzados en Desarrollo (INESAD) (Bolivia)
<b>65</b> .	Environment and Natural Resources Foundation (FARN) (Argentina)
66.	Asociacion Nacional para la Conservacion de la Naturaleza (ANCON) (Panama)
67.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
<b>68</b> .	Institute of Water Policy (IWP) (Singapore)
69.	Adam Smith Institute (United Kingdom)
70.	Center for Energy and Environmental Policy Research, Massachusetts Institute of Technology (CEEPR) (United States)
71.	Heinrich Böll Stiftung (Boell) (Germany)
72.	Agora Energiewende (Germany)
73.	Basque Centre for Climate Change (BC3) (Spain)
74.	Center for Science of Environment Resources and Energy (Japan)
<b>75</b> .	Central Research Institute of Electric Power Industry (CRIEPI) (JAPAN)
76.	World Resources Institute (United States)
77.	Centre for Strategic Research and Analysis (CESRAN International) (United Kingdom)

78.	Centro Ecuatoriano de Derecho Ambiental (CEDA) (Ecuador)
79.	Chinese Environmental Protection Foundation (CEPF) (China)
80.	Climate Institute (Australia)
81.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLASCO) (Argentina)
82.	Council on Energy, Environment and Water (CEEW) (India)
83.	Centre for Environmental Economics and Policy in Africa (CEEPA) (South Africa)
84.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
85.	Frontier Centre for Public Policy (FCPP) (Canada)
86.	Institute of Public Enterprise (IPE) (India)
87.	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland)
88.	Korea Evironment Institute (KEI) (Republic of Korea)
89.	LEADS International (Pakistan)
90.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
91.	Fundación Global Democracia y Desarrollo (FUNGLODE) (Dominican Republic)
92.	Global Green Growth Institute (GGGI) (Republic of Korea)
93.	Centro Euro-Mediterraneo sui Cambiamenti Climatici (CMCC) (Italy)
94.	Institute of Environmental Studies (IES) (Zimbabwe)
95.	Oxford Institute for Energy Studies (United Kingdom)

#### Top Foreign Policy and International Affairs Think Tanks Table 19

- 1. Brookings Institution (United States)
- 2. French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
- 3. Chatham House (United Kingdom)
- 4. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
- 5. Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
- 6. China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations (CICIR) (China)
- 7. German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
- 8. Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
- 9. Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
- 10. International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
- **11.** RAND Corporation (United States)
- 12. Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
- 13. Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
- **14.** Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
- 15. European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
- **16.** Atlantic Council (United States)
- 17. Cato Institute (United States)
- 18. Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
- 19. Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
- **20.** Heritage Foundation (United States)
- 21. Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
- 22. Hoover Institution (United States)
- 23. Real Instituto Elcano (Spain)
- 24. Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
- 25. Clingendael, Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)
- 26. Al-Ahram Center for Political and Strategic Studies (ACPSS) (Egypt)
- 27. Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
- 28. Institut des Relations Internationales et Strategiques (IRIS) (France)
- 29. Hudson Institute (United States)
- 30. China Institute of International Studies (CIIS) (China)
- 31. German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
- 32. Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO) (Russia)
- 33. Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM) (Poland
- 34. Australian Strategic Policy Institute (ASPI) (Australia)
- 35. International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
- **36.** Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) (United Kingdom)
- 37. Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
- 38. Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (SIIS) (China)
- **39.** EGMONT The Royal Institute for International Relations (Belgium)
- **40.** Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)

- 41. Center for Strategic Studies (CSS) (Jordan)
- **42.** Centre for Eastern Studies (OSW) (Poland)
- 43. Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
- **44.** Economic Policy Research Foundation of Turkey (TEPAV) (Turkey)
- 45. Council on Foreign and Defence Policy (SVOP) (Russia)
- **46.** Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
- 47. Centre for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (Indonesia)
- **48.** Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United States)
- **49.** Institute for Defense and Strategic Studies (IDSS) (Singapore)
- **50.** Belgrade Centre for Security Policy (BCSP), FKA Centre for Civil-Military Relations (Serbia)
- **51.** EUROPEUM Institute for European Policy (Czech Republic)
- **52.** Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
- **53.** Foreign Policy Research Institute (FPRI) (United States)
- **54.** Prague Security Studies Institute (PSSI) (Czech Republic)
- **55.** Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
- **56.** Barcelona Centre for International Affairs (CIDOB) (Spain)
- 57. Institute of Foreign Affairs and National Security (IFANS) (Republic of Korea)
- **58.** Australian Institute for International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
- **59.** Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
- **60.** Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
- **61.** Slovak Foreign Policy Association (SFPA) (Slovakia)
- **62.** Centre for Strategic Studies (CSS) (New Zealand)
- 63. Center for Security and Defense Studies Foundation (CSDS) (Hungary)
- **64.** Gulf Research Center (GRC) (Saudi Arabia)
- **65.** Strategic and Defense Studies Centre (SDSC) (Australia)
- **66.** Swedish Institute of International Affairs (UI) (Sweden)
- **67.** Institute for International Relations (IIR) (Czech Republic)
- **68.** Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
- **69.** Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
- **70.** Bruegel (Belgium)
- 71. European Centre for International Political Economy (ECIPE) (Belgium)
- **72.** Center for Strategic and Budgetary Assessments (CSBA) (United States)
- 73. Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Sri Lanka)
- **74.** Freeman Spogli Institute for International Studies (United States)
- 75. Economic Research Institute (ERI) (Kazakhstan)
- **76.** European Union Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (France)
- 77. Finnish Institute of International Affairs (FIIA) (Finland)
- **78.** Kofi Annan International Peacekeeping Training Centre (Ghana)
- **79.** Institute for National Security Studies (INSS) (Israel)
- 80. Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies (IPCS) (India)
- **81.** East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
- 82. Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)

- 83. Albanian Institute for International Studies (AIIS) (Albania)
- **84.** Institute for Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS) (Singapore)
- 85. Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) (Greece)
- 86. Institute of Strategic and International Studies (ISIS) (Malaysia)
- 87. Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
- 88. Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
- **89.** Security and Defence Agenda (SDA) (Belgium)
- 90. South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
- **91.** Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
- **92.** Asia Society Policy Institute (United States)
- **93.** Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
- **94.** Centre on Asia and Globalization (CAG) (Singapore)
- 95. Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
- **97.** United States Institute of Peace (USIP) (United States)
- 98. American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
- **99.** Amnesty International (United Kingdom)
- 100. Arab Institute for Security Studies (ACSIS) (Jordan)
- **101.** Belfer Center for Science and International Relations (United States)
- **102.** Inter-American Dialogue (United States)
- 103. Center for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (EDAM) (Turkey)
- 104. Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
- 105. Delhi Policy Group (India)
- 106. Center for Turkey's Economic and Strategic Studies (TESAM) (Turkey)
- 107. Centro Studi Internazionali (Ce.S.I.) (Italy)
- **108.** Charhar Institute (China)
- 109. Eastern Europe Studies Centre (EESC) (Lithuania)
- 110. Fundación Global Democracia y Desarrollo (FUNGLODE) (Dominican Republic)
- 111. Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
- **112.** International Centre for Policy Studies (ICPS) (Ukraine)
- 113. German Marshall Fund (GMF) (Belgium)
- 114. Hague Centre for Strategic Studies (HCSS) (Netherlands)
- 115. Indian Council of World Affairs (ICWA) (India)
- 116. Pacific Council on International Policy (United States)
- 117. Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
- **118.** Stimson Center (United States)
- **119.** United Service Institution of India (India)
- **120.** Institute of Asian Studies (CENAA) (Slovakia)
- 121. Institute of Europe of the Russian Academy of Sciences (IERAS) (Russia)
- 122. Institute of International Relations and Political Science (TSPMI) (Lithuania)
- **123.** Center for Transatlantic Relations (CTR) (United States)
- **124.** Asian Competitive Institute (Singapore)
- **125.** International Strategic Research Organization (USAK) (Turkey)

- Lakshman Kadirgama Institute for International Relations and Strategic Studies (KADIRGAMAR) (Sri Lanka)
- **127.** Latvian Institute of International Affairs (LIIA) (Lativa)
- 128. Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
- **129.** Pakistan Council on Foreign Affairs (CFR) (Pakistan)
- **130.** Razumkov Centre (Ukraine) Institute for Foreign Affairs and Trade (KKI) (Hungary)
- **131.** Institute for Science and International Security (ISIS) (United States)
- **132.** Russian International Affairs Council (RIAC) (Russia)
- **133.** European Public and International Law (Netherlands)
- **134.** Eurasia Council on Foreign Affairs (Belgium)
- **135.** Eurasia Research Institute (Kazakhstan)

#### Top Domestic Health Policy Think Tanks Table 20

	Table 20
1.	Cambridge Centre for Health Services Research (CCHSR) (United Kingdom)
2.	Bloomberg School of Public Health Research Centers (JHSPH) (United States)
3.	Health and Global Policy Institute (HGPI) (Japan)
4.	RAND Corporation (United States)
5.	Philips Center for Health and Well-Being (Netherlands)
6.	Brookings Institution (United States)
7.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
8.	Cato Institute (United States)
9.	Urban Institute (United States)
10.	Kaiser Permanente Institute for Health Policy (KPIHP) (United States)
11.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
12.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
13.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
14.	Adam Smith Institute (United Kingdom)
15.	China Center for Health Economics Research (CCHER) (China)
16.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
17.	Africa Population Health Research Center (APHRC) (Kenya)
18.	Mathematica Policy Research (MPR) (United States)
19.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
20.	Civitas: Institute for the Study of Civil Society (United Kingdom)
21.	Fundacion Mexicana para la Salud (FUNSALUD) (Mexico)
22.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
23.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
24.	Center for Health System Research (CHSR) (Vietnam)
25.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
26.	Institute for Government (IfG) (United Kingdom)
27.	China Institute for Reform and Development (CIRD) (China)
28.	Centre d'Etudes et de Recherches en Sciences Sociales (CERSS) (Morocco)
29.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
30.	Institute of Economic Growth (IEG) (India)
31.	Center for European Economic Research (ZEW) (Germany)
32.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
33.	Leonard Davis Institute of Health Economics (LDI) (United States)
34.	Council on Foreign Relations, Global Health Program (CFR) (United States)
35.	Institute of Policy Studies of Sri Lanka (IPS) (Sri Lanka)
36.	Bruegel (Belgium)
37.	Centre for Civil Society (CCS) (India)
38.	Centro de Investigacion y Docencia Economicas (Mexico)

39.	China National Health Development Research Center (CNHDRC) (China)
40.	Canadian Centre for Health Economics (Canada)
41.	Committee for Economic Development (CED) (United States)
42.	Grattan Institute (Australia)
43.	Health Services Research (CCHSR) (United Kingdom)
44.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)
45.	Foundation for Democratic Reforms (FDR) (India)
46.	Galen Institute (United States)
47.	Global Health Institute (China)
48.	Goldwater Institute (United States)
49.	IFAKARA Health Institute (IHI) (Tanzania)
50.	India Institute (India)
51.	Korea Institute for Health and Social Affairs (KIHASA) (Republic of Korea)
<b>52</b> .	National Center for Policy Analysis (NCPA) (United States)
53.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
54.	Public Health Research Centers (JHSPH) (United States)
55.	Quid Novi Foundation (Netherlands)

# Top Global Health Policy Think Tanks Table 21

	Table 21
1.	Cambridge Centre for Health Services Research (CCHSR) (United Kingdom)
2.	Bloomberg School of Public Health Research Centers (JHSPH) (United States)
3.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
4.	Health and Global Policy Institute (HGPI) (Japan)
5.	Chatham House, Centre on Global Health Security (United Kingdom)
6.	Brookings Institution (United States)
7.	RAND Corporation (United States)
8.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
9.	Barcelona Institute for Global Health (ISGlobal) (Spain)
10.	Council on Foreign Relations, Global Health Program (CFR) (United States)
11.	Kaiser Permanente Institute for Health Policy (KPIHP) (United States)
12.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
13.	Civitas: Institute for the Study of Civil Society (United Kingdom)
14.	Fundacion Mexicana para la Salud (FUNSALUD) (Mexico)
15.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
16.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
17.	Urban Institute (United States)
18.	Canadian Centre for Health Economics (Canada)
19.	Cato Institute (United States)
20.	Philips Center for Health and Well-Being (Netherlands)
21.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
22.	Center for Global Development (United States)
23.	Center for Health System Research (CHSR) (Vietnam)
24.	Centre d'Etudes et de Recherches en Sciences Sociales (CERSS) (Morocco)
25.	Institute of Economic Growth (IEG) (India)
26.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
27.	Institute of Policy Studies of Sri Lanka (IPS) (Sri Lanka)
28.	China Institute for Reform and Development (CIRD) (China)
29.	African Population and Health Research Centre (APHRC) (Kenya)
30.	Wilson Center (FKA) Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
31.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
32.	Asia Pacific Observatory on Health Systems and Policies (APO) (United States)
33.	Barcelona Institute for Global Health (ISGlobal) (Spain)
34.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
35.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)

# Top International Development Think Tanks Table 22

1.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
2.	Institute of Development Studies (IDS) (United Kingdom)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
5.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
6.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
7.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
8.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
9.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
10.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
11.	Center for International Development (CID) (United States)
12.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
13.	World Institute for Development Economics Research (WIDER) (Finland)
14.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
15.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
16.	International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI) (United States)
17.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
18.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
19.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
20.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
21.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
22.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
23.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
24.	Cato Institute, Center for Global Liberty and Prosperity (United States)
25.	RAND Corporation (United States)
26.	Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) (Bangladesh)
27.	African Economic Research Consortium (AERC) (Kenya)
28.	Atlas Network (United States)
29.	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) (China)
30.	International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD) (Canada)
31.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
32.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
33.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
34.	Centre for Development Alternatives (CFDA) (India)
35.	Institute for Sustainable Development and International Relations (IDDRI) (France)
36.	Japan International Cooperation Agency Research Institute (JICA-RI) (Japan)
37.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
38.	Club of Rome (Switzerland)

39.	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
40.	Centre for the Study of African Economies (CASE) (United Kingdom)
41.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
42.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) Bangladesh
43.	Fedesarrollo (Colombia)
44.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
<b>45</b> .	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
46.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
47.	Indian Council for Research on International Economic Relations (ICRIER) (India)
48.	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
49.	Centre for Development and the Environment (SUM) (Norway)
50.	Centro de Divulgacion Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE) (Venezuela)
51.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
<b>52</b> .	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
53.	Instituto Libertad y Democracia (ILD) (Perú)
54.	African Institute for Economic Development and Planning (IDEP) (Senegal)
55.	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
56.	European Centre for Development Policy Management (ECDPM) (Netherlands)
57.	Grupo de Analisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú)
58.	International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED) (United Kingdom)
59.	Institute of Developing Economies, Japan External Trade Organization (IDEJETRO) (Japan)
60.	Hudson Institute, Center for Global Prosperity (United States)
61.	Fundacion para el Analisis y los Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)
62.	Nordic Africa Institute (Sweden)
63.	Institute for Global Dialogue (IGD) (South Africa)
64.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
<b>65</b> .	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
66.	Water and Development Research Group (WDRG) (Finland)
67.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
68.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
69.	Thailand Development Research Institute (TDRI) (Thailand)
70.	Chr. Michelsen Institute (CMI) (Norway)
71.	Institute for Policy Studies (IPS) (United States)
72.	Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) (Philippines)
73.	Austrian Institute of Economic Research (WIFO) (Austria)
74.	Center for Economic Policy Research (CEPR) (United States)
<b>75</b> .	Asociacion Latinoamericana de Organizaciones de Promocion al Desarrollo (ALOP) (Mexico)

76.	Third World Network (TWN) (Malaysia)
77.	Fundacion Carolina (Spain)
78.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
79.	Development Alternatives (Costa Rica)
80.	Asia Competitiveness Institute (ACI) (Singapore)
81.	Baltic Development Forum (BDF) (Denmark)
82.	Berkeley Roundtable on the International Economy (BRIE) (United States)
83.	Bruegel (Belgium)
84.	International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) (Switzerland)
85.	Technical Centre for Agricultural and Rural Cooperation (CTA) (Netherlands)
86.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
87.	McKinsey Global Institute (MGI) (United States)
88.	Centre for Policy Dialogue (CPD) (Bangladesh)
89.	Global Industrial and Social Progress Research Institute (GISPRI) (Japan)
90.	A.T. Kearney Global Business Policy Council (GBPC) (United States)
91.	China Center for International Economic Exchanges (CCIEE) (China)
92.	Australian Institute of International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
93.	Austrian Economics Center (Austria)
94.	Center for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
95.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
96.	Centre d'Etudes Prospectives et d'Informations Internationales (CEPII) (France)
97.	Centre for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (EDAM) (Turkey)
98.	Centre on Asia and Globalization (Singapore)
99.	Boston Consulting Group (United States)
100.	Centro de Estudio de Realidad Economica y Social (CERES) (Uruguay)
101.	Centro de Estudios de Estado y Sociedad (CEDES) (Argentina)
102.	Academy of Macroeconomic Research, National Development and Reform Commission (NDRC) (China)
103.	Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and Asia (ERIA) (Indonesia)
104.	European Center for International Political Economy (ECIPE) (Belgium)
105.	Finnish Business and Policy Forum (EVA) (Finland)
106.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
107.	Institute for International Economic Studies (IIES) (Sweden)
108.	American Enterprise Insitute for
109.	Gaidar Institute for Economic Research (IEP) (Russia)
110.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
111.	Information and Forschung Institute for Economic Research (IFO) (Germany)
112.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
113.	Institute for International Trade Negotiations (ICONE) (Brazil)
114.	Institute for World Economies (IWE) (Hungary)
115.	Institute of Economic Growth (IEG) (India)
116.	Institute of World Economics and Politics (IWEP) (China)
117.	Kiel Institute for the World Economy (IfW) (Germany)

118.	Levy Economics Institute (United States)
119.	Macroeconomic Policy Institute (IMK) (Germany)
120.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
121.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
122.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
123.	Vietnam Institute for Economic Policy Research (VERP) (Vietnam)
124.	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) (France)
125.	Razumkov Centre (Ukraine)
126.	Research Institute for Economy Trade and Industry (RIETI) (Japan)
127.	Institute for Democracy and Economic Affairs (Malaysia)
128.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh)
129.	Stockholm Institute of Transition Economics (SITE) (Sweden)
130.	TARKI Social Research Institute (Hungary)
131.	Vienna Institue fir International Economic Studies (WIIW) (Austria)
132.	China Institute for Reform and Development (CIRD) (China)

# Top International Economics Think Tanks Table 23

	Tuble 20
1.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
2.	Bruegel (Belgium)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	Vienna Institute for International Economic Studies (WIIW) (Austria)
5.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
6.	Institute of Developing Economies, Japan External Trade Organization (IDEJETRO) (Japan)
7.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
8.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
9.	RAND Corporation (United States)
10.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
11.	Korean Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
12.	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
13.	Institute of World Economics and Politics, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (China)
14.	Kiel Institute for the World Economy (IfW) (Germany)
15.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
16.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
17.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
18.	India Council for Research on International Economic Relations (ICRIER) (India)
19.	Berkeley Roundtable on the International Economy (BRIE) (United States)
20.	Cato Institute (United States)
21.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
22.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
23.	European Centre for International Political Economy (ECIPE) (Belgium)
24.	Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA) (Indonesia)
25.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
26.	Australian Institute of International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
27.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
28.	Institute for International Economic Studies (IIES) (Sweden)
29.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
30.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
31.	Ifo Institute - Leibniz Institute for Economic Research (Germany)
32.	Centre d'Etudes Prospectives et d'Informations Internationales (CEPII) (France)
33.	Centre for Independent Studies (CIS) (Australia)
34.	McKinsey Global Institute (MGI) (United States)
35.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
36.	Institute for Policy Studies (IPS) (United States)
37.	Centre on Asia and Globalisation (Singapore)
38.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)

39.	Centre for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (EDAM) (Turkey)
40.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
41.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
<b>42</b> .	African Economic Research Consortium (AERC) (Kenya)
43.	Razumkov Centre (Ukraine)
44.	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
<b>45</b> .	Institute of World Economics (Hungary)
46.	Centro de Estudio de la Realidad Economica y Social (CERES) (Uruguay)
47.	Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
48.	Asia Competitiveness Institute (ACI) (Singapore)
49.	Fedesarrollo (Colombia)
<b>50</b> .	Institute for Research on Public Policy (Canada)
51.	Policy Studies Institute (PSI) (United Kingdom)
<b>52</b> .	Institute of Economic Growth (IEG) (India)
<b>53</b> .	Institute for International Trade Negotiations (ICONE) (Brazil)
54.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
<b>55</b> .	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
<b>56</b> .	Baltic Development Forum (BDF) (Denmark)
<b>57</b> .	Finnish Business and Policy Forum (EVA) (Finland)
<b>58</b> .	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
<b>59</b> .	Austrian Institute of Economic Research (WIFO) (Austria)
60.	A.T. Kearney Global Business Policy Council (United States)
61.	Centro de Investigación y Docencia Económica (CIDE) (Mexico)
<b>62</b> .	China Center for International Economic Exchanges (CCIEE) (China)
<b>63</b> .	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
64.	Gaidar Institute for Economic Research (IEP) (Russia)
<b>65</b> .	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
66.	Institute for Democracy and Economic Analysis (IDEA) (Czech Republic)
67.	Center for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
68.	Centro de Análisis y Difusión de la Economía Paraguaya (CADEP) (Argentina)
<b>69</b> .	Institute for Economic Research and Policy Consulting (IER) (Ukraine)
70.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
71.	Institute of International Relations and Political Science (IIRPS) (Lithuania)
72.	World Economic Forum (Switzerland)
<b>73</b> .	Libertad y Desarrollo (Chile)
74.	Macroeconomic Policy Institute (IMK) (Germany)
<b>75</b> .	National Institute of Economic and Social Research (NIESR) (United Kingdom)
<b>76</b> .	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
<b>77</b> .	Research Institute for Economy Trade and Industry (RIETI) (Japan)
<b>78</b> .	TARKI Social Research Institute (Hungary)
79.	Wilson Center (FKA) Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)

80. Levy Economics Institute (United States)
81. World Institute of Development Economics Research (UNU-WIDER) (Finland)
82. Stockholm Institute of Transition Economics (SITE) (Sweden)
83. Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) (France)

# Top Science and Technology Think Tanks Table 24

	l able 24
1.	Information Technology and Innovation Foundation (ITIF) (United States)
2.	Max Planck Institutes (Germany)
3.	Science Policy Research Unit (SPRU) (United Kingdom
4.	Institute for Future Engineering (IFENG), FKA Institute for Future Technology (Japan)
<b>5</b> .	RAND Corporation (United States)
6.	Science and Technology Policy Institute (STEPI) (Republic of Korea)
7.	Institute for Basic Research (IBR) (United States)
8.	Samuel Neaman Institute for Advanced Studies in Science and Technology (SNI) (Israel)
9.	Consortium for Science, Policy, and Outcomes (CSPO) (United States)
10.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
11.	Centre for Studies in Science Policy (CSSP) (India)
12.	Center for Development Research (ZEF) (Germany)
13.	Information and Communication Technologies for Development (ICT4D) (United Kingdom)
14.	Lisbon Council for Economic Competitiveness and Social Renewal (Belgium)
15.	Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) (South Africa)
16.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
17.	Technology, Entertainment, Design (TED) (United States)
18.	International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis (IIASA) (Austria)
19.	Institute for Science and International Security (ISIS) (United States)
20.	Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) (India)
21.	Fondation Telecom (France)
22.	Technology Policy Institute (TPI) (United States)
23.	Battelle Memorial Institute (United States)
24.	Research ICT Africa (RIA) (South Africa)
25.	Santa Fe Institute (SFI) (United States)
26.	African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS) (Kenya)
27.	Telecom Centres of Excellence (TCOE) (India)
28.	Jigsaw (FKA Google Ideas)(United States)
29.	Eudoxa (Sweden)
30.	Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs (United States)
31.	Fundacion Innovacion Bankinter (Spain)
32.	Keck Institute for Space Studies (KISS) (United States)
33.	Kansai Institute of Information Systems (KIIS) (Japan)
34.	Center for Global Communications (GLOCOM) (Japan)
35.	Fundación Idea (Mexico)  Notice el Institute el Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST)
36.	National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) (Japan)
37.	World Security Institute (WSI) (United States)

38.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
39.	Tech Freedom (United States)
40.	Bertelsmann Foundation (Germany)
41.	Institute for the Encouragement of Scientific Research and Innovation of Brussels (ISRIB) (Belgium)
42.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
43.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
44.	Turkish Economic and Social Studies Foundation (TESEV) (Turkey)
45.	Breakthrough Institute (United States)
46.	Brookings Institution (United States)
47.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
48.	Tanzania Commission for Science and Technology (COSTECH) (Tanzania)
49.	Evidence-Informed Policy Network (EVIPNet), World Health Organization (Switzerland)
<b>50</b> .	Adam Smith Institute (United Kingdom)
51.	Centro de promocion de Tecnologías Sostenibles (Bolivia)
<b>52</b> .	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
<b>53</b> .	Fraser Institute (Canada)
54.	Center for Study of Science, Technology & Policy (CSTEP) (India)
<b>55</b> .	Bankinter Foundation of Innovation (Spain)
56.	Institute for Innovation and Development Strategy (China)
<b>57</b> .	Centre for Science and Environment (CSE) (India)
58.	China Association for Science and Technology (China)
<b>59</b> .	Consejo Internacional de Ciencias Sociales (ISSC)
<b>60</b> .	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
61.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Costa Rica)
<b>62</b> .	Council on Energy, Environment And Water (CEEW) (India)
63.	Development Alternatives (India)
64.	Edge Foundation (United States)
65.	ICT4D (United Kingdom)
66.	Manhattan Institute (United States)
67.	Perimeter Institute (Canada)
68.	Yachay (Ecuador)

#### Top Social Policy Think Tanks Table 25

	Table 25
1.	Urban Institute (United States)
2.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
5.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
6.	RAND Corporation (United States)
7.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
8.	Swedish Institute for Social Research (SOFI) (Sweden)
9.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
10.	Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (CBPP) (United States)
11.	Cato Institute (United States)
12.	Max Planck Institute for the Study of Societies (MPIFG) (Germany)
13.	Acton Institute for the Study of Religion and Liberty (United States)
14.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
15.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
16.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
17.	Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP) (Canada
18.	Bruegel (Belgium)
19.	Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
20.	Russell Sage Foundation (RSF) (United States)
21.	Institute for Fiscal Studies (IFS) (United Kingdom)
22.	Institute for Public Policy Research (IPPR) (United Kingdom)
23.	Centre for Liberal Strategies (CLS) (Bulgaria)
24.	Friedrich-Ebert-Stiftung (Germany)
<b>25</b> .	Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC) (Bangladesh)
26.	Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR) (United Kingdom)
27.	Centro de Estudios Distributivos, Laborales y Sociales (CEDLAS) (Argentina)
28.	Fedesarrollo (Colombia)
29.	Grupo de Analisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú Civitas: Institute for the Study of Civil Society (United Kingdom)
30.	Demos (United Kingdom)
31.	Institute for Policy Studies (Singapore)
32.	Civitas: Institute for the Study of Civil Society (United Kingdom)
33.	Development Research Center of the State Council (China)
34.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
35.	Sociological Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences (SI RAS) (Russia)
36.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)

37.	Centre for Policy Research (CPR) (India)
38.	Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) (Philippines)
39.	Policy Studies Institute (PSI) (United Kingdom)
40.	Centre for Education Policy Development (CEPD) (South Africa)
41.	Centro de Referencia em Seguranca Alimentar e Nutricional (CERESAN) (Brazil)
42.	New America Foundation (United States)
43.	Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS) (Singapore)
44.	Caledon Institute of Social Policy (Canada)
45.	Institute for Urban Economics (IUE) (Russia)
46.	Center for Budget and Policy Priorities (United States)
47.	Center for Economic and Policy Research (United States)
48.	Grattan Institute (Australia)
49.	TARKI Social Research Institute (Hungary)
50.	Joint Center for Political and Economic Studies (JCEPS) (United States)
51.	Stefan Batory Foundation (Poland)
<b>52</b> .	Institute for Government (IfG) (United Kingdom)
<b>53</b> .	Independent Institute for Social Policy (IISP) (Russia)
54.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
<b>55</b> .	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (China)
56.	ACCORD (South Africa)
<b>57.</b>	Adam Smith Institute (United Kingdom)
58.	Centre for Poverty Analysis (Sri Lanka)
<b>59</b> .	Centro de Estudios de la Realidad Economía y Social (Uruguay)
60.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
61.	Konrad -Adenauer-Stiftung (KAS) (Germany)
62.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
63.	Shanghai Academy of Social Sciences (SASS) (China)
64.	Center for Policy and Research (India)
<b>65</b> .	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
66.	Bertelsmann Foundation (Germany)
67.	C.D. Howe (Canada)
68.	Mathematica Policy Research (United States)
<b>69</b> .	Comisión Económica para América Latina y el Caribe (Cepal) (Chile)
70.	Center for Governance and Public Policy (India)
71.	Conseil pour le développement de la recherche en sciences sociales en Afrique (Senegal)
72.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Ecuador)
73.	Development Alternatives (India)
74.	CEDLAS (Argentina)
<b>75.</b>	Economic and Social Research Foundation (Tanzania)
76.	Centro de Estudios Económicos y Sociales (CEES) (Guatemala)
77.	Fundacion para el Analisis y Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)

<b>78</b> .	Fundación para la Paz y la Democracia (FUNPADEM) (Costa Rica)
79.	Fundaungo (El Salvador)
80.	ARU Foundaiton (Bolivia)
81.	Public Policy Institute of California (United States)
82.	Human and Social Sciences Research Council (South Africa)
83.	Institute for Social and Economic Analyses (ISEA) (Czech Republic)
84.	International Center for Human Development (Armenia)
85.	International Centre for Ethnic Studies (Sri Lanka)
86.	Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS) (Singapore)
87.	Korea Institute for Health and Social Affairs (KIHASA) (Korea)
88.	Asociación de investigación y estudios sociales (ASIES) (Guatemala)
89.	Libertad y Desarrollo (Chile)
90.	Lithuanian Free Market Institute (Lithuania)
91.	Makerere Institute of Social Research (Uganda)
92.	Manhattan Institute (United States)
93.	Third Way (United States)
94.	Migration Policy Institute (United States)
95.	Economic Policy Institute (United States)
96.	National Bureau of Economic Research (United States)
97.	Observer Researcher Foundation (India)
98.	European Social Observatory (OSE) (Belgium)
99.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
100.	Washington Center for Equitable Growth (United States)

# Top Transparency and Good Governance Think Tanks Table 26

	l able 26
1.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
2.	Freedom House (United States)
3.	Oxford Council on Good Governance (OCGG) (United Kingdom)
4.	Brookings Institution (United States)
5.	Open Society Foundations (OSF), FKA Open Society Institute (United States)
6.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
7.	Natural Resource Governance Institute (NRGI), FKA Revenue Watch Institute (United States)
8.	Mo Ibrahim Foundation (MIF) (United Kingdom)
9.	National Endowment for Democracy (NED) (United States)
10.	Center for Public Integrity (CPI) (United States)
11.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
12.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
13.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
14.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
15.	International Budget Partnership (IBP) (United States)
16.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
17.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
18.	Africa Institute for Energy Governance (AFIEGO) (Uganda)
19.	Ash Center for Democratic Governance and Innovation (United States)
20.	Quality of Government Institute (QoG) (Sweden)
21.	Taxpayers' Alliance (United Kingdom)
22.	Indonesia Corruption Watch (ICW) (Indonesia)
23.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United Kingdom)
24.	International Center for Human Development (ICHD) (Armenia)
25.	Institute for Fiscal Studies (IFS) (United Kingdom)
26.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
27.	Ethos Policy Lab (Mexico)
28.	Laboratory for Anti-Corruption Policy (LAP) (Russia)
29.	Center for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
30.	Public Affairs Centre (PAC) (India)
31.	Fundacion Jubileo (Bolivia)
32.	Center for Good Governance (India)
33.	Geneva Centre for the Democratic Control of Armed Forces (DCAF) (Switzerland)
34.	Center for Regional Information and Studies (PATTIRO) (Indonesia)
<b>35</b> .	Public Finance Monitoring Center (PFMC) (Azerbaijan)
36.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
37.	Berggruen Institute (United States)

<ul><li>39. Center for Economic and Policy Research (CEPR) (United States)</li><li>40. Global Financial Integrity (United States)</li></ul>	
,	
<b>41.</b> Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI) (Norway)	
42. Institute for Public Policy and Good Governance (Albania)	
43. Human Rights Center Memorial (Russia)	
44. Ilko Kucheriv Democratic Initiatives Foundation (DIF) (Ukraine)	
45. Asian Strategy & Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)	
<b>46.</b> Center for the Study of Democracy (CSD) (Bulgaria)	
47. Association for Democratic Reforms (India)	
48. Basel Institute for Good Governance (Switzerland)	
49. Center for Governance and Public Policy (India)	
<b>50.</b> Centre for Democracy and Development (CDD) (Nigeria)	
51. Human Rights Watch (China)	
52. Global Integrity (United States)	
53. Expert Forum (Romania)	
<b>54.</b> Fundación para la Paz y la Democracia (FUNPADEM) (Costa Rica)	
55. Ghana Center for Democratic Development (Ghana)	
<b>56.</b> Institute for Democracy in South Africa (IDASA) (South Africa)	
57. Think Tank Watch (United States)	
<b>58.</b> Bingham Centre for the Rule of Law (United Kingdom)	
59. Instituto de Ciencia Política Hernan Echavarria Olozaga (Colombia)	
60. Instituto de Estudios Estratégicos y Políticas Públicas (leepp) (Nicaragu	a)
61. Samriddhi, The Prosperity Foundation (Nepal)	
<b>62.</b> Center for Development and Democratization of Institutions (CDDI) (Alb	ania)
63. Institucion Futuro (Spain)	
<b>64.</b> U4 (Norway)	
65. Rethinking Russia (Russia)	

#### **Top Think Tanks by Special Achievement**

#### Best Advocacy Campaign

	l able 27
1.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United Kingdom)
2.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
3.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
4.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
5.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
6.	Americans for Tax Reform (ATR) (United States)
7.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
8.	Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
9.	Acton Institute for the Study of Religion and Liberty (United States)
10.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
11.	Cato Institute (United States)
12.	Heinrich Boll Foundation (HBS) (Germany)
13.	Pew Research Center (United States)
14.	Stefan Batory Foundation (Poland)
15.	Advocates Coalition for Development and Environment (ACODE) (Uganda)
16.	Copenhagen Consensus Center (CCC) (Denmark)
17.	Arab Forum for Alternatives (AFA) (Egypt)
18.	Taxpayers' Alliance (United Kingdom)
19.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
20.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
21.	European Stability Initiative (ESI) (Germany)
22.	Centre for Policy Analysis (CEPA) (Ghana)
23.	Qatar Foundation (QF) (Qatar)
24.	Consejo Mexicano de Asuntos Internacionales (COMEXI) (Mexico)
25.	American Principles Project (APP) (United States)
26.	Association for International Affairs (AMO) (Czech Republic)
27.	Centre for Policy Analysis (CEPA) (Ghana)
28.	Foreign Policy Initiative (FPI) (United States)
29.	African Population and Health Research Center (APHRC) (Kenya)
30.	Centre d'Etudes et de Recherches en Sciences Sociales (CERSS) (Morocco)
31.	Adam Smith Institute (United Kingdom)
32.	Ethos Public Policy Lab (Mexico)
33.	Istituto Bruno Leoni (IBL) (Italy)
34.	Global Witness (United Kingdom)
35.	Mexicanos Primero (Mexico)
36.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
37.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)

38.	Central Asian Free Market Institute (CAFMI) (Kyrgyzstan)
39.	Tax Foundation (United States)
40.	Center for European Policy Analysis (CEPA) (United States)
41.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
42.	FreedomWorks (United States)
43.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
44.	Conectas Direitos Humanos (CDH) (Brazil)
45.	Centro de Investigaciones Economicas Nacionales (CIEN) (Guatemala)
46.	Corner House (United Kingdom)
47.	ONE Campaign (United States)
48.	Geneva Association (Switzerland)
49.	Institute for Economic Research and Policy Consulting (IER) (Ukraine)
50.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
51.	Economic Research Centre (ERC) (Azerbaijan)
<b>52</b> .	Competitive Enterprise Institute (CEI) (United States)
<b>53</b> .	Enough Project (United States)
54.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
<b>55</b> .	Ukrainian Center for Independent Political Research (UCIPR) (Ukraine)
56.	Center for Strategic Studies (SAM) (Azerbaijan)
<b>57</b> .	GRAIN (Spain)
58.	Tax Justice Network (United Kingdom)
<b>59</b> .	World Federalist Movement (WFM) (United States)
60.	Think New Mexico (United States)
61.	Refugee Advocacy Network (RAN) (Australia)
62.	Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies (IPCS) (India)
63.	Analytical Centre on Globalization and Regional Cooperation (ACGRC) (Armenia)
64.	Fundacion para el Desarrollo Economico y Social de Panama (FUDESPA) (Panama)
<b>65</b> .	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
66.	Instituto Mexicano para la Competitividad (IMCO) (Mexico)
<b>67</b> .	Global Financial Integrity (GFI) (United States)
68.	Institute for Justice (IJ) (United States)
<b>69</b> .	Truman National Security Project (TNSP) (United States)
<b>70</b> .	SynergyNet (China)
71.	Property and Environment Research Center (PERC) (United States)
72.	Makerere Institute of Social Research (MISR) (Uganda)
73.	Education for Peace in Iraq Center (EPIC) (United States)
74.	Austrian Economics Center (AEC) (Austria)
<b>75</b> .	American Enterprise Institute (United States)

76.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
77.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
78.	Hague Institute for Global Justice (Netherlands)
79.	Israel Centher for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
80.	Civic Exchange (China)
81.	Third Way (United States
82.	Uwezo (Kenya)
83.	Institut des Etudes Africaines (IEA) (Morocco)
84.	Action (Italy)
85.	National Commission for Science, Technology and Innovation (NACOSTI) (Kenya)
86.	Fortnight for Freedom (United States)
87.	National Budget Group (NBG) (Azerbaijan)
88.	Lincoln Institute of Land Policy (United States)
89.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
90.	Woodstock Institute (United States)

#### Best For Profit Think Tanks Table 28

	Table 28
1.	McKinsey Global Institute (MGI) (United States)
2.	Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU) (United Kingdom)
3.	Boston Consulting Group (BCG) (United States)
4.	A.T. Kearney Global Business Policy Council (GBPC) (United States)
5.	Nomura Research Institute (NRI) (Japan)
6.	Deutsche Bank Research (Germany)
7.	Eurasia Group (United States)
8.	Samsung Economic Research Institute (SERI) (Republic of Korea)
9.	Stratfor (United States)
10.	Oxford Analytica (United States)
11.	PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC), Strategy& (United States)
12.	Altran (France)
13.	Daimler Benz Future Research Unit (Germany)
14.	Ernest and Young (EY) (United States)
15.	Accenture Institute for High Performance (United States)
16.	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (United Kingdom)
17.	Aegis (United Kingdom)
18.	Kissinger Associates (United States)
19.	European House - Ambrosetti (TEH-A) (Italy)
20.	IBM Institute for Business Value (United States)
21.	Mitsubishi Research Institute, Inc. (MIRI) (Japan)
22.	GovLab, Deloitte (United States)
23.	Bain and Company, The Bridgespan Group (United States)
24.	Economics and Country Risk (IHS), FKA Global Insight (United Kingdom)
25.	Parthenon Group (United States)
26.	Cohen Group (United States)
27.	Roubini Global Economics (RGE) (United States)
28.	Prioritet (Azerbaijan)
29.	Kernel Development Research P.L.C. (Ethiopia)
30.	Mathmatica Policy Research (MPR) (United States)
31.	SIR International (United States)
32.	Initiative Neue Soziale Marktwirtschaft (INSM) (Germany)
33.	Access Capital Research (Ethiopia)
34.	Smith Brandon International Inc. (United States)
35.	Roland Berger Strategy Consultants (Germany)
<b>36.</b>	Hybrid Reality Institute (United States)
37.	Control Risks Group (United States)
38.	Engility (United States)
<b>39.</b>	Frontier Horizons (United Kingdom)
40.	Arabella Associates (United States)

41.	Inkerman Group (United Kingdom)
42.	Kreller Business Information Group (United States)
43.	Kroll Associates (United States)
44.	Kuranga & Associates (United States)
45.	Maplecroft (United Kingdom)
46.	Marvin Zonis + Associates, Inc. (United States)
47.	Medley Global Advisors (United States)
48.	Rhodium Group (United States)
49.	Smith Brandon International Inc. (United States)
50.	TARKI Social Research Institute, Inc. (Hungary)
51.	Bloomberg BNA (United States)
<b>52</b> .	Dalberg Global Development Advisors (United States)

#### Best Government Affiliated Think Tanks Table 29

	Table 29
1.	Development Research Group, World Bank (DECRG) (United States)
2.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
3.	Congressional Research Service (United States)
4.	World Bank Institute (WBI), World Bank (United States)
5.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
6.	China Institutes of Contemporary International Relations (CICIR) (China)
7.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
8.	East-West Center (EWC) (United States)
9.	China Institute of International Studies (CIIS) (China)
10.	European Political Strategy Centre (EPSC) (Belgium)
11.	Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) (United Kingdom)
12.	European Union Institute for Security Studies (EUISS) (France)
13.	United States Institute of Peace (USIP) (United States)
14.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
15.	Ethiopian Development Research Institute (EDRI) (Ethiopia)
16.	Centre for Eastern Studies (OSW) (Poland)
17.	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) (China)
18.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Ecuador)
19.	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
20.	Institute of Foreign Affairs and National Security (IFANS) (Republic of Korea)
21.	Economic Research Institute (Kazakhstan)
<b>22</b> .	Max Planck Institutes (Germany)
23.	Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
24.	Institute of World Economics and Politics (IWEP) (Vietnam)
25.	Instituto de Pesquisa Economica Aplicada (IPEA) (Brazil)
26.	Council on Foreign and Defense Policy (SVOP) (Russia)
27.	Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI) (Japan)
28.	Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) (Bangladesh)
29.	Center for Strategic Studies (SAM) (Azerbaijan)
30.	Thailand Development Research Institute (TDRI) (Thailand)
31.	Information and Decision Support Center (IDSC) (Egypt)
32.	Institute of Defense Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
33.	Brunei Darussalam Institute of Policy and Strategic Studies (BDIPSS) (Brunei)
34.	Institute for Foreign Affairs and Trade (IFAT), FKA Hungarian Institute of International Affairs (Hungary)
35.	Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) (Bangladesh)
36.	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) (United States)
37.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
38.	Congressional Research Service (United States)
39.	Comision Economica para America Latina (CEPAL) (Chile)

40	Diplomatic Academy of Vietnam (DAV) (Vietnam)
40.	Diplomatic Academy of Vietnam (DAV) (Vietnam)
41.	Institute of Strategic and Defence Studies (Hungary)
42.	Finnish Institute for International Affairs (FIIA) (Finland)
43.	Shanghai Institutes for International Studies (SIIS) (China)
44.	Fundacao Alexandre de Gusmao (FUNAG) (Brazil)
45.	Maritime Institute of Malaysia (MIMA) (Malaysia)
46.	National Institute for Defense Studies (NIDS) (Japan)
47.	Albanian Institute for International Studies (AIIS) (Albania)
48.	Centre for Global Cooperation Research (GCR21) (Germany)
49.	Vietnam Diplomatic Academy Research Center (Vietnam)
50.	European Parliamentary Research Service (Belgium)
51.	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) (Australia)
52.	International Institute for Social Studies (Netherlands)
53.	Industrial Technology Research Institute (ITRI) (Taiwan, China)
54.	Economic Policy Research Centre (EPRC) (Uganda)
<b>55</b> .	United Nations University (UNU) (Japan)
56.	Center for Strategic Studies (SAM) (Turkey)
57.	Kazakhstan Institute for Strategic Studies (KazISS) (Kazakhstan)
58.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
<b>58</b> . <b>59</b> .	
	(South Africa)
<b>59</b> .	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland)
<b>59</b> . <b>60</b> .	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
59. 60. 61.	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia)
59. 60. 61. 62.	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li></ul>	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li></ul>	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li><li>65.</li></ul>	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li><li>65.</li><li>66.</li></ul>	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic) National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP) (India)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li><li>65.</li><li>66.</li><li>67.</li></ul>	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic) National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP) (India) International Institute for Strategic Studies, Party School (China)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li><li>65.</li><li>66.</li><li>67.</li><li>68.</li></ul>	(South Africa) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic) National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP) (India) International Institute for Strategic Studies, Party School (China) Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li><li>65.</li><li>66.</li><li>67.</li><li>68.</li><li>69.</li></ul>	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic) National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP) (India) International Institute for Strategic Studies, Party School (China) Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway) Analytical Center for the Government of the Russian Federation (Russia)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li><li>65.</li><li>66.</li><li>67.</li><li>68.</li><li>69.</li><li>70.</li></ul>	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic) National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP) (India) International Institute for Strategic Studies, Party School (China) Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway) Analytical Center for the Government of the Russian Federation (Russia) Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) (Philippines)
<ul><li>59.</li><li>60.</li><li>61.</li><li>62.</li><li>63.</li><li>64.</li><li>65.</li><li>66.</li><li>67.</li><li>68.</li><li>69.</li><li>70.</li><li>71.</li></ul>	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic) National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP) (India) International Institute for Strategic Studies, Party School (China) Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway) Analytical Center for the Government of the Russian Federation (Russia) Philippine Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK) (Germany)
59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71.	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) (Switzerland) Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya) Security and Defence Studies Centre, Australian National University (Australia) Korea Institute for National Unification (KINU) (Republic of Korea) Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia) Emirates Center for Strategic Studies and Research (ECSSR) (United Arab Emirates) National Institute for Strategic Studies (NISI) (Kyrgyz Republic) National Institute of Public Finance and Policy (NIPFP) (India) International Institute for Strategic Studies, Party School (China) Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway) Analytical Center for the Government of the Russian Federation (Russia) Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) (Philippines) Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK) (Germany) United Service Institution of India (USI) (India)

# Best Institutional Collaboration Involving Two or More Think Tanks Table 30

1.	Brookings Institution (United States)
2.	Atlantic Council (United States)
3.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
4.	Wilson International Center for Scholars (AKA Wilson Center) (United States)
5.	Bruegel (Belgium)
6.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
7.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
8.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
9.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
10.	Afrobarometer (Benin, Ghana, Kenya, South Africa, United States)
11.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
12.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
13.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
14.	Atlas Economic Research Foundation (United States)
15.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany
16.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
17.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
18.	Council on Foreign Relations (United States)
19.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
20.	Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
21.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
22.	German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States)
23.	Center for Strategic and International Studies ASEAN Institutes of Strategic and International Studies (ASEAN-ISIS) (Indonesia)
24.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
25.	Center for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
26.	Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia)
27.	Bruno Leoni (Italy
28.	Bertelsmann Foundation (Germany)
29.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
30.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Korea)
31.	Institute for Strategic Studies Africa (South Africa)
32.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies, Renmin University of China (RDCY) (China)
33.	Peace Research Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
34.	Center for China and Globalization (CCG)
<b>35</b> .	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
36.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
<b>37</b> .	Transatlantic Institute (United States)

38.	Centro de Investigaciones para el Desarrollo (CID) (Colombia)
<b>39</b> .	Japan Foundation Center for Global Partnership (Japan)
40.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
41.	Hague Institute for Global Justice (The Netherlands)
42.	EU Non-Proliferation Consortium (France, Germany, Sweden, and the United Kingdom)
43.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
44.	Began Sadat Centre (Israel)
<b>45</b> .	Fundacion para el Analisis y los Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)
46.	African Growth and Development Policy Modeling Consortium (AGRODEP)
47.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
48.	Observer Research Foundation (India)
49.	Notre Europe (France)
50.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
51.	Urban Institute (United States)
<b>52</b> .	Institute for Policy Studies (Singapore)
<b>53</b> .	Institute of World Economics and International Relations, Russia
<b>54</b> .	Economic Research Center (ERC) (Azerbaijan)
<b>55</b> .	Center for International Private Enterprise (CIPE) (Venezuela)
<b>56</b> .	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
<b>57</b> .	Inter-American Dialogue (United States)
<b>58</b> .	OCP Policy Center (Morocco)
<b>59</b> .	Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM) (Poland)
<b>60</b> .	Elcano Royal Institute (Spain)
61.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
<b>62</b> .	European Ideas Network (EIN) (Belgium)
<b>63</b> .	Council for Security Cooperation in the Asia Pacific (CSCAP) (Malaysia)
64.	Green Alliance (United Kingdom)
<b>65</b> .	European Institute of the Mediterranean (IEMed) (Spain)
66.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
<b>67</b> .	International Budget Partnership (IBP) (United States)
<b>68</b> .	Austrian Economics Center (Austria)
<b>69</b> .	Council on Energy, Environment and Water (CEEW) (India)
70.	Mo Ibrahim Foundation (Ghana and United Kingdom)
71.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
<b>72</b> .	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLASCO) (Costa Rica)
<b>73</b> .	European Policy Institutes Network (EPIN)
74.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG)
<b>75</b> .	Organisation for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa EthiopiaSSREA (Ethiopia)

# Best Managed Think Tanks Table 31

1.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
2.	Bruegel (Belgium)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
5.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
6.	RAND Corporation (United States)
7.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
8.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
9.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
10.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
11.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
12.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
13.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
14.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
15.	Urban Institute (United States)
16.	Institute for Strategic Studies (South Africa)
17.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
18.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
19.	Atlantic Council (United States)
20.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
21.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium
22.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
23.	Razumkov Centre (Ukraine)
24.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
25.	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
26.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
27.	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD) (South Africa)
28.	Mercatus Center (United States)
29.	Ecologic Institute (Germany)
30.	Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
31.	Centre for European Reform (CER) (United Kingdom)
32.	Robert Schuman Foundation (RSF) (France)
33.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
34.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
35.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
36.	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
37.	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
38.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)

39.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
40.	Atlas Network (United States)
41.	Carnegie Middle East Center (Lebanon)
42.	Shanghai Advanced Institute of Finance (SAIF) (China)
43.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
44.	Center for International Governance and Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
<b>45</b> .	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
46.	Center for New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
47.	Hanns Seidel Foundation (HSS) (Germany)
48.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
49.	Africa Institute of South Africa (AISA) (South Africa)
50.	Cambodian Development Research Institute (CDRI) (Cambodia)
51.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
52.	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)
<b>53</b> .	Centre for Eastern Studies (OSW) (Poland)  Center on Budget and Believ Briggities (CRBD) (United States)
54. 55.	Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (CBPP) (United States)  Kolegium Europy Wschodniej im. Jana Nowaka-Jezioranskiego (Poland)
56.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
57.	Center for Strategic Studies (SAM) (Azerbaijan)
58.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
<b>59</b> .	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
60.	Fundacion Alternativas (Spain)
61.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
62.	Prague Security Studies Institute (PSSI) (Czech Republic)
63.	Centre for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (EDAM) (Turkey)
64.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
<b>65</b> .	Institute of Modern International Relations (IMIR) (China)
66.	Institute for Ecological Economy Research (IOW) (Germany)
<b>67</b> .	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
68.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
69.	Fundacion para el Avance de las Reformas y las Oportunidades (Grupo FARO) (Ecuador)
70.	China In Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
71.	Institute for Reform and Development (CIRD) (China)
<b>72</b> .	Development Alternatives (India)
73.	Council on Energy, Environment And Water (CEEW) (India)
74.	Economic and Social Research Foundation (ESRF) (Tanzania)
75.	Economic Research Institute (ERI) (Kazakhstan)
76. 77.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)  Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
78.	` , ` ,
76. 79.	Pacific Research Institute (PRI) (United States)  Washington Center for Equitable Growth (United States)
10.	vvasnington denter for Equitable Growth (Officed States)

## Best New Idea or Paradigm Developed by a Think Tank Table 32

1.	Resources for the Future (RFF) (United States)
2.	Observer Research Foundation (India)
3.	Third Way (United States)
4.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
5.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
6.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
7.	Bruegel (Belgium)
8.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
9.	Brookings Institution (United States)
10.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
11.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
12.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
13.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
14.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
15.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
16.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
17.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
18.	Carnegie Europe Center (Beligium)
19.	Bipartisan Policy Center (BPC) (United States)
20.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (United Kingdom)
21.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
22.	Carnegie Middle East Center (Lebanon)
23.	Millennium Project (United States)
24.	Robert Schuman Foundation (RSF) (France)
25.	Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) (India)
26.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
27.	Atlantic Council (United States)
28.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
29.	Stimson Center (United States)
30.	Indian Council for Research on International Economic Relations (ICRIER) (India)
31.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
32.	Heartland Institute (United States)
33.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
34.	Centro de Estudios Espinosa Yglesias (CEEY) (Mexico)
35.	Wilson Center FKA Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
36.	Banco de Informacion para la Investigacion Aplicada en Ciencias Sociales (BIIACS) (Mexico)

37.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
38.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
39.	Centro de Investigacion (CIUP) (Peru)
40.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
41.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
42.	Center for China and Globalization (China)
43.	Lisbon Council for Economic Competitiveness and Social Renewal (Brussels)
44.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
<b>45</b> .	Fields of View (India)
46.	Institute of Modern International Relations (IMIR) (China)
47.	Fundación Bases (Argentina)
48.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
49.	Contorno, Centro de Prospectiva y Debate (Mexico)
50.	Fundacion Alternativas (Spain)
51.	Climate Action Network South Asia (India)
52.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
<b>53</b> .	World Resources Institute (United States)
54.	Caribbean Natural Resources Institute (West Indies)
<b>55</b> .	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (Transnational)
56.	Bertelsmann Foundation (Germany)
57.	Development Alternatives (India)
58.	Economic and Social Research Foundation-ESRF (Tanzania)
<b>59</b> .	Frontier Centre for Public Policy (Canada)
60.	German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States)
61.	Austrian Economics Center (Austria)
62.	Centro de Estudios Públicos (Chile)
<b>63</b> .	Action Institute (Italy)
64.	Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (Indonesia)

#### Best New Think Tanks 2017 Alphabetical Listing Not Ranked Table 33

1. Advocata Institute (Sri Lanka) 2 Agora Verkehrswende (Germany) Al Istishari Al Strategy Center for Economic and Future Studies (U.A.E) 3. 4. Antiquities Coalition Cultural Heritage Think Tank (USA DC) 5. Arab Gulf States Institute in Washington (USA DC) 6. Arabian Gulf Center for Iranian Studies (Saudi Arabia) 7. Army Cyber Institute (USA New York) 8. ATM Policy Institute (Ireland) 9. Austrian FP9 Think Tank (Austria) 10. Center for ESG Research (Denmark) 11. Climate Change and Justice Work Group (Bolivia) 12. DC Policy Center (USA DC) 13. Defense Priorities (USA DC) 14. Foundation for Research on Equal Opportunity (USA Texas) 15. GLOBOSEC Policy Institute FNA Central European Policy Institute (Slovakia) 16. Innovation Illinois (USA Illinois) Institute for Investigation of Equal Development (Mexico) 17. 18. Institute of Guangdong Hong Kong and Macao Development Studies 19. Institute of Regional Economy and Finance (China) 20. Institute of Religious Studies (China) 21. Institution of International Relations and Commerce (Brazil) 22. Jagiellonian Club's Centre of Analysis (Poland) 23. JIA (Kyrgyzstan) 24 Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute (USA Utah) 25. King Salman Center for Local Governance (Saudi Arabia) 26. Knowledge Platform Integration & Society (Netherlands) Korea-China Think Net (South Korea) 27. 28. Legal Prosperity Foundation (Kyrgyzstan) MGM Resorts Public Policy Institute (USA Nevada) 29. 30. National Foundation for American Policy (NFAP) (USA Virginia) 31. National Institute of Amazon Research (Brazil) **32**. NITI Aavog (India) 33. One Belt One Road 100 (China) 34. Oswaldo Cruz Foundation (Brazil) 35. Pegasus Institute (USA Kentucky) 36. Penton Technology Channel Think Tank (USA Texas) 37. Republicans (Italy) 38. São Paulo Research Foundation (Brazil) Scottish Centre on European Relations (United Kingdom) 39. 40. St Michael Centre for Faith and Action (Barbados)

41.	Strategic Development Center (Uzbekistan)
42.	Suomi Sauna Think Tank (Finland)
43.	Sanders Institute (USA New Jersey)
44.	Think Tennessee (USA Tennessee)
45.	Tigray Policy Implementation Research and Study Think Tank (Ethiopia)
46.	Ukrainian Centre for European Policy (UCEP) (Ukraine)
47.	Venezuelan Institute of Scientific Investigation (Venezuela)
48.	WiseEuropa (Poland)
49.	World Resources Institute Brazil (Brazil)
50.	YES Institute (India)

#### Best Policy Study-Report Produced by a Think Tank 2016 Table 34

Due to the large number of publications and reports submitted for consideration in the category did not have time and resources necessary to properly evaluate the nominations for this category.

#### Best Think Tank Conference Table 35

1. International Institute for Strategic Studies Shangri-La Dialogue (Singapore) 2. Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy) 3. French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France) 4. Munich Security Conference (MSC) (Germany) 5. **Brookings Institution (United States)** 6. Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan) 7. Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia) 8. Chatham House (United Kingdom) 9. Boao Forum (China) 10. Economic Research Institute (Kazakhstan) Observer Research Foundation (India) 11. 12. German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States) 13. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States) 14. Atlantic Council (United States) 15. OCP Policy Center (Morocco) 16. Wilton Park (United Kingdom) Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium) 17. 18. BRICS Policy Center (Brazil) Centre for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (EDAM) (Turkey) 19. 20. Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States) Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) 21. (South Africa) 22. Kiel Institute for the World Economy (IfW) (Germany) 23. Mont Pelerin Society (MPS) (Switzerland) 24 Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil) Acton Institute for the Study of Religion and Liberty (United States) 25. 26. Center for International Governance Innovation (Canada) 27. Asia-Pacific Roundtable (APR) (Malaysia) Atlas Network (United States) 28. 29. Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea) 30. United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (Addis Ababa) 31. German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany) **32**. Fraser Institute (Canada) 33. Shanghai Academy of Social Sciences (SASS) (China) 34. Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil) 35. Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Sri Lanka) United States Institute of Peace (USIP) (United States) 36. Centro de Divulgacion Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE) 37. (Venezuela) 38. World Economic Forum (WEF) (Switzerland)

39.	Institut des Relations Internationales et Strategiques (IRIS) (France)
40.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
41.	Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
42.	Middle East Institute (MEI) (Singapore)
43.	Skoll World Forum on Social Entrepreneurship (United Kingdom)
	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el
44.	Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
45.	Contorno, Centro de Prospectiva y Debate (Mexico)
46.	Observer Research Foundation (India)
47.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
48.	Asan Institute for Policy Studies (AIPS) (Republic of Korea)
49.	Ethiopian Economics Association (EEA) (Ethiopia)
50.	Instituto de Estudos Empresariais (IEE) (Brazil)
51.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
52.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
<b>53</b> .	Chulalongkorn University (Thailand)
54.	Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
55.	Wilson Center (FKA) Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United Sates)
<b>56</b> .	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG)
57.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
<b>5</b> 8.	National Bureau of Economic Research (United States)
<b>59</b> .	Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP) (Canada)
60.	Pangoal Institute and Stanford University (China)
61.	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
62.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Turkey)
63.	Milken Institute Global Conference (United States)
64.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
65.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
66.	State Policy Network (United States)

#### Best Think Tank Network Table 36

	Table 36
1.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
2.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
3.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
4.	Brookings Institution (United States)
5.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
6.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
7.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
8.	Euro-Mediterranean Study Commission (EuroMeSCo) (Spain)
9.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
40	ASEAN-Institutes of Strategic and International Studies (ASEAN-ISIS)
10. 11.	(Malaysia) Trans-European Policy Studies Association (TEPSA) (Belgium)
	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
12. 13.	Atlas Network (United States) Think Global Act European, Notre Europe (France)
14.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
15.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
16.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
17.	Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
18.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
19.	State Policy Network (SPN) (United States)
20.	European Policy Centre (EPC) (Belgium)
21.	International Development Economics Associates (IDEAs) (India)
22.	Cato Institute (United States)
23.	Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA) (Indonesia)
24.	Bruegel (Belgium)
25.	Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP) (Canada)
26.	Asia-Pacific Research and Training Network on Trade (ARTNeT) (Thailand)
27.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
28.	Center for International Governance Innovation (Canada)
29.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
30.	Policy Network (United Kingdom)
31.	Elcano Royal Institute (Spain)
32.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
33.	Think Visegrad - V4 Think Tank Platform (Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, and Slovakia)
34.	Human Rights Watch (United States)
35.	Think for Europe Network - TEN (Serbia)
36.	Al-Shabaka: The Palestinian Policy Network (Transnational)
37.	Linktank (United States)
38.	Canadian Policy Research Networks (Canada)

39.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
40.	Consejo Mexicano de Asuntos Internacionales (COMEXI) (Mexico)
41.	Red Iberoamericana de Estudios Internacionales (RIBEI) (Spain)
42.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (United States)
43.	Chula Global Network (CGN) (Thailand)
44.	Heartland Institute (United States)
45.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
46.	Hanns Seidel Foundation (HSS) (Germany)
47.	Property Rights Alliance (PRA) (United States)
48.	China Institute for Reform and Development (CIRD) (China)
49.	Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy (ELIAMEP) (Greece)
50.	Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR) (United Kingdom)
51.	Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Sri Lanka)
52.	Trans European Policy Studies Association (TEPSA) (Belgium)
53.	European Ideas Network (EIN) (Belgium)
54.	International Relations and Security Network (ISN) (Switzerland)
<b>55</b> .	Institute of Modern International Relations (IMIR) (China)
56.	CIDOB, Barcelona (Spain)
<b>57</b> .	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
<b>5</b> 8.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
<b>59</b> .	Azerbaijan Think Tank Alliance (ATTA) (Azerbaijan)
60.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
61.	Ethiopian Economics Association (EEA) (Ethiopia)
<b>62</b> .	IPS (Republic of Korea)
63.	World Resources Institute (United States)
64.	European Parliamentary Technology Assessment (EPTA) (Europe)
<b>65</b> .	Fundacion Alternativas (Spain)
66.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
<b>67</b> .	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
68.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
<b>69</b> .	Contorno, Centro de Prospectiva y Debate (Mexico)
70.	MEDays Forum, Amadeus Institute (Morocco)
71.	Global Policy Forum (GPF) (United States)
<b>72</b> .	African Capacity Building Foundation (Zimbabwe)
<b>73</b> .	European Policy Institutes Network (EPIN) (Belgium)
74.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales FLACSO (Costa Rica)
<b>75</b> .	Global Development Network (India)
76.	Consorcio de Investigación Económica y Social (CIES) (Perú)
<b>77</b> .	Vision Europe (Germany)
<b>78</b> .	East Asian Development Network (Philippines -Secretariat)
<b>79</b> .	Epicenter: Institute of Economic Affairs (United Kingdom)

80.	Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
81.	Ukrainian Think Tank Network Ukraine Liaison Office (Brussels)
82.	IPEA (Brazil)
83.	Brussels Binder (Belgium)
84.	Cohesion (Luxemburg)
85.	Iniciativa Latinoamericana de Investigación para las Políticas Públicas - ILAIPP (Transnational/Ecuador)

### Best Think Tanks with a Political Party Affiliation Table 37

	Table 37
1.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
2.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
3.	Demos (United Kingdom)
4.	Friedrich Naumann Foundation for Freedom (FNF) (Germany)
5.	Fabian Society (United Kingdom)
6.	Foundation for European Progressive Studies (FEPS) (Belgium)
7.	National Democratic Institute (NDI) (United States)
8.	International Republican Institute (United States)
9.	Heinrich Boll Foundation (HBS) (Germany)
10.	Hanns Seidel Foundation (HSS) (Germany)
11.	European Ideas Network (EIN) (Belgium)
12.	Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies (WMCES), FKA Centre for European Studies (Belgium)
13.	Progressive Policy Institute (PPI) (United States)
14.	Party School of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China (China)
15.	Fundacion Jaime Guzman (FJG) (Chile)
16.	New Democrat Network (NDN) (United States)
17.	Foundation for EU Democracy (Belgium)
18.	Foundation Max van der Stoel, FKA Evert Vermeer Foundation (Netherlands)
19.	Fundacion para el Analisis y los Estudios Sociales (FAES) (Spain)
20.	Fondation pour l'Innovation Politique (Fondapol) (France)
21.	Green European Foundation (GEF) (Belgium)
22.	Rosa Luxemburg Foundation (RLS) (Germany)
23.	Wiardi Beckman Foundation (WBS) (Netherlands)
24.	Terra Nova (France)
25.	Fondazione Italianieuropei (Italy)
26.	Fundacion Pensar (Argentina)
27.	European Peoples Party (Belgium)
28.	Institute of Strategic Analysis and Policy Research (INSAP) (Malaysia)
29.	Fundacao Armando Alvares Penteado (FAAP) (Brazil)
30.	SEDAR Institute (Malaysia)
31.	Foundation for European Progressive Studies (FEPS) (Belgium)
32. 33.	Institute of European Democrats (IED) (Belgium) Bertil Ohlininstitutet (Sweden)
34.	,
3 <b>4</b> .	Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee Research Foundation (India) Fondation Jean-Jaurès (France)
36.	Foundation for Political, Economic and Social Research (SETA) (Turkey)
<b>37.</b>	Fundação Perseu Abramo (FPA) (Brazil)
38.	Jinnah Institute (Pakistan)
<del>5</del> 5.	onnian monato (i anotari)

39.	India Foundation (India)
40.	Russkiy Mir Foundation (Russia)
41.	Vivekananda International Foundation (India)

#### Best Transdisciplinary Research Think Tanks Table 38

Table 38	
1.	RAND Corporation (United States)
2.	Brookings Institution (United States)
3.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
4.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
5.	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil)
6.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
7.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
8.	Yale Center for the Study of Globalization (United States)
9.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
10.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
11.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
12.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
13.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
14.	Centro de Estudio de la Realidad Economica y Social (CERES) (Uruguay)
15.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
16.	Asian Development Bank Institute (ADBI) (Japan)
17.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
18.	Bruegel (Belgium)
19.	Cato Institute (United States)
20.	Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
21.	Friedrich Naumann Foundation for Freedom (FNF) (Germany)
22.	Urban Institute (United States)
23.	Centre for European Reform (CER) (United Kingdom)
24.	Santa Fe Institute (SFI) (United States)
25.	China Institute for Reform and Development (CIRD) (China)
26.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
27.	Fundacion Proyecto Linguistico Francisco Marroquin (PLFM) (Guatemala)
00	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa
28. 29.	(CODESRIA) (Senegal) Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
30. 31.	Grupo de Analisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú) Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
32.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)  Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el
33.	Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
34.	Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
35.	Perú in 2062 (CIUP) (Perú)
36.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)

37.	Centre for Policy Development Sustainable Economy Program (CPD) (Australia)
38.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
39.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
40.	Contorno, Centro de Prospectiva y Debate (Mexico)
41.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
<b>42</b> . <b>43</b> .	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina) Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
	Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies (WMCES), FKA Centre for
44.	European Studies (Belgium)
45.	Washington Institute for Near East Policy (WINEP) (United States)
46.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
47.	Centre for the Study of Developing Societies (CSDS) (India)
48.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
49.	Wuppertal Institute (Germany)
50.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
51.	Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC) (Uganda)
<b>52</b> .	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
53.	Bertelsmann Foundation (Germany)
54.	Institute for International Policy Studies (IIPS) (Japan)
<b>55.</b>	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
56.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
<b>57</b> .	Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA) (Indonesia)
58.	Freeman Spogli Institute for International Studies (FSI) (United States)
<b>59</b> .	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
60.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
61.	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
62.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
63.	Taub Center for Social Policy Studies in Israel (Israel)
64.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
<b>65</b> .	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
66.	Institute for Defence Studies & Analysis (IDSA) (India)
67.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
68.	Hague Institute for Global Justice (Netherlands)
<b>69</b> .	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)
<b>70</b> .	Energy and Resources Institute (TERI) (India)
71.	Frontier Centre for Public Policy (FCPP) (Canada)
72.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
73.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
74.	Stockholm Institute of Transition Economics (SITE) (Sweden)
<b>75</b> .	Lithuanian Free Market Institute (LFMI) (Lithuania)
76.	Organisation for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)

- 77. Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
- 78. Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP) (Canada)

## Best University Affiliated Think Tank Table 39

1.	Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs, Harvard University (United States)
2.	IDEAS/Public Policy Group, London School of Economics and Political Science (LSE) (United Kingdom)
3.	James A. Baker III Institute for Public Policy, Rice University (United States)
4.	Institute of Development Studies (IDS), University of Sussex (United Kingdom)
5.	Centre for Defence Studies (CDS), King's College London (United Kingdom)
6. 7.	Center for International Development (CID), Harvard University (United States) Center for International Studies and Research (CERI), Sciences Po (France)
8.	Hoover Institution, Stanford University (United States)
9.	BRICS Policy Center, Pontifical Catholic University of Rio de Janeiro (PUC-Rio) (Brazil)
10.	Edwin O. Reischauer Center for East Asian Studies, SAIS, Johns Hopkins University (United States)
11.	Center for International Security and Cooperation (CISAC), Stanford University (United States
12.	Institute of International and Strategic Studies (IISS), Peking University, FKA Center for International and Strategic Studies (China)
13.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
14.	Asia Competitiveness Institute, Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore (Singapore)
15.	Carnegie - Tsinghua Center for Global Policy (China)
16.	Center on International Cooperation, New York University (United States)
17.	Brookings-Tsinghua Center for Public Policy (BTC), Tsinghua University (China)
18.	Mercatus Center, George Mason University (GMU) (United States)
19.	Center for Development Research (ZEF), University of Bonn (Germany)
20.	Freeman Spogli Institute for International Studies (FSI), Stanford University (United States
21.	Earth Institute, Columbia University (United States)
	Weatherhead Center for International Affairs (WCFIA), Harvard University
22.	(United States)
23.	East Asian Institute (EAI), National University of Singapore (Singapore)
24.	Center for Transatlantic Relations, SAIS, Johns Hopkins University (United States)
25.	Center for Policy Studies (CPS), Central European University (CEU) (Hungary)
26.	Centre for the Study of African Economies (CSAE), Oxford University (United Kingdom)
27.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
28.	Strategic and Defence Studies Centre (SDSC), Australian National University (ANU) (Australia)
29.	Centre on Asia and Globalisation, Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy, National University of Singapore (Singapore)

30.	Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS), National University of Singapore (Singapore)
31.	Ash Center for Democratic Governance, Harvard University (United States)
32.	Center for Security Studies (CSS), Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) Zurich (Switzerland)
33.	Council on Foreign Relations and Defense (SVOP), National Research University (Russia)
34.	Centre for International Security Studies (CISS), University of Sydney (Australia)
35.	Institute of Defence and Strategic Studies (IDSS), S. Rajaratnam School of International Studies (RSIS), Nanyang Technological University (Singapore)
36.	Weatherhead East Asian Institute (WEAI), Columbia University (United States)
37.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies, Renmin University of China (RDCY) (China)
38.	Fiscal Governance Centre, Hertie School of Governance (Germany)
39.	Centre for Strategic Studies (CSS), Victoria University of Wellington (New Zealand)
40.	Yale Center for the Study of Globalization, Yale University (United States)
41.	Center for Economic Research and Graduate Education, Economics Institute (CERGE-EI) (Czech Republic)
42.	Human Security Report Project (HSRP), Simon Fraser University (Canada)
43.	European Research Centre on Migration and Ethnic Relations (ERCOMER), Utrecht University (Netherlands)
	Centre for Security, Economics and Technology (C SET), University of St.
44.	Gallen (Switzerland)
44. 45.	
<b>45</b> . <b>46</b> .	Gallen (Switzerland) Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda) Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)
45.	Gallen (Switzerland) Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda) Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda) Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)
45. 46. 47.	Gallen (Switzerland) Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda) Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda) Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia) Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)  Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)  Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan)  Bloomberg Center, Johns Hopkins University (United States)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)  Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan)  Bloomberg Center, Johns Hopkins University (United States)  Center for International Security and Cooperation (CISAC), Stanford University
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)  Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan)  Bloomberg Center, Johns Hopkins University (United States)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)  Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan)  Bloomberg Center, Johns Hopkins University (United States)  Center for International Security and Cooperation (CISAC), Stanford University (United States)  Institute for Development Studies, University of Nairobi (Kenya)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)  Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan)  Bloomberg Center, Johns Hopkins University (United States)  Center for International Security and Cooperation (CISAC), Stanford University (United States)
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55.	Gallen (Switzerland)  Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda)  Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda)  Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia)  Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States)  Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada)  Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)  Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China)  Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan)  Bloomberg Center, Johns Hopkins University (United States)  Center for International Security and Cooperation (CISAC), Stanford University (United States)  Institute for Development Studies, University of Nairobi (Kenya)  Center on Global Energy Policy, Columbia University (United States)  Centre for Applied Legal Studies, University of the Witwatersrand (South
45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56.	Gallen (Switzerland) Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC), Makerere University (Uganda) Center for Political Analysis, Makerere University (Uganda) Globalisation and Development Centre (GDC), Bond University (Australia) Center for International and Security Studies, Maryland University (United States) Liu Institute for Global Issues, University of British Columbia (UBC) (Canada) Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq) Center for China Studies, Tsinghua University (China) Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan) Bloomberg Center, Johns Hopkins University (United States) Center for International Security and Cooperation (CISAC), Stanford University (United States) Institute for Development Studies, University of Nairobi (Kenya) Center on Global Energy Policy, Columbia University (United States) Centre for Applied Legal Studies, University of the Witwatersrand (South Africa)

61.	Centro de Pensamiento y Seguimiento del Diálogo de Paz, Universidad Nacional de Colombia (Colombia)
	Centro Peninsular en Humanidades y Ciencias Sociales, Universidad Nacional
62.	Autónoma de México (Mexico)  Davis Center for Russian and Eurasian Studies, Harvard University (United
63.	States)
64.	Centre for Economic and Social Research, Bahçe?ehir University (Turkey)
65.	Institute of Policy Studies, Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy National University of Singapore (Singapore)
66.	Leonard Davis Institute, University of Pennsylvania (United States)
<b>67</b> .	Center for Policy Studies, Comsats University (Pakistan)
68.	Centre for Studies in Science Policy, Jawaharlal Nehru University (India)
69.	Environmental Policy Research Center (FFU), Free University Berlin (Germany)
70.	Cellule d'Analyse de Politiques Economiques du Cires (Côte d'Ivoire)
71.	Center for Energy, Petroleum and Mineral Law and Policy, University of Dundee (United Kingdom)
72.	Science Policy Research Unit, University of Sussex (United Kingdom)
73.	Global Political Trends Center, Kültür University (Turkey)
74.	Center for the Advanced Study of India, University of Pennsylvania (United States)
<b>75</b> .	Institute for Democracy and Economic Analysis, Czech Academy of Sciences
	(Czech Republic)
76.	Institute for European Studies, Freje University Brussels (Belgium)
77.	Instituto de Estudios Sociales en Población, Universidad Nacional (Costa Rica)
78.	Instituto de Investigaciones Sociales Universidad de Costa Rica (Costa Rica)
<b>79</b> .	Asiatic Research Institute, Korea University (Republic of Korea)
80.	Australia China Relations Institute, University of Technology Sydney (Australia)
81.	James Martin Center for Nonproliferation Studies, Monterey Institute for International Studies (United States)
	Center for Energy and Environmental Policy Research, Massachusetts
82.	Institute of Technology (United States)
83.	National School of Development, Peking University (China)
84. 85.	National Security College, Australian National, University (Australia)  Centre for the Future Intelligence, University of Cambridge (United Kingdom)
03.	Center for International Security Studies, University of Maryland (United
86.	States)
87.	Oxford Institute of Energy Studies, Oxford University (United Kingdom)
88.	Thomas J. Watson Institute, Brown University, United States
89.	Program on Science and Global Security, Princeton University (United States)
90.	Wits Institute of Social and Economic Research, University of the Witwatersrand (South Africa)

### Best Use of Social Media and Networks Table 40

	Table 40
1.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
2.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
<b>5</b> .	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
6.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
7.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United Kingdom)
8.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
9.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)
10.	Bruegel (Belgium)
11.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
12.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
13.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
14.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
15.	Cato Institute (United States)
16.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
17.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
18.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (United States)
19.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
20.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
21.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
22.	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
23.	Atlas Network (United States)
24. 25.	Ethos Public Policy Lab (Mexico)
	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
26. 27.	Carnegie Middle East Center (Lebanon) Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
28.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
<b>29</b> .	BRICS Policy Center (Brazil) American Enterprise Institute (United States)
30.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
31.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
32.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
33.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
34.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
35.	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD) (South Africa)
36.	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
37.	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
38.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
39.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)

40.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
41.	Mercatus Center (United States)
42.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
43.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
44.	Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Sri Lanka)
45.	China Center for International Economic Exchanges (CCIEE) (China)
46.	Instituto Liberdade (Brazil)
47.	Australian Strategic Policy Institute (ASPI) (Australia)
	Centro de Divulgacion Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE)
48.	(Venezuela)
49.	Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
50.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
51.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
52.	Fundacion Alternativas (Spain)
53.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
54.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
<b>55</b> .	Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP) (Canada)
<b>56</b> .	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
<b>57</b> .	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
58.	Taub Center for Social Policy Studies in Israel (Israel)
<b>59</b> .	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
60.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
61.	Pew Research Center (United States)
62.	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
63.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
64.	Institute for Security Studies (South Africa)
<b>65</b> .	Albanian Institute for International Studies (AIIS) (Albania)
66.	Centre for Studies in Science Policy (CSSP) (India)
67.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
68.	Center for China and Globalization (China)
<b>69</b> .	Centro de Investigación para el Desarrollo A.C. (CIDAC) (Mexico)
70.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)
71.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
72.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
73.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (FANRPAN) (South Africa)
74.	Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC) (Bangladesh)
75.	Fundación Global Democracia y Desarrollo (FUNGLODE) (Dominican Republic)
76.	Fundación para el Progreso (FPP) (Chile)
<b>77.</b>	Indian Science Communication Society (ISCOS) (India)
78.	European Institute of the Mediterranean (IEMed) (Spain)
<b>79</b> .	Inter-American Dialogue (United States)

80.	Federação de Órgãos para Assistência Social e Educacional (FASE) (Brazil)
81.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh)
82.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
83.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
84.	Hague Institute for Global Justice (Netherlands)

#### Think Tank to Watch in 2018 Table 41

	Table 41
1.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
2.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
<b>5</b> .	Barcelona Centre for International Affairs (CIDOB) (Spain)
6.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
7.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
8.	Atlantic Council (United States)
9.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
10.	Korber Foundation (Germany)
11.	Botswana Institute for Development Policy Analysis (Botswana)
12.	Institute of Foreign Affairs and National Security (IFANS) (Republic of Korea)
13.	Comision Economica para America Latina (CEPAL) (Chile)
14.	Mercatus Center (United States)
15.	Bipartisan Policy Center (BPC) (United States)
16.	Berggruen Institute (United States
17.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
18.	Ethos Public Policy Lab (Mexico)
19.	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS) (Russia)
20.	Center for China and Globalization (China)
21.	Center for the New Economy (Puerto Rico)
22.	Israel Democracy Institute (Israel)
23.	Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
24.	Institute of Water Policy (Singapore)
25.	Beyond Zero Emissions (BZE) (Australia)
26.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh)
27.	Prague Security Studies Institute (PSSI) (Czech Republic)
28.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
29.	International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
30.	Institute for Democracy and Economic Affairs (IDEAS) (Malaysia)
31.	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
32.	Institute for International Strategy and Information Analysis (IISIA) (Japan)
33.	McCain Institute for International Leadership (United States)  Crantham Research Institute on Climate Change and the Environment (CRI)
34.	Grantham Research Institute on Climate Change and the Environment (GRI) (United Kingdom)
35.	International Strategic Analysis and Research Center (USTAD) (Turkey)
36.	Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)
37.	Shanghai Advanced Institute of Finance (SAIF) (China)
38.	African Heritage Institution (AfriHeritage) (Nigeria)
39.	Association for International Affairs (AMO) (Czech Republic)
	( ) ( )

40.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
41.	Audace Institut Afrique (AIA) (Cote d'Ivoire)
42.	Centro de Estudio de la Realidad Economica y Social (CERES) (Uruguay)
43.	Fundacion de Estudios de Economia Aplicada (FEDEA) (Spain)
44.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
45.	Center for Policy Studies (CERPS) (Liberia)
46.	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
47.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
48.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
49.	International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD) (Canada)
50.	Center for Strategic Analyses and Research (C-SAR) (South Sudan)
51.	Fundacion para el Progreso (FPP) (Chile)
<b>52</b> .	Centre for Independent Studies (CIS) (Australia)
<b>53</b> .	Mathematica Policy Research (MPR) (United States)
54.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
<b>55</b> .	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
56.	Welsh Centre for International Affairs (WCIA) (United Kingdom)
<b>57.</b>	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
58.	Ethiopian Economics Association (EEA) (Ethiopia)
59.	Makerere University Center for Climate Change Research and Innovation (Uganda)
60.	Council on Energy, Environment and Water (CEEW) (India)
61.	Center for a New American Security (United States)
62.	Center for a New Economy (CNE) (Puerto Rico)
<b>63</b> .	Indonesia Corruption Watch (ICW) (Indonesia)
64.	Centro de Divulgacion Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE) (Venezuela)
65.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies, Renmin University of China (RDCY) (China)
66.	Libera (Finland)
<b>67</b> .	Centro de Estudios Espinosa Yglesias (CEEY) (Mexico)
68. 69.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (Senegal) Institute for Economics and Peace (IEP) (Australia)
70.	GenerationLibre (France)
71.	Center on Global Energy Policy (United States)
72.	Clingendael, Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)
<b>73</b> .	Royal Institute for Strategic Studies (IRES) (Morocco)
74.	Centre for Land Warfare Studies (India)
<b>75</b> .	Instituto Mora (Mexico)
76.	Russian International Affairs Council (RIAC) (Russia)
<b>77</b> .	African Center for Social and Economic Research Development (Tanzania)
78.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
79.	Economic Research Institute (Kazakhstan)

80.	Deloitte GovLab (United States)
81.	National Bureau of Economic Research (United States)
82.	California Policy Center (USA)
83.	Global Warming Policy Foundation (GWPF)
84.	CEDOS (Ukraine)
85.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
86.	Global Prosperity Wonkcast (United States)
87.	Al-Ahram Center for Political and Strategic Studies (ACPSS) (Egypt)
88.	Institute for New Economic Thinking (INET) (United States)
89.	Casablanca Institute (Morocco) (United Kingdom)
90.	Institute for Women's Policy Research (United States)
91.	China Center for International Economic Exchanges (CCIEE) (China)
92.	Compass Center (Armenia)
93.	Economic and Social Research Foundation (Tanzania)
94.	Frontier Centre for Public Policy (Canada)
95.	Fundación Federalismo y Libertad (Argentina)
96.	Geneva Centre for Security Policy (GCSP) (Switzerland)
97.	Center for Security Policy (United States)
98.	Fundación Global Democracia y Desarrollo (Dominican Republic)
99.	Fundaungo (El Salvador)
100.	Institute for World Politics (United States)
101.	George C Marshall European Center for Security Studies (Germany)
102.	Instituto de Estudios Avanzados en Desarrollo (INESAD) (Bolivia)
103.	Latvian Institute of International Affairs (Latvia)
104.	Our Hong Kong Foundation (Hong Kong)
105.	Tunisian Observatory for a Democratic Transition (Tunisia)

# Think Tanks with the Best External Relations/Public Engagement Program

Table 42		
1.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United Kingdom)	
2.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)	
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)	
4.	Bruegel (Belgium)	
5.	Heritage Foundation (United States)	
6.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)	
7.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)	
8.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)	
9.	Ethos Public Policy Lab (Mexico)	
10.	Fraser Institute (Canada)	
11.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)	
12.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)	
13.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)	
14.	Atlantic Council (United States)	
15.	Cato Institute (United States)	
16.	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)	
17.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)	
18.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)	
19.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)	
20.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)	
21.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)	
22.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)	
23.	Atlas Network (United States)	
24.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)	
25.	Urban Institute (United States)	
26.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)	
27.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)	
28.	Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)	
29.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)	
30.	Consejo Argentino para las Relaciones Internacionales (CARI) (Argentina)	
31.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)	
32.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)	
33.	Clingendael, Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)	
34.	Turkish Economic and Social Studies Foundation (TESEV) (Turkey)	
35.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)	
36.	Institute for Fiscal Studies (IFS) (United Kingdom)	
37.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)	
38.	Carnegie Europe (Belgium)	
39.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)	

40.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
41.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
42.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
43.	Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) (Norway)
44.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
45.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
46.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
47.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (UK)
48.	Centre for Policy Studies (CPS) (United Kingdom)
49.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
50.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
51.	Asia Development Bank Institute (Japan)
<b>52</b> .	Australian Institute of International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
<b>53.</b>	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
<b>54</b> .	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
<b>55.</b>	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
<b>56</b> .	Institute for Defence Studied and Analysis (IDSA) (India)
<b>57</b> .	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
58. 59.	Gulf Research Center (GRC) (Saudi Arabia)
60.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
61.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia) Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
62.	Libertad y Desarrollo (Lyd) (Chile)
63.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
64.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
65.	Center On Global Energy Policy (United States)
66.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
67.	Hague Institute for Global Justice (Netherlands)
68.	Centro de Análisis y Difusión de la Economía Paraguay (Paraguay)
69.	Fundación para el Avance de Reformas y Oportunidades (Ecuador)
<b>70</b> .	Centro de Estudios Espinosa Yglesias (CEEY) (Mexico)
71.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (Kenya)
72.	Institute for Policy, Advocacy, and Governance (IPAG) (Bangladesh)
<b>73</b> .	Instituto de Estudios Perúanos (IEP) (Perú)
74.	Institute for Women's Policy Research (IWPR) (United States)
<b>75</b> .	Mercatus Center (United States)
76.	Pacific Research Institute (PRI) (United States)
<b>77</b> .	Philippine Institute for Development Studies (PIDS) (Philippines)
78.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)

#### Think Tanks with the Best Use of the Internet Table 43

Table 43		
1.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)	
2.	Heritage Foundation (United States)	
3.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)	
4.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)	
5.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)	
6.	Brookings Institution (United States)	
7.	Bruegel (Belgium)	
8.	Fraser Institute (Canada)	
9.	Pew Research Center (United States)	
10.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)	
11.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)	
12.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United States)	
13.	Technology, Entertainment, Design (TED) (United States)	
14.	Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)	
15.	Atlas Network (United States)	
16.	Cato Institute (United States)	
17.	Ethos Public Policy Lab (Mexico)	
18.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)	
19.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)	
20.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)	
21.	Observer Research Foundation (India)	
22. 23.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)	
	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)	
24. 25.	Center for China and Globalization (China) Urban Institute (United States)	
25.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el	
26.	Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)	
27.	Centro de Divulgación Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE) (Venezuela)	
28.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)	
29.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)	
30.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)	
31.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)	
32.	Overseas Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)	
33.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)	
34.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)	
35.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)	
36.	Institute for Strategic Studies (South Africa)	

37.	Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies (WMCES), FKA Centre for European Studies (Belgium)
38.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
39.	Institucion Futuro (Spain)
40.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
41.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
42.	Simson Center (United States)
43.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
44.	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
<b>45</b> .	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
46.	Future Center for Advanced Research and Studies (United Arab Emirates)
47.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
48.	Taub Center for Social Policy Studies in Israel (Israel)
49.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
50.	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
51.	Institute for International Affairs (Italy)
<b>52</b> .	RAND Corporation (United States)
<b>53</b> .	ResPublica (United Kingdom)
54.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
<b>55</b> .	Chennai Centre fo China Studies (India)
	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Multiple
56.	Countries)
<b>57</b> .	Lowy Institute (Australia)
58.	Institute for Public Policy Research (IPPR) (United Kingdom)
59.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
60.	Libertad y Progreso (Argentina)

#### Best Use of Media (Print or Electronic)

Table 44	
1.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
2.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
3.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
4.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
<b>5</b> .	Brookings Institution (United States)
6.	Bruegel (Belgium)
7.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
8.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
9.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
10.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
11.	Pew Research Center (United States)
12. 13.	Cato Institute (United States) Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
14.	RAND Corporation (United States)
15.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
16.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
17.	Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
18.	German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States)
19.	Center for Public Integrity(United States)
20.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
21.	Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
22.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
23.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
24.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
25.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)
<b>26</b> .	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
27.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom
28. 29.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy) International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
30.	Ecologic Institute (Germany)
31.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF)(India)
32.	Institute for International Affairs (Italy)
33.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
34.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
35.	Institute for Defence Studies and Analyses (IDSA) (India)
36.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
37.	Institute of Defence and Strategic Studies (IDSS) (Singapore)
38.	REPOA, FKA Research on Poverty Alleviation (Tanzania)
39.	Hoover Institution (United States)

40.	Centro de Implementacion de Politicas Publicas para la Equidad y el Crecimiento (CIPPEC) (Argentina)
41.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
42.	Turkish Economic and Social Studies Foundation (TESEV) (Turkey)
43.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
44.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
45.	Begin Sadat Center for Strategic Studies (Israel)
46.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
47.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
48.	Economic Research Institute (Kazakhstan)
49.	Center for China and Globalization (China)
50.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
51.	Clingendael-Netherlands Institute of International Relations (Netherlands)
<b>52</b> .	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
53.	Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia)
54.	Institute Of Economic Affairs (IEA) (United Kingdom)
55.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
56.	Reason Foundation (United States)
57.	Fundacion Salvadorena para el Desarrollo Economico y Social (FUSADES) (El Salvador)
58.	Economic Research Center (Azerbaijan)
<b>59</b> .	Comision Economica para America Latina (CEPAL)
60.	International Center for Policy Studies (Ukraine)
61.	Philippine Development Policy Institute (Philippines)
62.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)

## Think Tanks with the Most Innovative Policy Ideas/Proposals Table 45

	Table 45	
1.	Urban Institute (United States)	
2.	Brookings Institution (United States)	
3.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)	
4.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)	
5.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)	
6.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)	
7.	Heritage Foundation (United States)	
8.	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)	
9.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)	
10.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)	
11.	Zero Emissions Research and Initiatives (ZERI) (Japan)	
12.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)	
13.	Cato Institute (United States)	
14.	Friedrich Ebert Foundation (FES) (Germany)	
15.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)	
16.	Fraser Institute (Canada)	
17.	Ethos Public Policy Lab, (Mexico)	
18.	Berggruen Institute (United States)	
19.	Mo Ibrahim Foundation (United Kingdom and Senegal)	
20. 21.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States) International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)	
22.		
<b>22.</b>	New America Foundation (United States) Wilfried Martens Centre for European Studies (WMCES), FKA Centre for	
23.	European Studies (Belgium)	
24.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)	
25.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)	
26.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)	
27.	Centre for Policy Studies (CPS) (United Kingdom)	
28.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)	
29.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)	
30.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)	
31.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)	
32.	Friedrich Naumann Foundation for Freedom (FNF) (Germany)	
33.	Independent Institute (United States)	
34.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Argentina)	
35.	China Science and Technology Exchange Center (China)	

### Think Tanks with the Most Significant Impact on Public Policy Table 46

	Table 46
1.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
2.	Brookings Institution (United States)
3.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United Kingdom)
4.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
5.	Bruegel (Belgium)
6.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
7.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
8.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
9.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
10.	Fundação Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
11.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
12.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
13.	Cato Institute (United States)
14.	RAND Corporation (United States) Centro de Divulgacion Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE)
15.	(Venezuela)
16.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
17.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
18.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
19.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
20.	Center for a New American Security (CNAS) (United States)
21.	Atlantic Council (United States)
22.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
23.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
24. 25.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan) Fraser Institute (Canada)
25.	Institute of World Economics and Politics, Chinese Academy of Social
26.	Sciences (China)
27.	Turkish Economic and Social Studies Foundation (TESEV) (Turkey)
28.	African Economic Research Consortium (Kenya)
29.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
30.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
31.	Urban Institute (United States)
32.	Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO) (Russia)
33.	South African Institute for International Affairs (SIIA)
34.	Korean Institute for International Economic Policy (Republic of Korea)
35.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
36.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
37.	Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA) (Senegal)
38.	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)

39.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
40.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
41.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
<b>42</b> .	Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research (PIK)(Germany)
43.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
44.	European Centre for International Political Economy (ECIPE) (Belgium)
45.	Regional Center for Strategic Studies (RCSS) (Egypt)
46.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
47.	Centro de Estudios Publicos (CEP) (Chile)
48.	Third Way (United States)
49.	Facultad Latinoamericana de Ciencias Sociales (FLACSO) (Costa Rica)
<b>50</b> .	Institute for Research on Public Policy (IRPP) (Canada)
51.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
	Fundacion para la Educacion Superior y el Desarrollo (Fedesarrollo)
52.	(Colombia)
53.	C.D. Howe Institute (Canada)
<b>54</b> .	Alternate Solutions Institute (Pakistan)
<b>55</b> .	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAD) (Mexico)
56.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
<b>57</b> .	Ecologic Institute (Germany)
58.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
59.	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa (OSSREA) (Ethiopia)
60.	Instituto Fernando Henrique Cardoso (iFHC) (Brazil)

#### Think Tanks with Outstanding Policy-Oriented Research Programs Table 47

Table 47	
1.	RAND Corporation (United States)
2.	Bruegel (Belgium)
3.	Urban Institute (United States)
4.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
5.	Brookings Institution (United States)
6.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
7.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
8.	International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
9.	French Institute of International Relations (IFRI) (France)
10.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
11.	Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
12.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
13.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
14.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
15.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (United States)
16.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
17.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
18.	Cato Institute (United States)
19.	Institute of Policy Studies (IPS) (Singapore)
20.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
21.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
22.	Human Rights Watch (HRW) (United Kingdom)
23.	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
24.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
25.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
26.	Development Research Center of the State Council (DRC) (China)
27.	American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research (AEI) (United States)
28.	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
29.	German Institute for International and Security Affairs (SWP) (Germany)
30.	Centro de Investigacion para el Desarrollo (CIDAC) (Mexico)
31.	Hoover Institution (United States)
32.	Lowy Institute for International Policy (Australia)
33.	Konrad Adenauer Foundation (KAS) (Germany)
34.	Institute for Public Policy Research (IPPR) (United Kingdom)
35.	Korea Institute for International Economic Policy (KIEP) (Republic of Korea)
<b>36.</b>	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
37.	Centre for Policy Studies (CPS) (United Kingdom)
38.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
39.	Centro Brasileiro de Analise e Planejamento (CEBRAP) (Brazil)

40.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
41.	German Development Institute (DIE) (Germany)
42.	Libertad y Desarrollo (Lyd) (Chile)
43.	Chinese Academy of Social Sciences (CASS) (China)
44.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
<b>45</b> .	Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
46.	Fundacao Getulio Vargas (FGV) (Brazil)
47.	Centre for the Study of Developing Societies (CSDS) (India)
40	Institute of World Economy and International Relations (IMEMO RAS)
48. 49.	(Russia)
	Observer Research Foundation (ORF) (India)
50. 51.	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
51. 52.	Institute for International Policy Studies (IIPS) (Japan)
52. 53.	Washington Institute for Near East Policy (WINEP) (United States)  Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
54.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) (Kenya)
55.	Development Alternatives (DA) (India)
56.	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
	Centro de Divulgacion Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE)
<b>57</b> .	(Venezuela)
58.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
<b>59</b> .	Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia)
60.	Taub Center for Social Policy Studies in Israel (Israel)
61.	Economic Policy Research Center (EPRC) (Uganda)
62.	Center for China and Globalization (CCG) (China)
<b>63</b> .	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
64.	Independent Institute (United States)
<b>65</b> .	Centro de Estudios Públicos (Chile)
66.	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
67.	Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
68.	Overseas, Development Institute (ODI) (United Kingdom)
69.	German Mashall Fund of the United States (United States)
70.	Copenhagen Consensus Center (Denmark)
71.	Committee for Economic Development (United States)
72. 73.	Horn Economic and Social Policy Institute, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia Future Center for Advanced Studies and Research (United Arab Emirates)
74.	Chennai Centre for China Studies (C3S) (India)
74. 75.	Norwegian Institute of International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
76.	Economic Research Center (ERC), (Azerbaijan)
77.	Integrated Research and Action for development (IRADe) (India)
78.	Action Institute (Italy)
79.	International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED) (United Kingdom)
	Talliguoiti)

80.	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
81.	Chr. Michelsen Institute (Norway)
82.	Center For Digtal Financial Inclusion (India)
83.	Instituto de Estudios Perúanos (IEP) (Perú)
84.	Cambodian Development Research Institute (CDRI) (Cambodia)
85.	Grupo de Análisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú)

# Best Independent Think Tanks Table 48

Table 48	
1.	Transparency International (TI) (Germany)
2.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (CEIP) (United States)
3.	Adam Smith Institute (ASI) (United Kingdom)
4.	Brookings Institution (United States)
5.	Amnesty International (AI) (United Kingdom)
6.	Chatham House (United Kingdom)
7.	Bruegel (Belgium)
8.	Barcelona Centre for International Affairs (CIDOB) (Spain)
9.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (CSIS) (United States)
10.	American Enterprise Institute (AEI) (United States)
11.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
12.	Heritage Foundation (United States)
13.	Australian Institute of International Affairs (AIIA) (Australia)
14.	British Institute Of International & Comparative Law (United Kingdom)
15.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
16.	Atlas Network (United States)
17.	RAND Corporation (United States)
18.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
19.	Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (Sweden)
20.	African Economic Research Consortium (AERC) (Kenya)
21.	Austrian Economics Center (AEC) (Austria)
22.	International Crisis Group (ICG) (Belgium)
23.	German Marshall Fund of the United States (GMF) (United States)
24.	Singapore Institute of International Affairs (SIIA) (Singapore)
25.	Istituto Affari Internazionali (IAI) (Italy)
26. 27.	Afghanistan Research and Evaluation Unit (AREU) (Afghanistan)  Armenian International Policy Research Group (AIPRG) (Armenia)
28.	Institute for Research on Public Policy (Canada)
<b>29</b> .	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
30.	Centre for European Policy Studies (CEPS) (Belgium)
31.	Council on Foreign Relations (CFR) (United States)
32.	Bipartisan Policy Center (BPC) (United States)
33.	Cato Institute (United States)
34.	Japan Institute of International Affairs (JIIA) (Japan)
<b>35</b> .	World Resources Institute (WRI) (United States)
36.	Center for China & Globalization (CCG) (China)
37.	Centre for Independent Studies (CIS) (Australia)
38.	Economics Research Center (ERC) (United States)
39.	Institute for Security Studies (ISS) (South Africa)
40.	Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (ICSEP) (Israel)

41.	Urban Institute (United States)
<b>42</b> .	East Asia Institute (EAI) (Republic of Korea)
43.	National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) (United States)
44.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
<b>45</b> .	Libertad y Desarrollo (LyD) (Chile)
46.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (PIIE) (United States)
47.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
48.	Chennai Centre for China Studies (C3S) (India)
49.	Institute for Fiscal Studies (United Kingdom)
<b>50</b> .	Beyond Zero Emissions (BZE) (Australia)
51.	Center for Global Development (CGD) (United States)
<b>52</b> .	Independent Institute (United States)
<b>53</b> .	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (SDPI) (Pakistan)
<b>54</b> .	Center for American Progress (CAP) (United States)
<b>55</b> .	Civita (Norway)
<b>56</b> .	Friedrich A. v. Hayek Institut (Austria)
<b>57</b> .	Institución Futuro (Spain)
58.	Lithuanian Free Market Institute (Lithuania)
<b>59</b> .	Lowy Institute (Australia)
60.	Future Center for Advanced Studies and Research (United Arab Emirates)
61.	TARKI Social Research Institute (Hungary)
62.	Association for Democratic Reforms (ADR) (India)
63.	Centro de Divulgación del Conocimiento Económico para la Libertad (CEDICE) (Venezuela)
64.	European House-Ambrosetti (Italy)
<b>65</b> .	Foreign Policy Research Institute (FPRI) (United States)
66.	Fundación Bases(Argentina)
67.	Instituto de Ciencia Política - Hernán Echavarría Olozaga (ICP) (Colombia)
<b>68</b> .	South African Institute of International Affairs (SAIIA) (South Africa)
<b>69</b> .	Ukrainian Center for Independent Political Research (Ukraine)
70.	Hague Centre for Strategic Studies (HCSS) (Netherlands)
71.	Liberty Fund (United States)
72.	Ethos Policy Lab (Mexico)
73.	Albanian Institute for International Studies (Albania)
74.	Development Alternatives Group (DA) (India)
<b>75</b> .	Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA) (Indonesia)
76.	Foreign Affairs Council (FAC) (United States)
<b>77</b> .	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
78.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya) Independent Institute for Social Policy (IISP) (Russia)
78. 79.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya) Independent Institute for Social Policy (IISP) (Russia) Institute of Economic and Social Studies (INESS) (Slovakia)
78. 79. 80.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya) Independent Institute for Social Policy (IISP) (Russia) Institute of Economic and Social Studies (INESS) (Slovakia) International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS) (United Kingdom)
78. 79.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya) Independent Institute for Social Policy (IISP) (Russia) Institute of Economic and Social Studies (INESS) (Slovakia)

83.	Cesran International (United Kingdom)
84.	DeJusticia (Colombia)
85.	Gateway House: Indian Council on Global Relations (India)
86.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (CDD) (Ghana)
87.	Australian Strategic Policy Institute (Australia)
88.	Global Warming Policy Foundation (GWPF) (United Kingdom)
<b>89</b> .	Grupo de Análisis para el Desarrollo (GRADE) (Perú)
90.	Asia Society Policy Institute (United States)
91.	Research for Development and Justice (CMI) (Norway)
92.	Institute of Economic Affairs (IEA) (United Kingdom)
93.	International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD) (Canada)
94.	KIMEP University (Kazakhstan)
95.	Centre for Independent Development Research (CIDR) (Cameroon)
96.	LIRNEasia (Sri Lanka)
97.	Espacio Público (Chile)
98.	ISET Policy Institute (Georgia)
99.	PASOS (Czech Republic)
100.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
101.	Center for a New Economy (CNE) (Puerto Rico)
102.	Centre for Economic and Financial Research (CEFIR) (Russia)
103.	Civic Exchange (Hong Kong)
104.	Council on Foreign and Defence Policy (SVOP) (Russia)
105.	Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) (Denmark)
106.	Free Market Foundation (FMF) (South Africa)
107.	Pacific Research Institute for Public Policy (PRI) (United States)
	Phoenix Center for Advanced Legal and Economic Public Policy Studies
108.	(United States)
109.	Centro de Investigación para el Desarrollo A.C. (CIDAC) (Mexico)
110.	China Reform Foundation (China)
111.	Education for Peace in Iraq Center (EPIC) (United States)
112.	European Council on Foreign Relations (ECFR) (United Kingdom)
113.	Friends of Europe (Belgium)
114.	Grupo FARO (Ecuador)
115.	Institute for Applied International Trade (IAIT) (China)
116.	Institute for Social and Economic Analyses (ISEA) (Czech Republic)
117.	Samriddhi, The Prosperity Foundation (Nepal)
118.	Texas Public Policy Foundation (United States)
119.	International Institute of Social Studies (ISS) (Netherlands)
120.	Economic Research Center (ERC) (Azerbaijan)
121.	Center for Economic Analyses (CEA) (Macedonia)
122.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia)
123.	Centre for Science and Environment (CSE) (India)
124.	Consejo Latinoamericano de Ciencias Sociales (CLACSO) (Latin America)

125.	Council on Energy, Environment, and Water (CEEW) (India)
126.	Fundación ARU (Bolivia)
127.	Georgia Public Policy Foundation (United States)
128.	Grattan Institute (Australia)
129.	Institute for Ecological Economy Research (IÖW) (Germany)
130.	Institute for Economic Research and Policy Consulting (IER) (Ukraine)
131.	Institute for Market Economics (IME) (Bulgaria)
132.	Institute for Policy Studies (IPS) (United States)
133.	Institute for Political, Social and Economic Studies (EURISPES) (Italy)
134.	Instituto Acton (Argentina)
135.	Instituto Juan de Mariana (IJM) (Spain)
136.	Centro de Estudios Públicos (Chile)
137.	International Finance Corporation (IFC) (United States)
138.	Learning Policy Institute (United States)
139.	Korea Development Institute (KDI) (Republic of Korea)
140.	Lebanese Center for Policy Studies (Lebanon)
141.	Lincoln Institute of Land Policy (United States)
142.	Action Institute (Italy)
143.	Russian International Affairs Council (RIAC) (Russia)
144.	SIPA Center on Global Energy Policy (United States)
145.	South African Cities Network (South Africa)
	·

# Top Think Tanks with Annual Operating Budgets of Less Than \$5 Million USD

## Table 49

Table 49	
1.	Fundar, Centro de Analisis e Investigacion (Mexico)
2.	Center for Social and Economic Research (CASE) (Poland)
3.	Economic Policy Research Institute (EPRI) (South Africa)
4.	Center for Economic and Social Development (CESD) (Azerbaijan)
<b>5</b> .	African Technology Policy Studies Network (ATPS) (Kenya)
6.	Centro Brasileiro de Relacoes Internacionais (CEBRI) (Brazil)
7.	Foreign Policy Research Institute (FPRI) (United States)
8.	IMANI Center for Policy and Education (Ghana)
9.	Unirule Institute of Economics (China)
10.	Argentine Council for International Relations (Argentina)
11.	Polish Institute of International Affairs (PISM) (Poland)
12.	Libertad y Desarrollo (Lyd) (Chile)
13.	Centro de Estudios Publicos (CEP) (Chile)
14.	Council on Energy, Environment and Water (CEEW) (India)
15.	Institute for International Political Studies (ISPI) (Italy)
16.	Bruegel (Belgium)
17.	Brazilian Center for International Relations (Brazil)
18.	Institute for Economics and Peace (IEP) (Australia)
19.	Razumkov Center (Ukraine)
20.	Centre for Economics and Foreign Policy Studies (Turkey)
21.	Ethos Policy Lab (Mexico)
	Centro de Divulgacion Conocimiento Economico para la Libertad (CEDICE)
22.	(Venezuela)
23.	Hammurabi for Research & Strategic Studies (Iraq)
24. 25.	Economic Knowledge Dissemination Center for Freedom (Venezuela)
	Instituto Ecuatoriano de Economia Politica (IEEP) (Ecuador)
26. 27.	Centro Studi Internazionali (Ce.S.I.) (Italy) Institute for International Affairs (Italy)
28.	` ',
<b>29</b> .	Centre for Public Policy Studies (CPPS) (Malaysia) East Asia Institute (South Korea)
30.	Center for Public Studies (Chile)
31.	Asian Strategy and Leadership Institute (ASLI) (Malaysia)
32.	Integrated Research and Action for Development (IRADe) (India)
33.	Lithuania Free Market Institute (Lithuania)
34.	Consejo Venezolano de Relaciones Internacionales (Venezuela)
<b>35.</b>	Chongyang Institute for Financial Studies (RDCY) (China)
36.	Action Institute (Italy)
37.	Mapungubwe Institute for Strategic Reflection (MISTRA) (South Africa)

38.	Center for International Studies (Italy)
39.	Ecuadorian Institute of Political Economy (Ecuador)
40.	Chennai Centre for China Studies (C3S)(India)
41.	GenerationLibre (France)
42.	The Hague Centre for Strategic Studies (Netherlands)
43.	Center For Policy Studies (Liberia)
44.	LIRNEasia (Sri Lanka)
45.	Interantional Centre for Policy Studies (Ukraine)
46.	Center for Analyses of Economic Reforms and Communication (Azerbaijan)
47.	Center for China and globalization (CCG) (China)
48.	Fundación para el Avance de Reformas y Oportunidades (Grupo Faro) (Ecuador)

# Best Quality Assurance and Integrity Policies and Procedures Table 50

Table 50	
1.	RAND Corporation (United States)
2.	Transparency International (Germany)
3.	Brookings Institution (United States)
4.	Bruegel (Belgium)
<b>5</b> .	Ecologic Institute (Germany)
6.	Institute for Security Studies (South Africa)
7.	World Resources Institute (United States)
8.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (United States)
9.	Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs (United States)
10.	Centre for International Governance Innovation (CIGI) (Canada)
11.	Danish Institute for International Studies (Denmark)
12.	Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (United States)
13.	Ghana Center For Democratic Development (Ghana)
14.	Institute for International Political Studies (Italy)
15.	Center On Global Energy Policy (United States)
16.	Centre for Public Policy Studies (Malaysia)
17.	Mercatus Center (United States)
18.	Atlantic Council (United States)
19.	Ethos Policy Lab (Mexico)
20.	Fraser Institute (Canada)
21.	Urban Institute (United States)
22.	Woodrow Wilson Center (United States)
23.	Carnegie Council for Ethics in International Affairs (United States)
24. 25.	Committee for Economic Development (United States)  National Bureau of Economic Research (United States)
	,
26. 27.	Center for New American Security (United States) German Development Institute (Germany)
28.	Center for China and Globalization (CCG) (China)
<b>29</b> .	Chicago Council on Global Affairs (United States)
30.	Australian Institute of International Affairs (Australia)
31.	Baker Institute for Public Policy (United States)
	African Centre for the Constructive Resolution of Disputes (ACCORD) (South
32.	Africa)
33.	Mathematica Policy Research (United States)
34.	Institute of Perúvian Studies (Perú)
<b>35</b> .	African Economic Research Consortium (Kenya)
36.	Stimson Center (United States)
37.	Israel Center for Social and Economic Progress (Israel)
38.	Independent Institute (United States)
39.	Marseille Center for Mediterranean Integration (France)

40.	Atlas Network (United States)
41.	Peterson Institute for International Economics (United States)
42.	Stiftung Neue Verantwortung (Germany)
43.	Sustainable Development Policy Institute (Pakistan)
	Natural Resource Governance Institute (United States) (FORMERLY:
44.	Revenue Watch Institute (RWI))
<b>45</b> .	Heritage Foundation (United States)
46.	Mo Ibrahim Foundation (United Kingdom & Senegal )
47.	Pew Research Center (United States)
48.	Millennium Project (United States)
49.	European Council on Foreign Affairs (United Kingdom)
50.	Botswana Institute for Development Policy Analysis (BIDPA) (Botswana)
51.	Center on Budget and Policy Priorities (United States)
<b>52</b> .	Freedom House (United States)
53.	German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) (Germany)
<b>54</b> .	German Marshall Fund of the US (United States)
<b>55</b> .	Institute for Public Policy Research (Namibia)
<b>56</b> .	Institute for Public Policy Research (United Kingdom)
57.	Al Jazeera Centre for Studies (Qatar)
58.	Hudson Institute (United States)
<b>59</b> .	International Crisis Group (Belgium)
60.	Centre for Monitoring and Research (CeMI) (Montenegro)
61.	Joint Center for Political and Economic Studies (United States)
62.	Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik (SWP) (Germany)
63.	Center for Global Development (United States)
64.	Centre for Policy Research (India)
65.	Corruption Watch (South Africa)
66.	Global Integrity (United States)
67.	Norwegian Institute for International Affairs (NUPI) (Norway)
68.	Instituto de Pesquisa Econômica Aplicada (IPEA) (Brazil)
69.	OnThinkTanks (Perú)
70.	IEA Kenya (Kenya)

# Best Regional Studies Center (Free Standing) Table 51

	Table 51
1.	Wilson Center (FKA) Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars (United States)
2.	Asian Development Bank Institute (Japan)
3.	Center for Strategic and International Studies (United States)
4.	Carnegie Moscow Center (Russia)
5.	Azerbaijan Center for Economic and Social Development (Azerbaijan)
6.	Brookings Institution (Doha Center) (Qatar)
7.	Chinese Academy of Social Science (China)
8.	Carnegie Middle East Center (Lebanon)
9.	Australia Institute for Regional Security (Australia)
10.	African Economic Research Consortium (Kenya)
11.	Fundação Getulio Vargas (Brazil)
12.	National Bureau of Asian Research (United States)
13.	Center for the Study of African Economies (United Kingdom)
14.	German Institute of Global and Area Studies (Germany)
15.	African Technology Policy Studies Network (Kenya)
16.	Comisión Económica para América Latina y el Caribe (Chile)
17.	East West Center (United States)
18.	Fundación para el Análisis y los Estudios Sociales (Spain)
19.	Washington Office on Latin America (United States)
20.	Food, Agriculture and Natural Resources Policy Analysis Network (South
21.	Africa) Middle East Institute (United States)
22.	Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (Singapore)
23.	United States Center for European Policy Analysis (United States)
24.	George C. Marshall European Center for Security Studies (Germany)
<b>25</b> .	Mitvim Israeli Institute for Regional Foreign Policies (Israel)
26.	Hungarian Center for Economic and Regional Studies (Hungary)
27.	National Bureau of Asian Research (United States)
28.	Arabian Gulf Center for Iranian Studies (Saudi Arabia) (Saudi Arabia)
29.	Russian Institute for the U.S. and Canadian Studies (Russia)
30.	Russian Institute for Oriental Studies (Russia)
31.	Indonesian Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (Indonesia)
32.	Mercator Institute for China Studies (Germany)
33.	Polish Center for Eastern Studies (Poland)
34.	Caribbean Natural Resources Institute (West Indies)
35.	Regional Centre for Strategic Studies (Sri Lanka)
	Organization for Social Science Research in Eastern and Southern Africa
36.	(Ethiopia)
37.	Ghana Center for Democratic Development (Ghana)
38.	Russian Institute of Europe (Russia)

39.	India Center for the Study of Developing Societies (India)
	Sheikh Saud bin Saqr Al Qasimi Foundation for Policy Research (United Arab
40.	Emirates)
41.	Hammurabi for Research & Strategic Studies (Iraq)
42.	Kyrgystan Institute for Regional Studies (Kyrgyzstan)

<b>Best Regional Studies Center (University-Affiliated)</b>
Table 52

1. Brookings-Tsinghua Center for Public Policy, Tsinghua University (China) European Institute, London School of Economics and Political Science (United 2. Kingdom) 3. Center for International Studies and Research, Sciences Po (France) 4. Carnegie Tsinghua Center, Tsinghua University (China) 5. East Asian Institute (EAI), National University of Singapore (Singapore) Institute for European, Russian and Eurasian Studies, George Washington 6. University (United States) Center for Southeast Asian Studies, Kyoto University (Japan) 7. Edwin O. Reischauer Center for East Asian Studies, SAIS, Johns Hopkins 8. University (United States) Davis Center for Russian and Eurasian Studies, Harvard University (United 9. States) 10. Weatherhead East Asian Institute, Colombia University (United States) 11. Fairbank Center for Chinese Studies, Harvard University (United States) Centre for the Study of African Economies, Oxford University (United 12. Kingdom) Centre on Asia and Globalisation, Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy 13. (Singapore) Centre for Russian, European and Eurasian Studies, University of Birmingham 14. (United Kingdom) 15. East Asian Institute (EAI), National University of Singapore (Singapore) Centre for the Study of Globalization and Regionalism, University of Warwick 16. (United Kingdom) 17. Asia Pacific Institute, Waseda University (Japan) 18. Griffith Asia Institute, Griffith University (Australia) Centre for the Study of African Economies (CSAE), Oxford University (United 19. Kingdom) Orient Institute (Portugal) 20. Centre for European Regional and Local Studies, University of Warsaw 21. (Poland) 22. Crown Center for Middle East Studies, Brandeis University (United States) Australia China Relations Institute, University of Technology Sydney 23. (Australia) 24. Chinese Studies Institute, Australian National University (Australia) Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS), National University of Singapore 25. (Singapore) 26. Institute of African Studies, Zhejiang Normal University (China) 27. Institute of Asia and Africa Studies, Moscow State University (Russia) 28. Center for Security Studies, Jordan University (Jordan) Center for Transatlantic Relations, SAIS, Johns Hopkins University (United 29. States) 30. Arab Studies Center, Al Mustansiriyah University (Iraq)

31.	Center for International and Regional Studies (CIRS) Georgetown University (Doha)
32. 33.	Mercator Institute for China Studies (MERICS), Germany Institute for European Studies, Freje University Brussels (Belgium)
	Institute for European, Russian and Eurasian Studies, George Washington
34.	University (United States)
35.	Asiatic Research Institute, Korea University (Republic of Korea)

# **Appendices**

APPENDIX A: 2017 Feedback on to the 2016 Go To Think Tank Survey and Call for

## **Nominations for Expert Panelists**

February 5, 2017

February 15, 2017 (Follow up) Dear Friends and Colleagues:

As you may know, TTCSP launched the 2016 Global Go To Think Tank Index Report on January 22, 2017 with a series of public policy programs in 60 cities and 50 countries that explored the critical role think tanks play in governments and civil societies around the world. These programs were collaborative efforts involving over 100 think tanks, intergovernmental organizations, journalists, policy makers and policy-oriented nongovernmental organizations.

We are seeking your feedback on the 2016 Global Go To Index Report and your recommendations for Expert Panel members for the 2017 Global Go To Index. Your input would be greatly appreciated by March 1, 2017.

Here is a link to the Go To Feedback and Nominations survey: [SurveyLink]

If you have not yet received a hard copy of the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index Report you can use this link to download a copy: https://repository.upenn.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1011&context=think\_tanks

We are pleased to report that the Global Go To Index Report was downloaded over 33,000 times from January 22-31, 2017. Thanks to our global partners, the 2014 Go To Report has been translated to 20 languages.

As we turn our attention to the 2017 edition of the Go To Index, we would like your feedback on the process and the methodology employed over the past several years. The Methodology and

Go To Index Criteria can be found on pages 22-28 of the Go To Report. As outlined in the

Report, we are continually trying to improve the quality, accuracy and integrity of the Index. With this in mind, this invitation is being sent to the over 62,000 peers and experts who have joined the TTCSP Global Go To listserv.

We are also seeking nominations for qualified individuals at this time to serve on the Expert Panels for the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index. The Expert Panels (EP) will

be comprised of distinguished individuals from around the world who are policy makers, public and private donors, journalists, former think tank executives and academics.

The Expert Panelist (EP) members should have an in-depth knowledge of national and regional think tanks and/or be a functional area expert in the research areas covered by the think tanks index (see list below).

Expert Panelists will help with the nominations and rankings process for the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index. The role of the Expert Panelists is to provide quality assurance for the rankings process. Nominations can be made below in the following categories:

## 1. Regional Expert Panels

- a. United States
- b. Canada, Mexico, and Caribbean
- c. South and Central America
- d. Middle East and North Africa
- e. Sub-Saharan Africa
- f. Western Europe
- g. Central and Eastern Europe
- h. South Asia and the Pacific
- i. China, India, Korea and Japan
- j. Central Asia

#### 2. Functional Research Area Expert Panels

- a. International Development
- b. Environment Policy
- c. Foreign Policy and International Affairs
- d. Defense and Security Policy
- e. Domestic Economic Policy
- f. International Economic Policy

- g. Social Policy
- h. Science and Technology
- i. Transparency and Good Governance
- j. Energy and Resource Policy
- k. Education Policy
- I. National Health Policy
- m. Global Health Policy

Thank you in advance for your comments and suggestions; we value them and will do our best to incorporate them into next year's index!

Please note: If you do not wish to receive further emails from us, please click the link below, and you will be automatically removed from our mailing list: [RemoveLink]

Thanks again for your continued interest in our research.

Jim McGann

James G. McGann, Ph.D.

Senior Lecturer, International Studies

Lauder Institute for Management and International Studies

Director, Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program

Wharton School and School of Arts and Sciences

University of Pennsylvania

201 Lauder-Fischer Hall (main office) 101 Lauder-Fisher Hall (office) 256 South 37th St.

Philadelphia, PA 19104

Phone: (direct): 215 746-2928, (main) 215-898-1215

Lauder Institute: www.lauder.wharton.upenn.edu Think Tanks and Civil Societies

Program www.gotothinktank.com





#### APPENDIX B: Call for Nominations: 2017 Global Go to Think Tank Index

Email to over 21,500 individuals and Organizations in over 200 countries

Call for Nominations sent on: August 1,2017

1st Reminder sent on: September 1, 2017

2nd Reminder sent on: September 30, 2017

3rd and final Reminder sent on: October 16, 2017

Nominations Round I closed on: October 31, 2017

August 1, 2017

Greetings Colleagues and Friends:

I writing to announce the call for nominations 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Report.

Please submit your nominations on or before September 30, 2017, by using the following survey link provided below.

There are a few changes to this year's Go To Think Tank Index. We have added one new categories:

Best Food and Water Security Think Tanks

The annual global ranking of think tanks is conducted with the help of volunteer research interns and without the benefit of funding from any source.

The schedule for the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index is as follows:

Round I (Think Tank Nominations August 1 - September 30, 2017)

Round II (Think Tank Ranking October 1 - October 30, 2017)

Round III (Expert Panel Review November - December 2017)

2017 Global Go To Think Tanks Index Published January 30, 2018

You can make up to 5 nominations per category. Please note that all nominations you make will be kept strictly confidential. No self-nominations will be considered. Please submit your responses no later than September 30, 2014.

Please note that if you do not wish to receive further emails from us, click the link below, and you will automatically be removed from our mailing list by using this link:

Thanks for helping us increase the profile and performance of think tanks around the world.

All the best, Jim McGann

James G. McGann, Ph.D.

Senior Lecturer, International Studies

Director, Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program Lauder Institute

Wharton School and School of Arts and Sciences

University of Pennsylvania 212 Lauder-Fischer Hall 256 South 37th St.

Philadelphia, PA 19104





# APPENDIX C: Email Inviting Peers and Expert Panelists to Rank 2017 Nominated Institutions

Email to over 21,500 individuals and Organizations in over 200 countries

Call for Nominations sent on:

August 1,2017

1st Reminder sent on: September 1, 2017

2nd Reminder sent on: October 29, 2017

3rd and final Reminder sent on: November 16, 2017

Nominations Round I closed on: October 31, 2017

Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program

University of Pennsylvania

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA

October 20, 2017 Expert Panel

October 28, 2017 First Mailing

#### Dear Colleague:

I am writing to invite you to help rank the think tanks that have been nominated for the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index of the world's leading think tanks.

This is Round II, Ranking Round of the 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index rankings process. We are requesting that you now rank the think tanks that were nominated in Round I, Nominations Round.

The rankings are broken into three sections: region/location, area of public policy research and special achievement.

The final selections will be made in Round III. International panels of expert that will use the collective input of individuals like you to make informed choices for the 2017 ranking of the world's leading think tanks.

After filling out your name, title, institutional affiliation, country and e-mail address, etc. please use the drop-down menu to make your selection(s) for think tank rankings.

Please review the lists of think tanks in the drop down menus under every question to rank the listed of nominated institutions. You can reenter the survey as many times as you like to compete or resived your rankings.

Think Tanks are listed in alphabetical order (A-Z). You must scroll down the list to make your selection. You can only make one selection at a time and it should be in rank order.

Please make sure you save the link to the survey that we sent you if you plan to re-enter the survey.

YOU CAN NOT FORWARD THE LINK IT IS UNIQUE TO YOUR EMAIL ADDRESS.

Please note: when completing the survey, do NOT use the "back" button on your internet browser, this will erase your answers. Instead, use the "prev" button on the bottom of the survey page.

PLEASE RESIST THE TEMPTATION TO RANK YOUR OWN ORGANIZATION -THAT IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN AND CLOSELY MONITORED.

Finally, please bring any glowing omissions or gross anomalies or irregularities to our attention immediately so we can share them with the Expert Panel members. There is a form at the end of each category so you can submit your comments and suggestions.

WE HAVE ADDED A QUESTION AT THE END OF THE SURVEY WHERE YOU CAN SUBMIT YOUR COMMENTS AND SUGGESTIONS.

Thank you for your participation and continued interest in our research on think tanks and civil societies around the world

Sincerely,

James G. McGann, PhD





## **Background on the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program**

## Think Tanks And Civil Societies Program

The Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) of the Lauder Institute at the University of Pennsylvania conducts research on the role policy institutes play in governments and civil societies around the world. Often referred to as the "think tanks' think tank," TTCSP examines the evolving role and character of public policy research organizations. Over the last 26 years, the TTCSP has developed and led a series of global initiatives that have helped bridge the gap between knowledge and policy in critical policy areas such as international peace and security, globalization and governance, international economics, environmental issues, information and society, poverty alleviation, and healthcare and global health. These international collaborative efforts are designed to establish regional and international networks of policy institutes and communities that improve policy making while strengthening democratic institutions and civil societies around the world.

The TTCSP works with leading scholars and practitioners from think tanks and universities in a variety of collaborative efforts and programs, and produces the annual Global Go To Think Tank Index that ranks the world's leading think tanks in a variety of categories. This is achieved with the help of a panel of over 1,900 peer institutions and experts from the print and electronic media, academia, public and private donor institutions, and governments around the world. We have strong relationships with leading think tanks around the world, and our annual Think Tank Index is used by academics, journalists, donors and the public to locate and connect with the leading centers of public policy research around the world. Our goal is to increase the profile and performance of think tanks and raise the public awareness of the important role think tanks play in governments and civil societies around the globe.

Since its inception in 1989, the TTCSP has focused on collecting data and conducting research on think tank trends and the role think tanks play as civil society actors in the policy-making process. In 2007, the TTCSP developed and launched the global index of think tanks, which is designed to identify and recognize centers of excellence in all the major areas of public policy research and in every region of the world. To date TTCSP has provided technical assistance and capacity building programs in 81 countries. We are now working to create regional and global networks of think tanks in an effort to facilitate collaboration and the production of a modest yet achievable set of global public goods. Our goal is to create lasting institutional and state-level partnerships by engaging and mobilizing think tanks that have demonstrated their ability to produce high quality policy research and shape popular and elite opinion and actions for public good.

# The Lauder Institute of Management and International Studies

The Lauder Institute of Management and International Studies offers an M.A. in international studies, and conducts fundamental and policy-oriented research on current economic, political, and business issues. It organizes an annual conference that brings academics, practitioners, and policy makers together to examine global challenges such as financial risks, sustainability, inequality, and the future of the state.

## **University of Pennsylvania**

The University of Pennsylvania (Penn) is an Ivy League school with highly selective admissions and a history of innovation in interdisciplinary education and scholarship. Its peer institutions are Harvard, Stanford, Columbia, Brown, Dartmouth, and the University of Chicago in the US and Oxford and Cambridge in the UK. A world-class research institution, Penn boasts a picturesque campus in the middle of Philadelphia, a dynamic city that is conveniently located between Washington, D.C. and New York, New York.

Penn was founded by Benjamin Franklin in 1740 to push the frontiers of knowledge and benefit society by integrating study in the liberal arts and sciences with opportunities for research and practical, pre-professional training at both the undergraduate and graduate levels. Penn is committed to meeting the full demonstrated need of all undergraduates with grant-based financial aid, making this intellectually compelling integration of liberal and professional education accessible to talented students of all backgrounds and empowering them to make an impact on the world.

## The Research Team

## **Program Director**

James G. McGann, Ph.D., is a senior lecturer at the Lauder Institute of the Wharton School and the School of Arts and Sciences at the University of Pennsylvania. He is also the director of the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) at the University of Pennsylvania. He conducts research on the trends and challenges facing think tanks and policy makers around the world and provides advice and technical assistance to think tanks, governments and public and private donors on how to improve the quality and impact of policy research. He is also a senior fellow at the Foreign Policy Research Institute, a think tank based in Philadelphia. Prior to coming to the University of Pennsylvania, Dr.



McGann was an assistant professor of Political Science at Villanova University where he taught international relations, international organizations and international law. His current research interest include: assessing global trends in security and international

affairs research; the role of think tanks in shaping US domestic and foreign policy; think tanks and policy advice in the BRICS and G20 countries and transnational threats and global public policy. He is the creator and author of the annual Global Go To Think Tank Index which ranks think tanks in every region of the world and major areas of public policy research.

Dr. McGann has served as a consultant and advisor to the World Bank; the United Nations; the United States Agency for International Development; the Soros, Rockefeller, MacArthur, Hewlett, and Gates foundations; the Carnegie Corporation; and foreign governments on the role of nongovernmental, public policy, and public engagement organizations in the US and developing and transitional countries. He has served as the Senior Vice President for the Executive Council on Foreign Diplomats, the public policy program officer for the Pew Charitable Trusts, the assistant director of the Institute of Politics, John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University. He also served as a senior advisor to the Citizens' Network for Foreign Affairs and the Society for International Development.

Among Dr. McGann's publications are "Competition for Dollars, Scholars, and Influence in the Public Policy Research Industry" (University Press of America 1995); "The International Survey of Think Tanks" (Foreign Policy Research Institute 1999); "Think Tanks and Civil Societies: Catalyst for Ideas and Action," co-edited with Kent B. Weaver (Transaction Publishers 2000); "Comparative Think Tanks, Politics, and Public Policy" (Edward Elgar 2005); "Think Tanks and Policy Advice in the U.S.: Academics, Advisors, and Advocates" (Routledge 2007); "Global Trends and Transitions: 2007 Survey of Think Tanks" (Foreign Policy Research Institute 2008);

"The 2007 Global Go to Think Tanks" (Foreign Policy Research Institute 2008); "Think Tank Index" (Foreign Policy Magazine 2009); "The 2008 Global Go to Think Tank Index" (IRP, University of Pennsylvania 2009); "Democratization and Market Reform: Think Tanks As Catalysts" (Routledge 2009), "Catalysts for Economic Growth and Development: The Role of Think Tanks in Brazil, Russia, India, China and South Africa" (CIPE 2009), "The 2009 Global Go to Think Tank Index" (University of Pennsylvania 2010), "Global Think Tanks, Policy Networks and Governance" (Routledge 2010), "The 2010 Global Go to Think Tank Index" (University of Pennsylvania 2011), "The 2011 Global Go to Think Tank Index" (University of Pennsylvania 2012), "Think Tanks and Global Policy Networks," chapter in edited volume, International Organization and Global Governance, (Routledge September 2013), The 2012 Global Go to Think Tank Index" (University of Pennsylvania 2013), "Think Tanks and Social Development Policy: A Global Comparative Study" (Forthcoming, University of Pennsylvania Press 2013); "The Fifth Estate: Think Tanks and US Domestic and Foreign Policy" (Forthcoming 2013); "Think Tanks,

Policy Advice and the Foreign Policy Challenges Facing Emerging Powers (Forthcoming late 2014).

# Research Interns Global Go To Index Research, Editing, and Production Team:

Bowen Lu
Chloe Owen
Peiling Gan
Zeynep Ulgur (Project Lead)
Gregory Koons
Laura Whelan
Nosariemen Nosakhare
Apurupa Gorthi
Hyunsun (Sun) Ahn
William Noumba
Carmen Garcia Gallego

Alicia Yasmin Hariri

# **TTCSP Research Internship Program**

The Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) runs a highly selective internship program for students (grad and undergrad, domestic and international) who are interested in gaining firsthand experience in public policy research in domestic and international affairs.

Over 125 students from across the University of Pennsylvania and from area colleges and universities participated in the TTCSP Research Internship Program during the 2014-2015 academic year. 21 interns from the Program have been successfully placed in internships in the US and abroad in France, Argentina, Jordan, Brazil and Spain.



# Think Tanks & Civil Societies Program

# The Lauder Institute The University of Pennsylvania

"Helping to bridge the gap between knowledge and policy" 2016

Milestones

#### 2017 Global Go To Think Tank Index

The Global Go To Think Tank Index (GGTTTI) has become the gold standard of excellence for think tanks around the world and is widely cited by donors, journals, think tanks, and policy makers. More importantly, it has served to raise the profile and performance of think tanks. The 2016 (GGTTTI) marked the 10 year of the publication of the Index report and with each year the ranking's influence has grown. For the past several years, the Global Think Tank Index Report will be launched at the World Bank and United Nations in January. This year, it will be launched at two global think tanks: the Center for Strategic and International Studies and the Asia Society Policy Institute. This year, over 70 think tanks, intergovernmental organizations and civil society organizations simultaneously will launch the Index in global cities around the world. Over 4,750 academics, policy makers, journalists, and think tank scholars and executives participated in the annual indexing process. The 12th edition of the Global Go To Think Tank Index will be released on January 26, 2017.

# Think Tank Regional and Global Summits

Since June 2012, the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program (TTCSP) in cooperation with its regional partners has co-sponsored and organized 45 regional and global think tank Summits. The purpose of these Summits is to engage think tanks in peer-to-peer dialogue, knowledge exchange, and capacity building to help improve the image, profile and performance of think tanks in every region of the world. In addition, we plan to demonstrate the efficacy of creating a global network that engages the leading think tanks

in a peer-to-peer exchange of innovative policies and best practices for research and public engagement on key domestic and international issues. The value of these Summits has been clearly demonstrated by the fact that all of the Summit partners and participants have agreed to partner with TTCSP to organize Summits on an annual basis. A number of institutional partnerships between leading think tanks have been formed as a direct result of these Summits. Each Summit is expected to have an impact on the think tanks in each region with a set of action oriented recommendations. The Summits have helped facilitate regional and global partnerships and programs and the Summit recommendations demonstrate that each meeting is a "catalyst for ideas and action."

While the regional partners' contributions to the Summits vary, many serve as the hosts for the Summit and mobilize local and regional support for them. Often this involves providing in-country logistical support, the venue and significant in-kind support and a financial contribution.

The role of the TTCSP has been to convene the think tanks and to provide the conceptual framework for the Summits which is done in conjunction with our regional partners and based on the research, global think tank index and surveys conducted by the TTCSP.

#### **TTCSP Think Tank Publications**

Recent and Forthcoming Publications:

Fifth Estate: Think Tanks, Public Policy and Governance (Brookings Press 2016) <a href="https://www.brookings.edu/book/the-fifth-estate/">https://www.brookings.edu/book/the-fifth-estate/</a>

Think Tanks and SDGs: Catalysts for Analysis, Innovation and Implementation (TTCSP 2015) <a href="http://www.lulu.com/shop/james-mcgann/think-tanks-and-sdgs-catalysts-foranalysis-innovation-and-implementation/paperback/product-22563604.html">http://www.lulu.com/shop/james-mcgann/think-tanks-and-sdgs-catalysts-foranalysis-innovation-and-implementation/paperback/product-22563604.html</a>

Think Tanks Shape Social Development Policies (University of Pennsylvania Press 2014) http://www.upenn.edu/pennpress/book/15244.html

Security Expertise Practice, Power, Responsibility (Chapter 6) (2014 Routledge) <a href="https://www.routledge.com/Security-Expertise-Practice-Power-Responsibility/Berling-">https://www.routledge.com/Security-Expertise-Practice-Power-Responsibility/Berling-</a>

#### Bueger/p/book/9781138819115

Think Tanks and the Foreign Policy Challenges Facing the Emerging Powers (Spring 2017)

Trends and Transitions in Security Expertise From Deterrence to Climate Change and Back Again (Spring/Summer 2017)

#### **TTCSP Publications:**

If you would like to partner with us on one or more of these projects please contact James

McGann at <u>imcgann@wharton.upenn.edu</u>

The goal in the next 12 months is to translate this global interest and support into core funding for the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program.





#### THINK TANKS AND CIVIL SOCIETIES PROGRAM

© 2018, Lauder Institute, University of Pennsylvania.

All rights reserved. Except for short quotes, no part of this document and presentation may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including

photocopying, recording, or by information storage or retrieval system, without written permission from the Think Tanks and Civil Societies Program